

NB - This meeting will be recorded on MS Teams to aid accurate minute taking

Council of Governors - Public Meeting

Tuesday 14 September 2021, 11.30 – 1.25pm Microsoft Teams

Agenda

ITEM		PURPOSE	LEAD	FORMAT	TIMING
CHAIRS	BUSINESS				
1.	Welcome and Introductions	Information	Chair	Verbal	11.30am
2.	Apologies for Absence	Information	Chair	Verbal	
3.	Quorum and Declarations of Interest	Information	Chair	Verbal / ENC 1	
4.	Minutes of Previous Meeting held on: - 13 July 2021	Approval	Chair	ENC 2	11.35am
5.	Matters Arising and Action Sheet	Review	Chair	ENC 3	
6.	Chairman' Report	Information			11.40am
	- Introduction - Update		Chair Chair	Verbal Verbal	
7.	Managing Director Report				11.55am
	- Update	Information	Managing Director	Verbal	
8.	Lead Governor Report	Information	Lead Governor	Verbal	12.05pm
9.	Chief Operating Officer, Sam Peate - Introduction	Information	coo	Verbal	12.10pm
	- Performance Report	Discussion/ Information	COO	ENC 4	
INVITED	MEMBERS		,		1
10.	Finance Report	Discussion/ Information	Head of Financial Governance & Control	ENC 5	12.20pm
STRATE	GY & PLANNING	1			1
GOVERN	IANCE				
11.	Receive the Quality Account	Information only	Chief Nurse	ENC6	12.25pm

12.	Update on presentation of annual report and accounts		Head of Governance	Verbal	12.30pm
13.	Recommendation from Nomination Committee	Discussion / Approval	Head of Governance	ENC7	
14.	CQC Update	Information	Chief Nurse	Verbal	12.40pm
15.	Committee Chair Logs	Information			12.55pm
	13.1 - People Committee 13.2 – Quality Assurance Committee		Ada Burns Debbie Reape	ENC8a ENC8b	
16.	Matters to bring to the attention of the Board	Discussion	Chair	Verbal	1.10pm
17.	Reflections on Meeting	Discussion	Chair	Verbal	1.15pm
18.	Any Other Business - Future meeting dates	Information	Chair / All	ENC9	1.20pm
19.	Date of Next Meeting: Tuesday 9 November 2021	Information	Chair		





ENC 1
Council of Governors Register of Interests

Board Member	Position	Declaration Details
Ann Arundale	Governor	NIL
Steve Bell	Governor	NIL
David Bennett	Governor	NIL
Lisa Bosomworth	Governor	NIL
Jon Broughton	Governor	NIL
Yvonne Teresa Bytheway	Governor	Therapeutic Care Volunteer – James Cook University Hospital
Dyllieway		NHS Responder during COVID pandemic – providing support to vulnerable people as a check in and chat volunteer
		Volunteer for Ageing Better, Middlesbrough
		Teaching Support for NHS Medical Students
Janet Crampton	Governor	Trustee of Olive & Norman Field Charitable Trust.
		Trustee of The Forum, Northallerton
		Chair of Dementia Friendly Hambleton
Paul Crawshaw	Governor	Chair of Healthwatch Middlesbrough Board
Cllr Caroline Dickinson	Governor	Portfolio Holder for Public Health NYCC
DICKITSOT		Trustee Hambleton Foodshare
		Trustee Mencap Northallerton
Graham Fawcett	Governor	NIL NIL
Paul Fogarty	Governor	Member of Patient Participation Group at Linthorpe Surgery, Middlesbrough
		Member of James Cook Hospital P.L.A.C.E team
Barbara Hewitt	Governor	NIL

Rebecca	Governor	NIL
Hodgson Mike Holmes	Governor	Member of Patient Group at GP practice – Dr Duggleby & Partners, Stokesley
Allan Jackson	Governor	NIL
Carlie Johnston- Blyth	Governor	NIL NIL
Prof Steve Jones	Governor	Head of School of Medical Education at Newcastle University
		Responsible for medical students teaching and the physicians associate programmes run by Newcastle University. Both are placed in South Tees for training and the Trust receives payment for these placements.
Graham Lane	Governor	NIL
Elaine Lewis	Governor	Patient participation group Danby Surgery
Jean Milburn	Governor	Senior lecturer in the School of Health and Life Sciences Teesside University
Lee O'Brien	Governor	CEO Carers Together Foundation.
		Carers Together is not commissioned by the Trust but it has received funding from NHSI/E
Nigel Puttick	Governor	NIL
Patrick Rice	Governor	Redcar and Cleveland Borough Council are part of the Health and Care Partnership. Joint working occurs in relation to Hospital discharges.
Jennifer Rutland	Governor	Councillor – Ingleby Barwick Town Council – representing residents
		Vice Chair – Stockton on Tees Over 50s Forum – representing residents
Erik Scollay	Governor	NIL
Angela Seward	Governor	Chair of Patient Participation Group (PPG) for Barnard Castle Surgery, part of NHS County Durham CCG
		Chair of the Durham Dales Patient Representative Group (PRG) which meets bi monthly with NHS County Durham CCG
		Non-voting member of NHS County Durham CCG Governing Body – previously Durham Dales, Easington and Sedgefield CCG
Philip Warwick	Governor	NIL
Jon Winn	Governor	NIL
Sue Young	Governor	Member of Patient Participation Group at Quakers Lane Surgery, Richmond



Unconfirmed minutes of the Council of Governors Meeting held in PUBLIC 13 July 2021 at 11.30am Microsoft Teams

Present:

Mr Neil Mundy Interim Joint Chairman of the Trust and Chair of the meeting

Mr David Bennett Elected governor, Patient and/or Carer

Mr Jon Broughton Elected governor, Staff

Mrs Yvonne Bytheway Elected governor, Middlesbrough

Mrs Janet Crampton Elected governor, Hambleton & Richmondshire
Cllr Caroline Dickinson Appointed governor, North Yorkshire County Council

Mr Graham Fawcett Elected governor, Redcar & Cleveland

Mr Martin Fletcher Elected governor, Staff

Ms Rebecca Hodgson Elected governor, Middlesbrough

Mr Mike Holmes Elected governor, Hambleton & Richmondshire

Mr Allan Jackson Elected governor, Redcar & Cleveland Ms Carlie Johnston-Blyth Appointed governor, Teesside University

Mr Graham Lane Elected governor, Hambleton & Richmondshire

Ms Jean Milburn Elected governor, Middlesbrough

Mr Lee O'Brien Appointed governor, Carer Organisation
Mrs Angela Seward Elected governor, Rest of England
Dr Philip Warwick Appointed governor, Durham University

Mrs Sue Young Elected governor, Hambleton & Richmondshire

In attendance:

Ms Lisa Bosomworth Representative of appointed governor, Healthwatch Mrs Ada Burns Non-executive Director / Vice Chair (item 2021/007/13)

Ms Maria Harris Non-executive Director

Mr Rob Harrison Managing Director (item 2021/007/6&9)

Mrs Anita Keogh Corporate Affairs Officer/PA to Interim Joint Chairman

Mr David Jennings Non-executive Director

Dr Hilary Lloyd Chief Nurse (item 2021/007/13)

Mr Kevin Oxley Director of Estates, Facilities & Capital Planning (item 2021/007/8)

Ms Debbie Reape Non-executive Director (item 2021/007/11&13)

Mrs Jackie White Head of Governance/Company Secretary (item 2021/007/10&12)

Observers:

Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Mr John Edwards Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Ms Wendy Gill Dr Dominic Johnson Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Ms Ann Johnson Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Ms Mary King Mr Geoff Northey Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Ms Pauline Robson Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Mr Ian Simpson Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Governor, North Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Mr Ray Stephenson

2021/007

CHAIR'S BUSINESS

1. Welcome and Apologies for Absence

Apologies for absence were received from:

Ms Ann Arundale Elected governor, Middlesbrough

Mr Steve Bell Elected governor, Staff

Prof Paul Crawshaw
Mr Paul Fogarty
Ms Barbara Hewitt
Prof Steve Jones
Ms Elaine Lewis
Appointed governor, Healthwatch
Elected governor, Middlesbrough
Elected governor, Redcar & Cleveland
Appointed governor, Newcastle University
Elected governor, Patient and/or Carer

Mr Nigel Puttick Elected governor, Hambleton & Richmondshire

Mr Patrick Rice Appointed governor, Redcar & Cleveland

Borough Council

Ms Jennifer Rutland Elected governor, Redcar & Cleveland Appointed governor, Middlesbrough Council Mr Jon Winn Elected governor, Redcar & Cleveland

The following Non-executive Directors submitted their apologies:

Mr Richard Carter-Ferris
Mr Mike Ducker
Mr David Heslop
Mr David Redpath
Non-executive Director
Non-executive Director
Non-executive Director

1. Mr Mundy welcomed Governors and observers who had joined the meeting today. He continued by offering thanks to Mr David Heslop, Non-Executive Director, as this would be his last meeting before leaving the Trust at the end of July.

The Chairman then proceeded to the formal part of the meeting, and apologies for absence were noted.

2. **Declarations of Interest**

Quoracy was confirmed. There were no new interests declared and no interests declared in relation to open items on the agenda.

Mr Mundy asked Governors to inform either Mrs White or Mrs Keogh of any changes to declarations of interest going forward.

3. Minutes of Previous Meeting

The minutes of the previous meeting held on 11 May 2021 and Extraordinary meeting held on the 1 July 2021 were approved.

Resolved: i) the minutes of the previous meeting held on 11 May 2021 and

Extraordinary meeting held on the 1 July 2021 were accepted as

an accurate record.

4. Matters Arising and Action Sheet

The matters arising were reviewed and the action log was updated.

Mr Mundy again noted that the action sheet had an outstanding action relating to the activation of nhs.net accounts for some Governors and again encouraged all Governors to activate their accounts.

All remaining actions were noted as complete.

Mr Mundy offered thanks to all Governors for their support and help throughout the recruitment of the Joint Chair. As Governors were aware Prof Derek Bell OBE had been appointed as the Joint Chair for both South Tees and North Tees Hospitals.

Mr Mundy confirmed that he was in regular contact with Prof Bell who would start the role as Joint Chair from the 1 September 2021 and would be supported by Ada Burns Vice Chair at this Trust.

Dr Warwick asked if Prof Bell would be living in the area. Mr Mundy replied that Prof Bell would be very much present in the area stating that he would be coming to the North East for a couple of days over each of the coming weeks to arrange appropriate accommodation. Dr Warwick queried if that meant we would therefore be paying for his travel adding that it would be more beneficial if he was staying in the area. Mr Mundy reassured Governors that he would speak to Prof Bell and will relay this message.

5. Chairman's Report

Mr Mundy gave a presentation to Governors which gave an update on the heat map of key actions which he had brought to each Governor meeting to show the progress being made together and with a summary of key dates.

He continued that his term of office would be ending on the 31 July 2021 and stressed the importance of maintaining momentum in developing relationships with partners in the NHS, Local Government and other Sectors.

Mr Mundy then turned to the report which had been sent to all Governors on the 9 July 2021 and highlighted:

- Staff achievements
 - Which included Trust being in the top three of those Trusts most improved in National Freedom to Speak Up Index for 2020.
- Working with our partners within the Integrated Care System
 ICS working collectively with support of additional funding to address pressures on waiting lists due to COVID 19.
- <u>Developing our partnership and joint working</u>
 Next Joint Strategy Board with North Tees and Hartlepool NHS
 Foundation Trust due to take place on the 14 July.
- Visits and engagement
 - Recent visits have included Spinal Injuries Unit, visits to the Community and the opportunity to join a Staff side meeting to provide an update on progress in the Joint Chair role.

Mr Mundy continued that the Trust was achieving great things which included being the first trust in England to achieve an International Environmental Management award.

Mr Mundy concluded by confirming to Governors that the wellbeing of the CEO and staff had been discussed at the July Board of Directors.

ICS Developments

Mr Mundy gave a presentation on the legislative changes to the ICS discussing the timeline, the scale of the ICS within the North East and North Cumbria, the changes to ICS including the duties which will be transferring to them from CCGs from April 2022 and the governance structure which will be formed to manage the ICS.

The following question was raised:

Mr Lane queried the map of the ICS adding that he could see that it split South Tees in half and queried who would be looking after North Yorkshire. Mr Mundy replied that the Friarage whilst operated by this Trust will be covered by the Humber/Coast and Vale ICS, with which the Trust has a good relationship and he doesn't see any problems with the split.

Resolved: i) Governors thanked Mr Neil Mundy for his presentation.

6. **Managing Director Report**

Mr Harrison, Managing Director, referred members to his previously circulated report and highlighted a number of areas including the increase in COVID 19 cases and that the Trust had re-introduced the COVID 19 surge pathway (red/amber/green) from Friday 9 July 2021.

He continued that visiting restrictions would therefore remain in place and masks would continue to be worn. The biggest impact related to staffing due to COVID contact with a lot of staff affected with a knock on to some of the elective plans and continues to be a big challenge with ED & maternity particularly affected. He reassured Governors that this was being monitored and it was hoped that it would have minimal impact.

Mr Harrison also mentioned the appointment of the Joint Chair, Prof Derek Bell, which had previously been mentioned by Mr Mundy.

Finally Mr Harrison was pleased to report that Manni Imiavan would be joining the Trust as our new Digital Director later this year. Manni has almost 15 years' experience working in the NHS and would take all digital work going forward.

Performance Report

A copy of the performance report had been provided in the papers for Governors to consider the content.

Mr Harrison, Managing Director, ran through the report with the following key messages:

- The Trust had continued its COVID 19 response during May alongside maintaining emergency and urgent other non-COVID-related care. Clinical teams are now focused on addressing the needs of patients whose non-urgent care has been disrupted or delayed by the pandemic.
- Complaints closed within target timescale.
- Friends and Family Experience rates for Inpatients, Outpatients and Maternity all remain above target.
- Cancer standards for 14 days and 31 days achieved the provisional target in March.

Finance Report

A copy of the finance report had been provided in the papers for Governors which outlined the Trust's financial position as at Month 2 which reported a deficit of £1.9m at a control total level. This was in line with the required budget deficit for M2 as agreed with the ICP/ICS.

Mr Harrison confirmed that the Trust was on plan.

The following questions were raised:

- Mr Holmes asked about the impact of the government changing the thresholds for extra payments under the ERF (elective recovery fund) from 85% to 95% of 2019/20 levels and what this would do to the Trust. Mr Harrison replied that the Trust were on plan to hit 85% target but COVID may impact. He added that we were not the only Trust to be lobbying for figures to return this threshold to where it was.
- Mr Lane queried the A&E target in the performance report which at 95% had not been achieved in a long time and was actually getting worse and asked if there were any plans to expand A&E to help. Mr Harrison responded that the Trust were a long way off the 95% target adding that front of staff were looking at that together with discharge improvements. Also working on same day care to try and optimise that. The Paediatric Emergency Department would also be opening soon which would help with pressures too. This issue was a national issue with a big spike seen in all admissions to ED. Mr Harrison reassured Governors that the Trust was focussing on safety and care as a priority.

Resolved: i) Governors thanked Mr Rob Harrison for his detailed update which included both the performance report and finance report.

7. Lead Governor Report

Mrs Angela Seward, Lead Governor, welcomed all Governors joining the meeting today.

She discussed the huge importance of all Governors who had been involved in the focus groups and presentations in the Joint Chair interviews adding that it had been invaluable having their comments available prior to the formal interviews taking place.

She added that a lot of her time had been taken up with the recruitment of the Joint Chair but she was delighted with the appointment of Prof Derek Bell.

Mrs Seward informed Governors that she had recently joined the Board of Directors meeting for both public and private meetings which had taken place on the 6 July 2021 and was also going to join the North Tees Board of Directors public meeting on the 29 July 2021. Tony Horrocks as Lead Governor for North Tees & Hartlepool NHS Foundation Trust had also passed on comments that he was very happy to be working with South Tees.

Mrs Seward reported that Barbara Hewitt, Elected Governor for Redcar and Cleveland has been unable to join meetings since the COVID pandemic and meetings had been changed to virtual due to personal reasons. She reassured Governors that Ms Hewitt had very much been kept up to date with all matters

but felt it was important to raise this just in case any Governors had noticed that she had not been present on the Teams meetings.

Mrs Seward concluded with encouragement to all Governors to contribute if possible by way of a monthly direct debit to the Trust's Charities as this was such an important part of the Trust.

She also offered her thanks to all staff in the Hospital from all Governors for all their hard work.

Finally Ms Seward thanked Mr Mundy for his contributions in helping all Governors to understand the ICS.

No questions were raised.

Resolved: i) Governors gave thanks to Mrs Seward for her update.

STRATEGY & PLANNING

8. **Green Plan**

Kevin Oxley, Director of Estates, Facilities and Capital Planning, was happy to join the meeting in relation to the amazing achievement of the Trust being the first in England to achieve an international environmental management award.

Unfortunately Steve Bell, environmental and sustainability lead and wastes manager for the Trust and also a Staff Governor, was unable to join the meeting today but Mr Oxley confirmed that it was down to him that the Trust had been successful in this award.

He continued that this was the latest milestone in the Trust's five year 'Green Plan' which details how the Trust will improve its environment and sustainability and reduce its carbon emissions to net zero (the balance between the amount of greenhouse gas produced and the amount removed from the atmosphere)

Mr Oxley concluded that this would be externally monitored but that it would help promote staff engagement and help financially.

Champions would be recruited and he welcomes any Governors to volunteer to be a champion adding that it was important to promote our achievements and they would be working with public relations to do so.

The following questions were raised:

- Mrs Young offered her congratulations and agreed that the Trust definitely need to promote achievements more and asked if any areas in particular were mentioned during the assessment process. Mr Oxley confirmed that PFI colleagues, Serco, had been highlighted with the Auditor being very complimentary. Policies, local operation procedures were also very up to date and all paperwork was good.
- Mr Mundy asked Mr Oxley to pass on congratulations to Steve Bell and his team.

Resolved: i) Governors gave thanks to Mr Oxley.

9. Clinical Strategy and Improvement Plan

Mr Rob Harrison, Managing Director and Dr Hilary Lloyd, Chief Nurse ran through the presentation which had previously been provided to Governors for consideration. Mr Harrison advised that the Improvement Plan sets out a two year Trust strategy and operational plan to drive our recovery and getting back to our best.

Mr Harrison reminded Governors that in February 2020 following the CQC inspection and subsequent changes in leadership an Improvement Plan was approved by the Clinical Policy Group and Trust Board. Following the clinically led response to the COVID 19 pandemic the Improvement Plan has been refreshed.

The Improvement Plan sets out our vision for a clinically driven organisation that puts safety and quality first. The trust strategy was developed with wide clinical engagement and will be delivered through nine enabling strategies.

The following questions were raised:

- Mrs Crampton felt that was an excellent presentation and asked if NHSE/I were going to acknowledge the importance of complex and routine funding. Mr Harrison replied that it was recognised and understood but that no solution had yet been provided but they have assured the Trust that they would work with us.
- Mrs Crampton asked in relation to young people now being attracted to the nursing roles following the pandemic and wondered when we would see the benefits of these younger people coming through. Dr Lloyd agreed that this was welcome news and confirmed to Governors that there had been a 42% increase in applications for Nurses.
- Mr Broughton thanked both Mr Harrison and Dr Lloyd for the presentation and stated that it was good that the Trust was having conversations with NHSE/I. He especially noted that quality and safety was mentioned through all slides which he found very reassuring.
- Ms Young pointed out the unique circumstances in the Trust with the fact that we live in one of the most deprived areas and would therefore require more funding. Mr Harrison replied that the allocation of funding is via the CCG. Mr Mundy and others are continually trying to push so CCG have sufficient funding.

Mr Harrison thanked Governors for all questions raised.

Mr Mundy offered thanks to both Mr Harrison and Dr Lloyd.

Resolved: i) Governors gave thanks to both Mr Harrison and Dr Lloyd.

GOVERNANCE

10. Update on Annual General Meeting

Mrs White, Head of Governance, confirmed to Governors that to date no guidance had been provided to Trusts regarding Annual Members and Annual General Meetings. She added that she hoped that the Annual General Meeting could take place face to face on the 14 September 2021 however with the rise in recent COVID cases this was under constant review. Mrs White will keep Governors updated but if face to face was not possible then a video would be produced.

No questions were raised.

11. Update – Chair's Appraisal

Ms Debbie Reape as Senior Independent Director confirmed that the Chair's appraisal was submitted to NHSE/I on time with input provided by Governors, Lead Governors and stakeholders.

Ms Reape thanked all Governors for their feedback and confirmed that a report would be taken through Nomination Committee.

No questions were raised.

12. Annual Report from Audit Committee plus Auditor Letter

Mrs White as Head of Governance ran through the attached reports which set out the work of the Audit Committee over the last year and the report from the independent auditor (Mazars) on the audit of the annual filings which include the Annual Report, Annual Accounts and Annual Governance Statement.

The full Annual Report will be presented to the Council of Governors at the general meeting for Council of Governors on the 14 September 2021.

Mrs White confirmed to Governors that the independent auditor had carried out the assessment of the annual filings and had identified one significant weakness in the Trust's arrangements for the year ended 31 March 2021. This weakness was also highlighted by the Trust in the Annual Governance Statement.

'In October 2021 the Trust received notification of an "intent to modify Additional Licence Condition" from NHS Improvement. This identified concerns around finance, governance and quality. Whilst the Trust was notified of the removal of additional licence conditions relating to governance, quality and safety in April 2021 concerns remains around finance. This includes control of revenue and capital expenditure and the Trust's failure to develop and deliver a financial recovery plan to demonstrate financial stability and quantify financial risk'

Mrs White reassured Governors that the Trust had highlighted this point and were working closely with NHSE/I to address the issues.

No questions were raised.

Resolved: i) Governors thanked Mrs White for her update.

13. Committee Chairs' Logs

Copies of all available Committee Chairs' logs were included in the set of papers for Council of Governors.

Ms Ada Burns and Ms Debbie Reape provided an update to Governors on the Chairs' logs for their Committees.

Ms Debbie Reape - Quality Assurance Committee

Ms Reape provided a brief overview and confirmed to Governors that when Quality Assurance Committee carry a deep dive that it was very important that they hear from clinicians. Turning to Ophthalmology she stated that more work was needed.

She also informed Governors that in relation to Gastroenterology a positive report had been received.

Ms Reape concluded that the Quality Account would be received very soon with Governors who were part of the Quality Indictors Working Group being involved in the same.

Ms Ada Burns - People Committee

Ms Burns began by following up on a comment from Mr Broughton earlier in the meeting and reassured Governors that at People Committee they receive updates from different staff committees and obtain feedback. Ms Burns also informed Governors that she had had a good discussion in relation to awards and recognition for all the hard work that the staff have provided.

Resolved: i) Governors thanked both Debbie Reape and Ada Burns for their updates on the different Committees.

14. Matters to bring to the attention of the Board

Nothing to report.

15. **Reflections on Meeting**

The Chairman invited comments from Governors to ensure continuous improvement. Mr Holmes felt that there was often not enough time spent on the Performance Report and would also welcome a longer gap between Board of Directors and the date of Council of Governors.

The Chairman thanked Mr Holmes for those comments which will be addressed.

16. **Any other business**

Nothing raised.

17. Date of Next Meeting

The next meeting of the Council of Governors is scheduled to take place on Tuesday, 14 September 2021.

Council of Governors Action Log (meeting held in Public)

						_	Status
Date of Meeting		Item	Action	Lead	Due Date	Comments	(Open or Completed)
10.07.2018	18/013	AOB - nhs.net emails	Governors to contact Anita Keogh once nhs.net emails activated	Governors	11.12.2018	3 Governors still to action including newly elected Governors - as at 14.09.2021	Open



MEETING OF THE PUBLIC COUNCIL OF GOVERNORS - 14 September 2021							
Integrated Performance R	eport		AGENDA ITEM: 9				
			ENC 4				
Report Author and Job Title:	Emma Moss Management Information Lead Business Intelligence Unit	Various					
Action Required	Approve □ Discuss □ (select the relevant action	Inform ⊠ required)					
Situation	To provide Council of Governors with a detailed assessment of performance against the agreed indicators and measures. The report describes the specific actions that are under way						
Background	to deliver the required standards. The Integrated Performance Report (IPR) is produced monthly to monitor key clinical quality and patient safety indicators, national and local target performance, and financial performance.						
	The IPR demonstrates areas of performance are monitored and provides assurance to the Board regarding actual performance and, where necessary, remedial actions.						
	Key elements of the report are discussed at the Trust Quantum Assurance Committee, Resources Committee and People Committee. A summary of discussions are included in Chapter Reports to the Board of Directors.						

Assessment The following changes have been implemented in July's IPR: Senior Leadership Team have reviewed content and format, further changes are to be implemented in subsequent months. Key messages relating to performance this month include: The Trust escalated its C-19 response during July. Clinical teams focused on treating patients with COVID-19, and those without COVID whose needs are equally urgent, while working to address the needs of anybody whose non-urgent care has been disrupted by the pandemic. Impacts of July Covid-19 surge: Elective outpatient and inpatient recovery reduced, due to COVID-related staff absence and redeployment impacting on theatres and outpatient activity, increased short notice cancellations and DNAs due to COVID-19 in the wider population. Ward reconfiguration to enable covid pathways temporarily reduced elective orthopaedic bed base. In line with the pattern seen across the NHS, 4-hour standard performance declined, and ambulance handover times increased with increasing proportions of "Red" pathway patients combined with sustained high volumes of attendances. Appraisals rates declined as staff were asked to prioritise direct clinical care in response to patient demand and high levels of absence from work. Operational, Tactical and Strategic focus on the demands of the Covid-19 response. Areas of improved or sustained performance include: Safe: Falls rate remains below benchmark, despite staffing challenges; Serious Incidents remain below the mean; all sepsis bundle indicators improved this month: Caring: Friends and Family Experience rates for

Recommendation

the mean for 7 months. The Council of Governors are asked to:

Inpatients, Outpatients above target

Receive the Integrated Performance Report for June 2021.

Responsive: Cancer 14-day standard has been above

	 Note the performance standards that are being achieved and the remedial actions being taken where metrics are outside expected parameters. 					
Does this report	BAF threat – 1.5 Lack of respon					
mitigate risk included in	due to inability to deliver nationa	al performance standards				
the BAF or Trust Risk						
Registers? please						
outline						
Legal and Equality and	There are no legal or equality &	diversity implications				
Diversity implications	associated with this paper.					
Strategic Objectives	Excellence in patient outcomes	Excellence in employee				
(highlight which Trust	and experience □	experience \square				
Strategic objective this	Drive operational performance	Long term financial				
report aims to support)		sustainability 🗆				
	Develop clinical and					
	commercial strategies □					



Integrated Performance Report

July 2021

Changes to IPR



The following changes have been implemented in July 2021 IPR:

• Senior Leadership Team have reviewed content and format, further changes are to be implemented in subsequent months.

Key Messages



The Trust escalated its C-19 response during July. Clinical teams focused on treating patients with COVID-19, and those without COVID whose needs are equally urgent, while working to address the needs of anybody whose non-urgent care has been disrupted by the pandemic.

Impacts of July Covid-19 surge:

- Elective outpatient and inpatient recovery reduced, due to COVID-related staff absence and redeployment impacting on theatres and outpatient activity, increased short notice cancellations and DNAs due to COVID-19 in the wider population. Ward reconfiguration to enable covid pathways temporarily reduced elective orthopaedic bed base.
- In line with the pattern seen across the NHS, 4-hour standard performance declined, and ambulance handover times increased with increasing proportions of "Red" pathway patients combined with sustained high volumes of attendances.
- Appraisals rates declined as staff were asked to prioritise direct clinical care in response to patient demand and high levels of absence from work.
- Operational, Tactical and Strategic focus on the demands of the Covid-19 response.

Areas of improved or sustained performance include:

- Safe: Falls rate remains below benchmark, despite staffing challenges; Serious Incidents remain below the mean; all sepsis bundle indicators improved this month;
- Caring: Friends and Family Experience rates for Inpatients, Outpatients above target
- Responsive: Cancer 14-day standard has been above the mean for 7 months

Summary



	Indicator	Latest Month	Target/ Benchmark	Month Reported	Trend	Assurance
	All Falls Rate	5.47	6.6	07/2021	\$?
	Falls With Harm Rate	0.34	TBD	07/2021	(%)	?
	Infection Control - C- Difficile (YTD)	31	73	07/2021	N/A	N/A
	Infection Control - MRSA (YTD)	1	0	07/2021	N/A	N/A
	All DATIX Incidents	2307	2070	07/2021	(%)	?
	Serious Incidents	8	0	07/2021	\$?
	Never Events (YTD)	1	0	07/2021	N/A	N/A
	Category 2 Pressure Ulcers	4.58	TBD	07/2021	∞ %•)	?
SAFE	Category 3 & 4 Pressure Ulcers	0.86	TBD	07/2021	√ √~	?
SA	SHMI	112.39	100	04/2021	\$ S	?
	Hospital Standard Mortality Rate (HSMR)	104.46	100	05/2021	\$?
	Palliative Care Coding	0.004	TBD	05/2021	(%)	?
	Comorbidity Coding	3.39	TBD	05/2021	\$?
	VTE	74.31%	95%	07/2021		F
	Maternity - Caesarean Section Rate (%)	26.56%	30.0%	07/2021	₽	?
	Maternity - Induction of Labour Rate (%)	48.96%	44.0%	07/2021	~\^o	?
	Maternity - Still Births (YTD)	10	17	07/2021	N/A	N/A
	Maternity - PPH 1500ml Rate (%)	3.70%	0.00%	07/2021	₽	?

	Indicator	Latest Month	Target/ Benchmark	Month Reported	Trend	Assurance
	Sepsis - Targeted oxygen delivered within 1 hour	100.00%	95%	06/2021	\$?
EFFECTIVE	Sepsis - Blood cultures taken within 1 hour	83.00%	95%	06/2021	\$?
	Sepsis - Empiric IV antibiotics administered	80.90%	95%	06/2021	∞ />•	F S
	Sepsis - Serum lactate taken within 1 hour	80.90%	95%	06/2021	∞ />•	?
	Sepsis - IV fluid resuscitation initiated	85.10%	95%	06/2021	0 ₀ %0	F S
	Sepsis - Urine measurement started	74.50%	95%	06/2021	\$	F S
	F&F A&E Overall Experience Rate (%)	80.40%	85%	07/2021		?
	F&F Inpatient Overall Experience Rate (%)	96.64%	96%	07/2021	@%»	?
SING	F&F Outpatient Overall Experience Rate (%)	96.62%	95%	07/2021		?
CARIN	F&F Maternity Overall Experience Rate (%)	92.16%	97%	07/2021	(<u>}</u>)	?
	Complaints Closed Within Target (%)	68.89%	80%	07/2021	\$?
	All New Complaints	45	TBD	07/2021	∞ %•	?

	Variatio	n	Assurance			
@/ho	H (1-)	#~ (*	?	P	(F)	
Common cause – no significant change	Special cause of concerning nature or higher pressure due to (H)igher or (L)ower values	Special cause of improving nature or lower pressure due to (H)igher or (L)ower values	Variation indicates inconsistently hitting passing and falling short of the target	Variation indicates consistently (P)assing the target	Variation indicates consistently (F)alling short of the target	

Summary



	Indicator	Latest Month	Target	Month Reported	Trend	Assurance
	A&E 4 Hour Wait Standard (%)	78.01%	95%	07/2021		F S
	Ambulance Handovers - over 30 mins	145	TBD	07/2021	€%»	?
	Ambulance Handovers - over 60 mins	113	TBD	07/2021	€%»	?
	RTT Incomplete Pathways (%)	64.20%	92%	07/2021		F.
	Diagnostic 6 Weeks Standard (%)	81.27%	99%	07/2021	(%)	F .
SIVE	Cancer Treatment - 14 Day Standard (%)	88.26%	93%	07/2021	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array}\right)$?
RESPONSIVE	Cancer Treatment - 31 Day Standard (%)	92.47%	96%	07/2021	(%)	?
RES	Cancer Treatment - 62 Day Standard (%)	77.35%	85%	07/2021	(%)	?
	Cancer Treatment - 62 Day Screening (%)	50.00%	90%	07/2021		F.
	Non-Urgent Ops Cancelled on Day	31	0	07/2021	(%)	F .
	Cancer Operations Cancelled On Day (YTD)	6	0	07/2021	N/A	N/A
	Cancelled Ops Not Rebooked Within 28 days	6	0	07/2021	\$?
	E-Discharge (%)	94.43%	90%	07/2021	H	P

	Indicator	Latest Month	Target	Month Reported	Trend	Assurance
WEI	Year-To-Date Budget Variance (£'millions)	-2.68m	-2.7m	07/2021	N/A	N/A
	Annual Appraisal (%)	66.73%	80%	07/2021		F S
	Mandatory Training (%)	84.67%	90%	07/2021		(F)
	Sickness Absence (%)	5.41%	4%	07/2021	(\rightarrow{\text{F}}	?
	Staff Turnover (%)	12.93%	10%	07/2021	(}E	F S

	Variatio	n	Assurance				
⊘ ^∞	# (T-)	#> @	?	P	(F)		
Common cause – no significant change	Special cause of concerning nature or higher pressure due to (H)igher or (L)ower values	Special cause of improving nature or lower pressure due to (H)igher or (L)ower values	Variation indicates inconsistently hitting passing and falling short of the target	Variation indicates consistently (P)assing the target	Variation indicates consistently (F)alling short of the target		

Elective Recovery Summary



Context: Performance in 2021 against service plans Recovery: Elective & Theatres

SUMMARY MONTHLY ACTIVITY AGAINST PLAN

		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	YtD
Outpatient First	Plan	15,268	15,806	15,315	16,547	14,328	15,799	16,679	15,511	13,614	15,901	14,845	12,644	46,389
	2021	15,405	15,792	17,670	15,266	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48,867
	Var	137	-14	2,355	-1,281	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,478
	2019	17,697	18,080	17,611	19,045	16,375	17,918	18,886	17,570	15,401	17,929	16,818	14,357	53,388
Outpatient Follow-up	Plan	41,017	42,743	40,250	44,050	39,046	41,180	44,839	41,926	36,893	44,513	39,462	34,651	124,010
	2021	44,288	43,100	47,671	41,769	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	135,059
	Var	3,271	357	7,421	-2,281	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11,049
	2019	48,556	50,322	47,362	51,972	45,819	48,316	52,500	49,158	42,991	51,908	46,101	40,435	146,240
Outpatient Total	Plan	56,286	58,550	55,566	60,597	53,375	56,980	61,518	57,438	50,507	60,415	54,308	47,295	170,402
	2021	59,693	58,892	65,341	57,035	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	183,926
	Var	3,407	342	9,775	-3,562	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13,524
	2019	66,253	68,402	64,973	71,017	62,194	66,234	71,386	66,728	58,392	69,837	62,919	54,792	199,628
Outpatient virtual	Plan	16,748	17,161	16,108	17,568	15,719	16,671	17,804	16,644	14,451	17,583	15,760	13,922	50,017
	2021	17,754	16,519	17,663	14,744	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51,936
	Var	1,006	-642	1,555	-2,824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,919
	2019	1,517	1,653	1,542	1,600	1,405	1,485	1,594	1,497	1,428	1,787	1,564	7,147	4,712
Outpatient FtF	Plan	39,537	41,389	39,458	43,028	37,655	40,308	43,713	40,794	36,055	42,831	38,547	33,373	120,384
	2021	41,939	42,373	47,678	42,291	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	131,990
	Var	2,402	984	8,220	-737	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11,606
	2019	64,736	66,749	63,431	69,417	60,789	64,749	69,792	65,231	56,964	68,050	61,355	47,645	194,916

Elective Recovery Summary



Context: Performance in 2021 against service plans

Recovery: Elective & Theatres

			SUMI	MARY I	MONTH	ILY AC	TIVITY	AGAIN	ST PLA	N				
							•							T v. 5
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	YtD
IP Elective SD	Plan	4,733	5,208	5,067	5,736	5,298	5,288	5,931	5,533	5,116	5,934	5,169	4,440	15,008
	2021	4,793	4,964	5,541	5,062	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,298
	Var	60	-244	474	-674	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	290
	2019	5,809	5,977	5,608	6,309	5,633	5,627	6,327	5,931	5,443	6,320	5,512	4,728	17,394
IP Elective Overnight	Plan	678	852	989	1,026	1,071	1,035	1,120	1,159	918	944	995	833	2,519
	2021	636	867	906	880	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,409
	Var	-42	15	-83	-146	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-110
	2019	1,037	1,076	1,147	1,143	1,120	1,077	1,167	1,193	945	970	1,020	852	3,260
IP Elective Total	Plan	5,411	6,060	6,056	6,762	6,369	6,323	7,051	6,692	6,034	6,878	6,164	5,273	17,527
	2021	5,429	5,831	6,447	5,942	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17,707
	Var	18	-229	391	-820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	180
	2019	6,846	7,053	6,755	7,452	6,753	6,704	7,494	7,124	6,388	7,290	6,532	5,580	20,654

Summary

- Note the July figures are provisional and will be incomplete so the position will be slightly better than shown here.
- July inpatient activity, both overnight and day case was well below plan.
- The year to date inpatient position is just above plan.

Cause of Variation

- Covid-19 pressure reached a peak during July.
 This included pressure on general and critical care beds and staff absence from isolation.
- Continuing deployment of Anaesthetic resource to Critical Care – impacting on the number of GA theatre sessions.
- · High vacancy rate in Eye theatres.

Planned Actions

- Reduction in Covid-19 committed wards as soon as practicable.
- Re-enforced isolation guidance has reduced staff absences by half.
- Theatres 5 & 6 to re-open in August.
- Eye theatre team recruitment underway. Agency nursing team contracted from end of July onwards increasing provision to plan.
- Increase number of lists scheduled at Redcar Primary Care Hospital.
- Re-establishment of Strategic Recovery Group meetings once Covid-19 incident can be stood down.

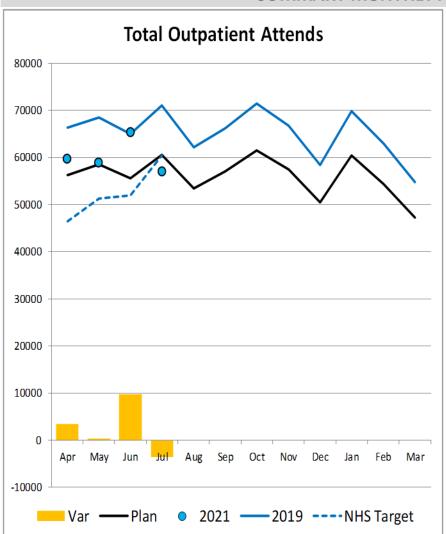
Timescale

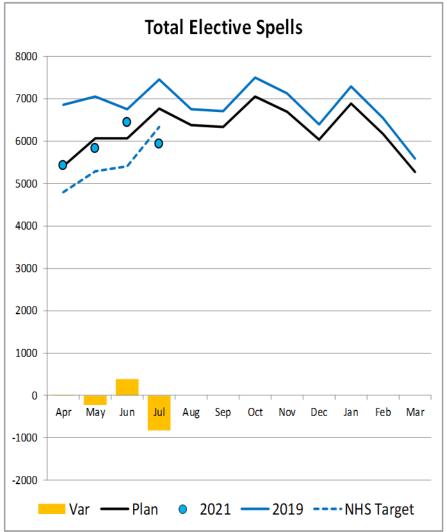
 Weekly review and challenge at Strategic Recovery Group.

Responsive



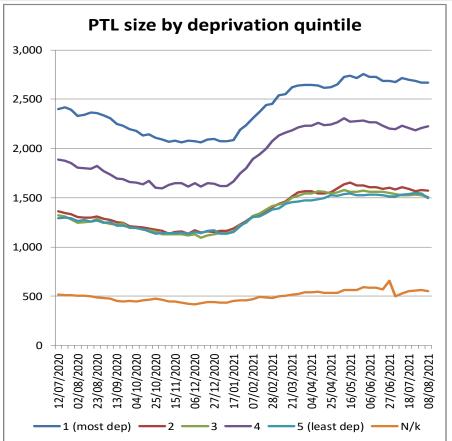
SUMMARY MONTHLY ACTIVITY AGAINST PLAN



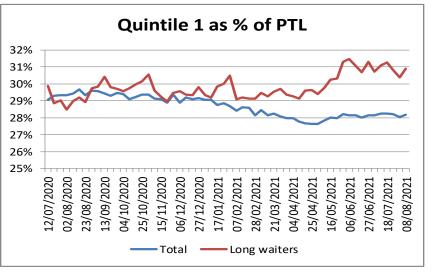




INPATIENT PTL: INEQUALITIES - DEPRIVATION (IMD from postcode of residence)



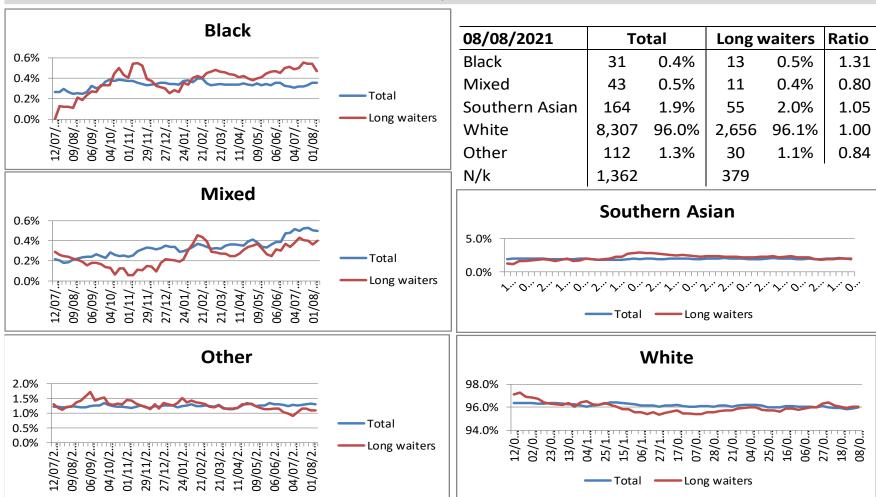
08/08/2021	Tot	tal	Long v	Ratio	
1 (most dep)	2,669	28%	920	31%	1.10
2	1,571	17%	498	17%	1.01
3	1,507	16%	476	16%	1.00
4	2,226	24%	633	21%	0.90
5 (least dep)	1,497	16%	451	15%	0.96
N/k	549		166		



The separation of the overall position and the long waiter position for the most deprived quintile has continued.



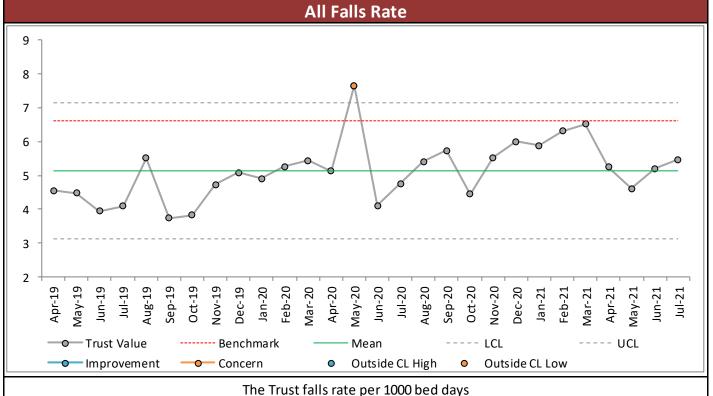
INPATIENT PTL: INEQUALITIES - ETHNICITY



The proportion of the long waiters on the PTL that are white has fallen showing an overall increase in the proportions of non-white







Benchmark	6.6
Mean	5.13
Last Month	5.47

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Ruth Mhlanga

Commentary

The Trust has a mean of approx 130 falls per month. This metric is consistent and is below the national benchmark., which means we have less falls.

The most common cause of falls remain poor balance, slips deconditioning and memory loss or a combination of all 4.

Working collaboratively with TEWV for

Working collaboratively with TEWV to shared learning.

Cause of Variation

- This metric is within normal variation, although the rate of falls seems to have increased during the first quarter of 2021. Likely linked to seasonal variation and possible increased risk of falls due to deconditioning for those self isolating during the year.
- Potential correlation between changes in ward functionality and increase in falls during Covid-19.

Planned Actions

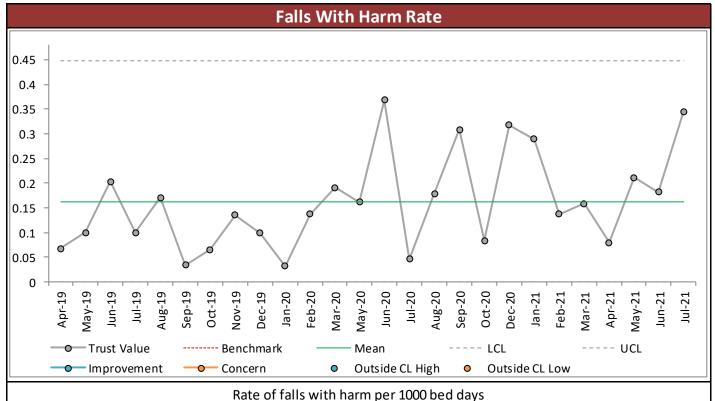
- Issue safety alerts around themes of contributors to falls.
- Joint regular reviews of falls with harm with Safeguarding team to identify hotspots and develop action plans.
- Bespoke ward interventions where high levels of falls have been identified.
- Refreshing patient falls leaflet.

Timescale

- September 2021
- STAQC team will continue to foster the sharing of good practice and quality improvement work.







Benchmark	TBD
Mean	0.16
Last Month	0.34

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Ruth Mhlanga

Commentary

There are 5 falls with harm per month.

Cause of Variation

 The rate of harm is within the expected range.

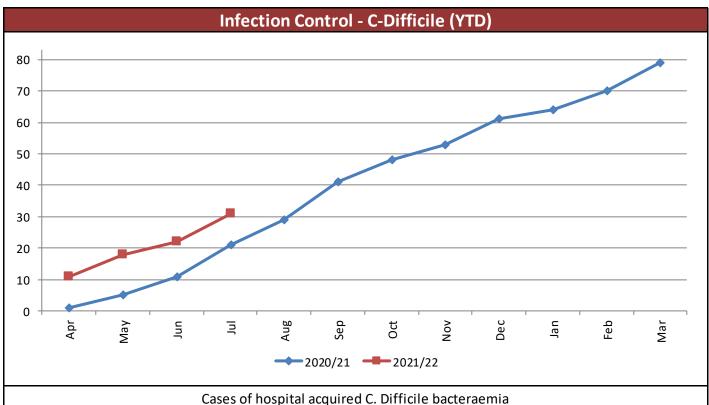
Planned actions

- Refresh safety alert around themes that have been identified as contributing to falls.
- Shared learning from within collaboratives and organisation.
- Refreshing Falls leaflet.
- Joint regular reviews of falls with harm with safeguarding team to facilitate shared learning.

Timescale

- September 2021
- STAQC team will continue to foster the sharing of good practice and quality improvement work.





Outturn	73			
Mean	N/A			
YTD	31			
Executive Lead				
Hilary Lloyd				
Lead				
Sharor	Lance			

Commentary

This metric is benchmarked against the number of C Difficile cases at the Trust during 2019/20.

Cause of Variation

- This indicator is not in control chart format because numbers. reported are small and therefore variation is not being assessed.
- This is a national reporting requirement and the Trust were to have no more than a combined total of community onset healthcare associated (COHA) and healthcare onset healthcare associated (HOHA) cases amongst patients aged over 2 year, the target for 2021/22 is currently unknown but is assumed to be the same.
- There were 15 cases of CDI in July 2021, 4 of which were classed as COHA and 9 HOHA, totalling 13 cases as Trust Apportioned – total TA up to end of July = 40.

Plan

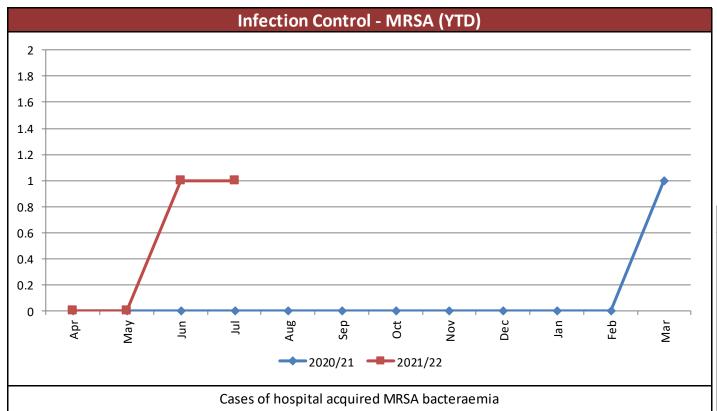
- All areas with increased prevalence of CDI or cluster of cases would result in ribotyping requested.
- New CDI Process revamped again to strengthen process regarding completion of detailed RCA and attendance at a panel.
- Development of electronic system for side room allocation to facilitate prompt isolation ongoing support from BIU needed.
- · New Matron council in development with IPC focus embedded.
- CDI recovery plan developed and presented to IPC Strategic group July '21 Focus on Diarrhoea control, Hand Hygiene, Ownership & Learning.
- · Collaboration with H&R CCG regarding RCA panels for community cases.
- Implemented weekly CDI escalation group meeting (mandatory attendance) 8am Monday to
 include heatmap, areas of focus and intensive support programme for areas of concern.

Timescale

13

 Ongoing as constant unless detailed otherwise in Plan.





Target	0			
Mean	N/A			
YTD	1			
Executive Lead				
Hilary Lloyd				
Lead				
Sharor	Lance			

Commentary

There has been one case identified in June 2021.

Cause of Variation

- This indicator is not in control chart format because numbers reported are small and therefore variation is not being assessed.
- There was 0 Trust Assigned case in July 2021. In the first 4 months of 2021/2022 there have been 1 trustassigned case.

Planned Actions

- Aseptic non touch technique training and audit programs continue to be refreshed and supported in new collaboratives with train the trainers key to the continued assurance of this.
- Line care group developed with IPC, Procurement and OPAT.
- Line care and infection prevention included in annual plan 2021/22.
- Review of current MRSA/MSSA RCA/Lessons learned process to follow
- Development of patient pathway for line care in early discussions, utilising previous work to move forward.
- Request to join a Nurse Antimicrobial Stewardship group working across NE & Cumbria

Timescale

• Ongoing.

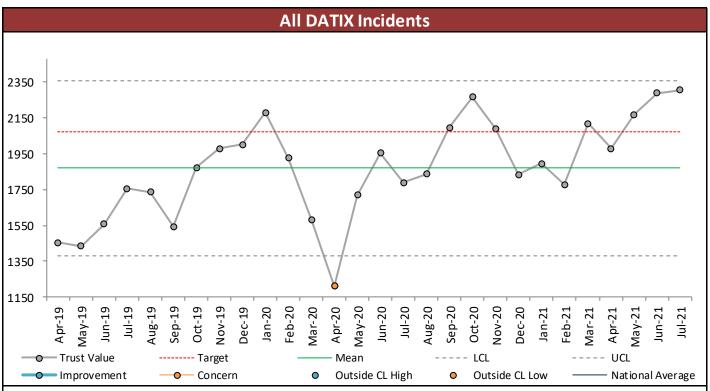
Quality

Finance & Investment

<u>Vorkforce</u>







All incidents recorded on DATIX

Target	2070
Mean	1869.57
Last Massile	2207.00

Last Month 2307.00

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Kay Davies

Commentary

The Trust has a Quality Priority for 2021/22 to Increase Incident Reporting by 10% per year. This will also mean an increase in incidents reported to NRLS

Cause of Variation

 The reporting remains within normal variation and has shown an increase in the previous 3 months.

Planned Actions

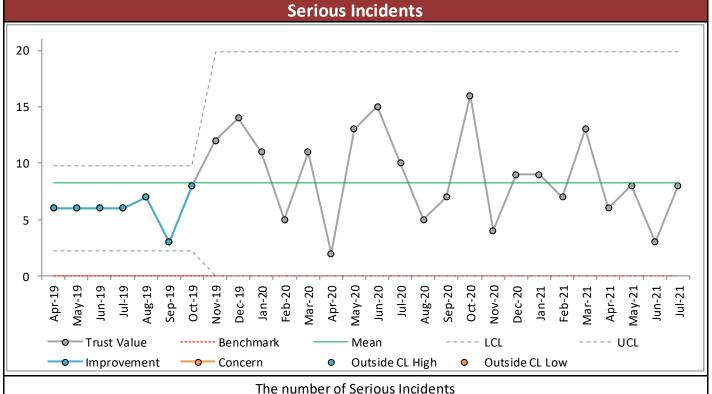
- Implementation of Datix Cloud IQ in August 2021 and associated Datix Anywhere App for mobile devices in coming months.
- Request for Datix Champions to be identified and trained to improve Datix experience for all users.
- Implementing Patient Safety Action Plan.
- Trust wide work on Just culture.

Timescale

 This is a three year plan which commenced in April 2019 and will run to March 2022.







Benchmark	0		
Mean	8.21		
Last Month	8.00		
Executive Lead			

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Kay Davies

Commentary

In July 2021, 87.5% were reported in the month that they occur.

Cause of Variation

This metric is within normal variation from November 2019.

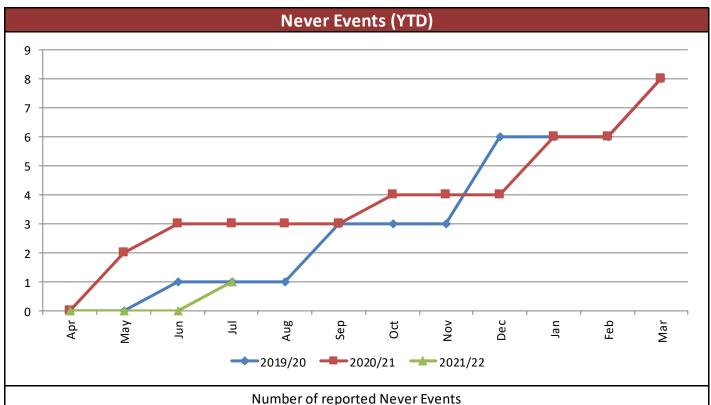
Planned Actions

- Continue to report and investigate SIs within agreed timescales and ensure lessons learnt are shared across the Organisation.
- Focus on outstanding actions from previous SIs to ensure evidence is provided and learning is being embedded. Data has been added to monthly SI report and a spreadsheet will be shared with Collaboratives.
- Await the publication of the new Patient Safety Incident Response Framework.
- Training needs analysis to be carried out.
- Establish a learning culture with support from the Leadership and Safety Academy.

Timescale

Ongoing





Target	0			
Mean	N/A			
YTD	1			
Executive Lead				
Hilary Lloyd				
Lead				
Kay D	avies			

Commentary

Eliminating never events remains a priority. There was 1 Never Event in July.

This related to a retained clip following neurosurgery

Cause of Variation

- This indicator is not in control chart format because numbers reported are small and therefore variation is not being assessed.
- Nationally there is a variation in the number of never events reported of between 28 and 48 per month.

Planned Actions

- A three month project to fully coordinate and establish the LocSSIP process has concluded and an audit programme commenced in May 2021.
- Regional data released and local action plan developed and presented to the Quality Assurance Committee in November 2020 and updated in March 2021 shared with our CCG.
- Internal Audit carried out a site visit in September to review the design and operating effectiveness of key controls in place relating to patient safety. Draft report received, action plan has been developed.
- Establish a learning culture supported by the Leadership and Safety Academy
- Critical friend review by NHSE/I is been completed and a gap analysis completed which is shared in the July SI & Never Event Paper.

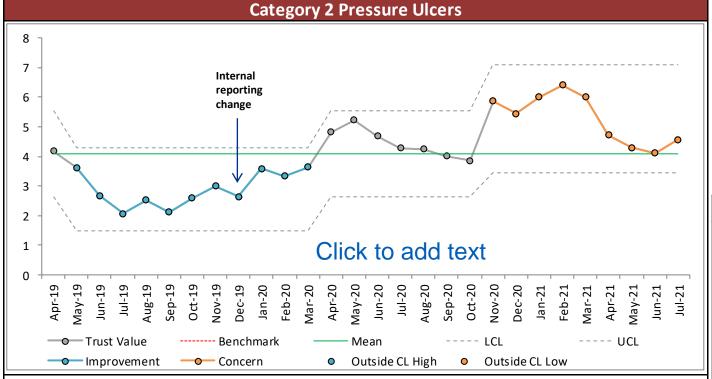
Timescale

- Eliminating Never Events remains a quality priority for 2021/22.
- The recommendations from the critical friend report will be added to the NE action plan.





NHS Foundation Trust



Rate of Category 2 Pressure Ulcers - Trust Acquired per 1000 bed days

Benchmark	TBD
Mean	4.09
Last Month	4.58

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Helen Day

Commentary

There were a total of 136 category 2 pressure ulcers reported, 60 in the community setting and 76 in the acute setting.

Cause of Variation

- Confidence limits have been recalculated from November 2020.
- The majority of the increase in Q4 20/21 was observed in the critical care areas and was Covid related.
- Slight increase in July 2021 potentially related to stretch staffing ratios on wards ('pingdemic'), no specific ward hotspots and Covid ICU specifically.

Planned Actions

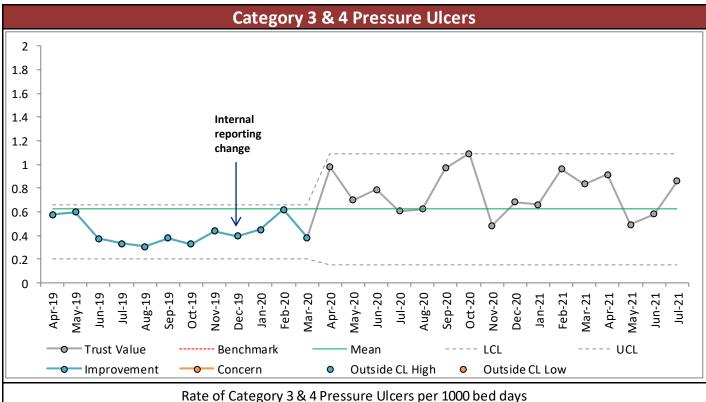
- Update and launch the Tissue Viability action plan 2021/22. Examples of specific work includes;
- Trust wide Pressure Ulcer Collaborative (PUC)
- New risk assessment tool (Purpose T) trial completed in July 2021 in Community with positive impact on 'no lapses of care'. Review to launch across Trust.
- Peer conversations with subject matter experts.
- Data collection in progress to commence research into patient compliance in the community setting.

Timescale

All actions are ongoing and linked to the pressure ulcer reduction action plan & improvement timescales are being built into this PUC commenced 12/04/2021.







Benchmark	TBD
Mean	0.62
Last Month	0.86

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Helen Day

Commentary

16 category 3s were observed in the acute setting, 6 were in Critical Care. No ward 'hot spots' identified for the remaining 10 and no significant lapses in care with 2 of the 16 were declared as SIs.

No SIs in the community for 2 months running.

Cause of Variation

 The rate is within normal variation from February 2020, with the exception of October 2020.

Planned Actions

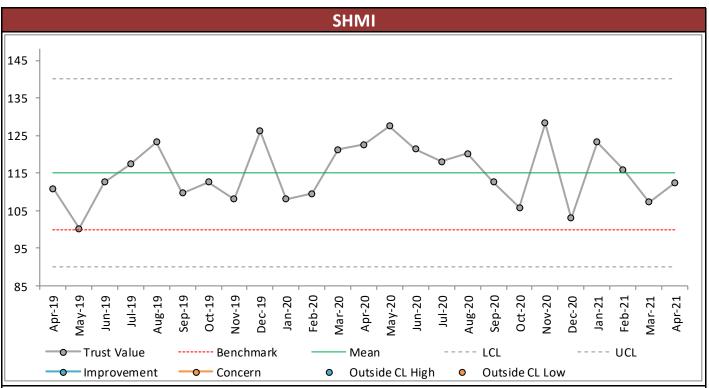
- Update and launch the Tissue Viability action plan 2021/22 as per previous slide.
- Intensive support commenced for critical care.
- Report to Quality Assurance Committee.
- Commenced 'structured review' learning conversation replacing RCA and panel process.

Timescale

 All actions are ongoing and linked to the pressure ulcer reduction action plan & improvement timescales are being built into this.







Summary Hospital-Level Mortality Indicator

Benchmark	100
Mean	115.15

Last Month 112.39

Executive Lead

Mike Stewart

Lead

Tony Roberts

Commentary

SHMI is the official NHS hospital mortality indicator and relies on correct primary diagnosis and comorbidity capture at admission. It does not adjust for specialist palliative care coding.

Cause of Variation

- Mean SHMI is stable with normal variation but high (national average is set to 100). This reflects the relatively low level of comorbidity capture.
- SHMI for Apr 2020 to Mar 2021 is outlying (officially 118, 3 points higher than the previous period). Pneumonia and septicemia remain high.
- SHMI is impacted by the pandemic as COVID-19 spells are removed (5%) and the fall in discharges of other patients is substantial (30%).

Planned Actions

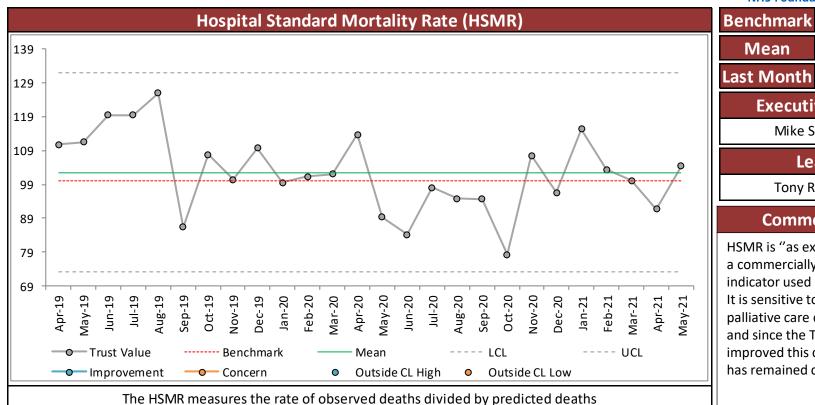
- The trust has fallen behind national average for capture of comorbidities. More analysis commissioned from NEQOS.
- A new Clinical Coding Strategy was launched in April and a number of specialties are piloting a refreshed approach.
- Medical Examiner scrutiny has been sustained at high levels (>95% of deaths are reviewed) and preventable deaths have not been identified, although there is a backlog for mortality reviews requested by MEs.

Timescale

- Coding work on-going.
 Quarterly review of the impact of COVID-19 on SHMI needed throughout 2021/2022.
- NEQOS Quarterly report in September 2021 will include further analysis.







Benchmark	100
Mean	102.56
Last Month	104.46

Executive Lead

Mike Stewart

Lead

Tony Roberts

Commentary

HSMR is "as expected'. It is a commercially produced indicator used by the CQC. It is sensitive to specialist palliative care coding levels, and since the Trust has improved this coding HSMR has remained close to 100.

Cause of Variation

HSMR is stable with normal variation and reflects the improvement in accuracy of specialist palliative care coding, following implementation of a new process checking SystmOne recording from May 2019.

Planned Actions

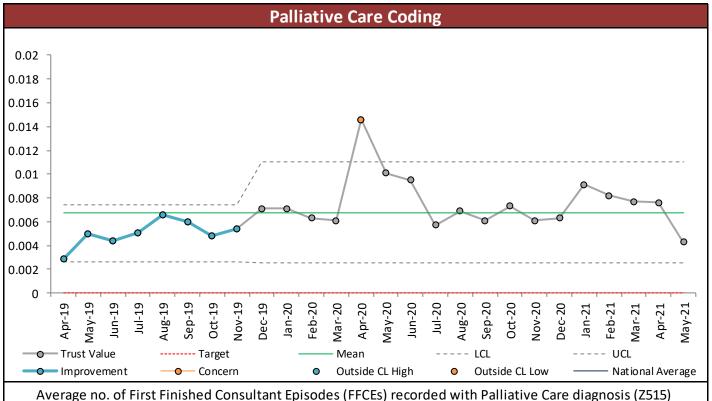
- Continued monitoring of deaths, unadjusted mortality, SHMI, HSMR, Medical Examiner and Trust Mortality Reviews and any deaths reported as a Serious Incident, via nationally mandated Learning from Deaths dashboard.
- Improvements to coding (outlined on SHMI slide) will impact on HSMR.

Timescale

On-going. Comparison of SHMI and HSMR continues to be important, given the difference between them.







NHS Foundation Trust

Target

Target	
Mean	0.01
Last Month	0.00

Executive Lead

Mike Stewart

Lead

Allison Davis

Commentary

Coding of Specialist
Palliative Care is reported as a contextual indicator alongside SHMI and is used as a risk adjustment factor in HSMR. The Trust is recording at a higher level than the national average and thus HSMR is lowered.

Cause of Variation

 The indicator has been stable with normal variation since May 2020. The special cause in April 2020 was due to the first wave of the covid pandemic.

Planned Actions

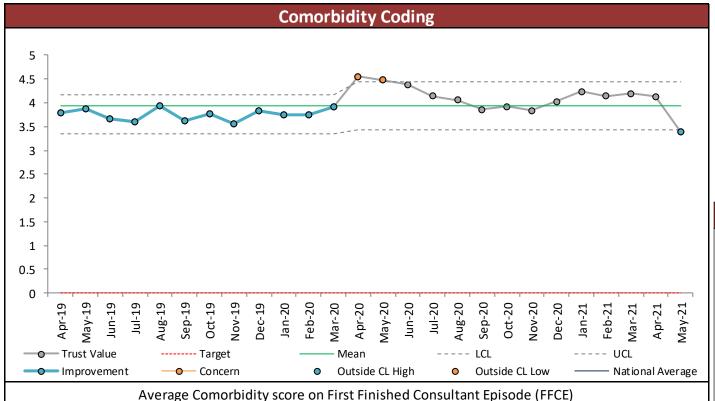
 The current process of cross-checking recording of contacts with patients by the specialist palliative care team in SystmOne by the clinical coding team will continue.

Timescale

· Ongoing.







Target	
Mean	3.94
Last Month	3.39

Executive Lead

Mike Stewart

Lead

Allison Davis

Commentary

Charlson Comorbidity
Index (which includes
15 major comorbidities) is
used to risk-adjust both
SHMI and HSMR. The trust is
well below national average
(which adversely raises both
indictors) and has the lowest
rate in the North East.

Cause of Variation

 The indicator has been stable with normal variation since June 2020. The special cause in April and May 2020 was due to the first wave of the covid pandemic. The final point for May 2021 probably reflects incomplete coding at the time this indicator was generated and is likely to be higher once refreshed.

Planned Actions

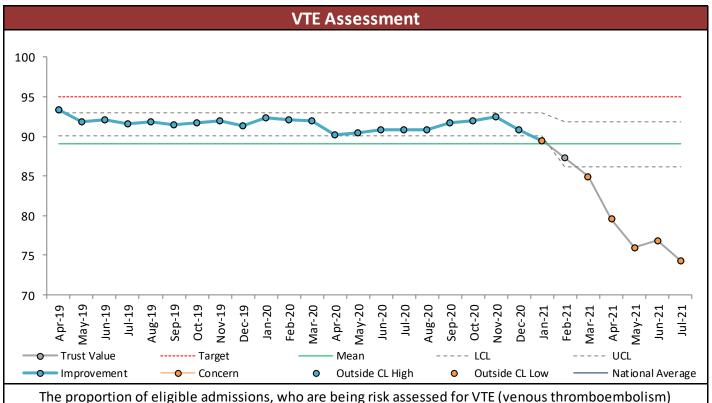
- The Clinical Coding Strategy presented to CPG includes implementation of a new comorbidity coding sheet.
- A Renal ward pilot shows the use of the form increases capture of comorbidities. A number of other wards have offered to pilot. The key is the admission areas where piloting is underway. In due course, Miya will allow digital recording.

Timescale

- Further pilots planned
 July and August, although
 may be delayed.
- Miya implementation for this purpose is at least 18 months away.







Target	95
Mean	89.03
Last Month	74.31

Executive Lead

Mike Stewart

Lead

Jamie Maddox

Commentary

Compliance with VTE assessment has reduced significantly and is now outside the control limits.

Cause of Variation

- The last 6 points (Jan June), display the impact of changing the recording method and incomplete data.
- There are delays with recording and completing investigations.

Planned Actions

- Have re-established VTE Working Group first meeting May 2021
- Revise CAMIS VTE data entry to ensure easier and accurate data recording.
- Addition of visual indicator, to prompt outstanding assessments.
- Anticoagulant specialist nurses to receive monthly ward level data to support wards – this data is still awaited.
- Long term goal would be to have VTE risk assessment as in essential requirement within the electronic medical record.

Timescale

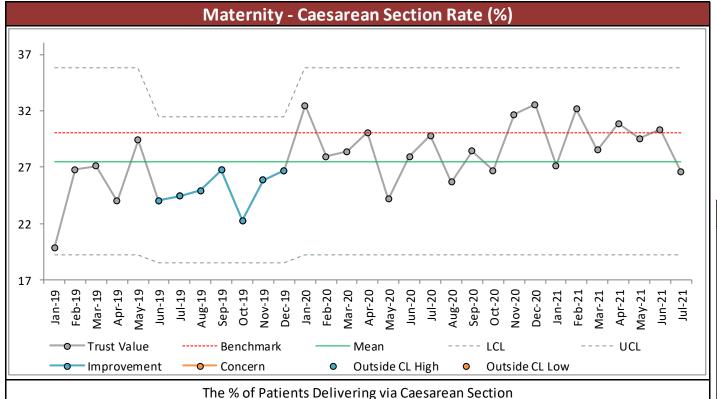
Q1 – VTE Working Group to agree trajectory.

Q3 – Improved compliance

 Meeting took place on the 14th May 2021.







Benchmark	30
Mean	27.52
Last Month	26.56

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Kay Branch

Commentary

This metric is measured against a national benchmark. The Trust Caesarean Section rate is currently 27.5% and is within the control limits. Lower threshold for LSCS throughout COVID-19

Cause of Variation

 This metric is a stable from January 2020 and within normal variation.

Planned Actions

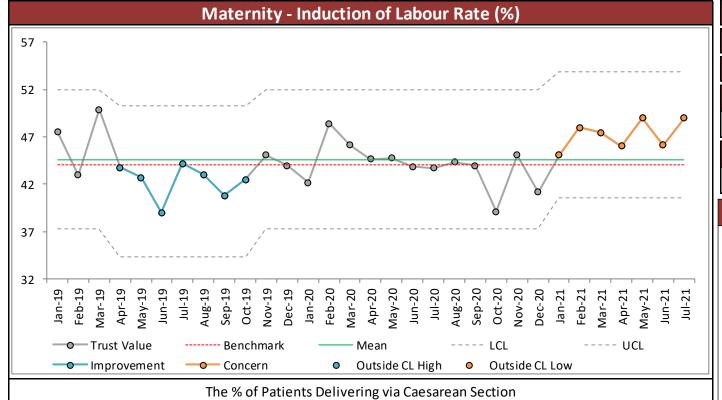
- An annual labour ward report has been produced since 2004 which tracks changes and identifies areas of practice change.
- Lower Segment Caesarean Section rates are monitored quarterly via patient safety and the Local Maternity System regional board.

Timescale

On-going review – no specific time scale.







Benchmark	44
Mean	44.62
Last Month	48.96

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Kay Branch

Commentary

National benchmark

Cause of Variation

 This metric is a stable process with normal variation since November 2019.

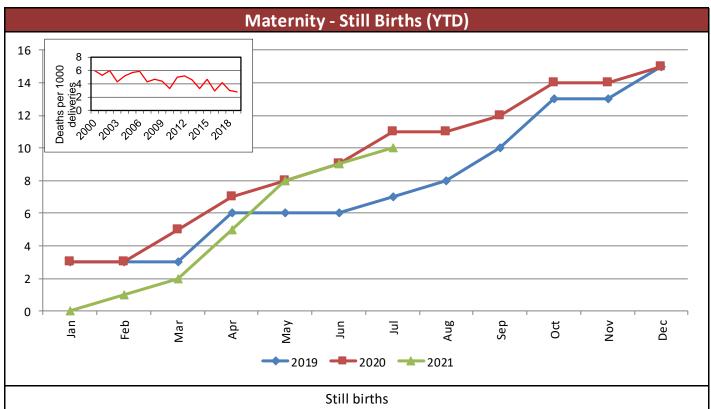
Planned Actions

- No specific actions are required.
- Continue current processes.

Timescale

· Not applicable





Outturn	17
Mean	N/A
YTD	10
Executive Lead	
Hilary Lloyd	
Lead	
Kay Branch	

Commentary

National target 4 per 1000 births Target of 50% reduction in stillbirths by 2025

Cause of Variation

 This indicator is not in control chart format because numbers reported are small and therefore variation cannot be assessed.

Planned Actions

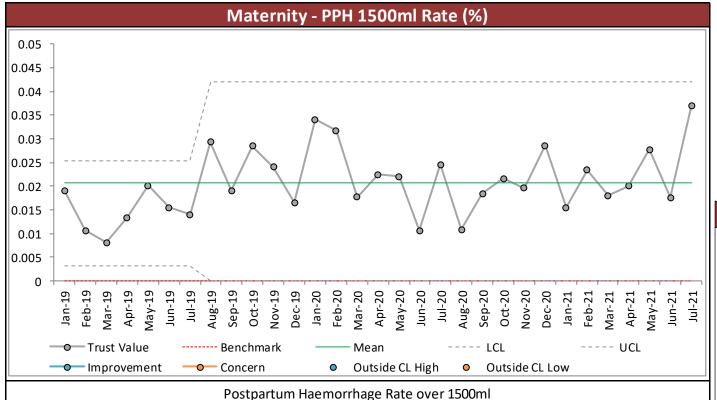
- Deliver all aspects of the Saving Babies Lives Care Bundle.
- Implementation of Ockenden report recommendations
- Continued review and analysis through the labour ward reporting and risk management case reviews.
- Monitored quarterly through patient safety and LMS regional board.

Timescale

Ongoing







Benchmark	
Mean	0.02
Last Month	0.04

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Kay Branch

Commentary

Target based on
National Maternity &
Perinatal Audit (NMPA) data
2017 (data based on vaginal
birth only)

Cause of Variation

This metric is a stable process with normal variation.

Planned Actions

- Continue current processes.
- Introduction of measured blood loss at Elective Caesarean Section is being trialled with a view to rolling out to Emergency Caesarean Sections.

Timescale

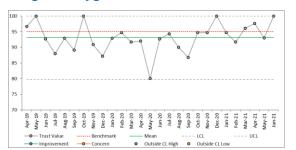
Timescale to be determined.

Effective

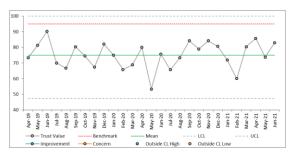


Sepsis Executive Lead Mike Stewart Lead Lindsay Garcia

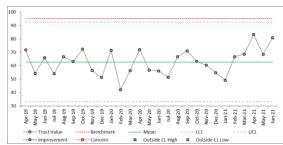
Targeted oxygen delivered within 1 hour



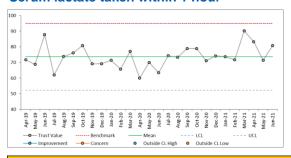
Blood cultures taken within 1 Hour



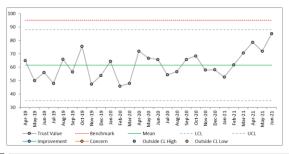
IV antibiotics administered within 1hr



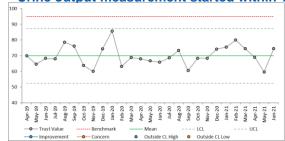
Serum lactate taken within 1 hour



IV fluid resuscitation initiated within 1 hour



Urine output measurement started within 1hr



Cause of Variation

- Normal variation with improvement seen in all elements.
- On occasions the Sepsis Assessment tool is not getting launched appropriately in ED - immediate action undertaken
- Difficulty in obtaining venous access has been documented which has an impact on 3 elements of the bundle
- Lack of electronic decision support and management tools
- Poor compliance with completion of fluid balance chart
- Increase in ED activity
- Staffing shortages reported

Planned Actions

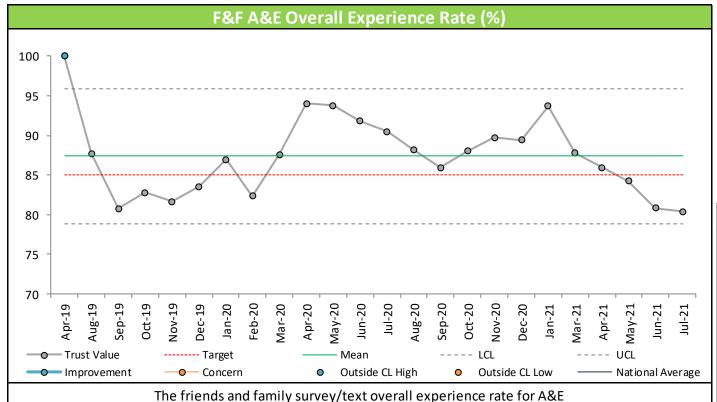
- Electronic workflow to be introduced throughout the organisation with 'close the loop' configuration. This will;
 - -open the sepsis six pathway and produce a visual timer
 - -reduce the time required locating and reviewing HCRs for audit
 - -allow further clinical support from the educators
 - -identify areas for improvement and exemplary practice
- The introduction of electronic fluid balance will also increase compliance to the urine output element of the sepsis six - second phase of implementation
- Final stage user acceptance testing complete
- Clinical audit trial underway with coding allowing timely access to HCRs for audit
- Daily record of trigger audit
- Daily educator presence in every clinical area guided by elevated NEWS on VitalPAC
- ED to participate in clinical audit, allowing ownership of data and analysis

Timescale

- July September 2021 educational rollout and promotional campaign
- September 2021 Patientrack 'Go-
- live' implementation including sepsis
- August 2021 1 month audit with coding - reporting September 2021
- Clinical Education team in post and inductions complete
- One vacancy remaining
- interviews 17/08/21 Daily education in ED
- Weekly engagement with the ED Clinical Matron







Target	85
Mean	87.41
Last Month	80.40

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Jen Olver

Commentary

This target has been met consistently since April 2020.

A downward trend has been noted since January.

Cause of Variation

- This metric is within normal variation.
- The metric has seen a downward trend since January 21.
- The metric has fallen below the target this month, for the second time since February 2020.

Planned Actions

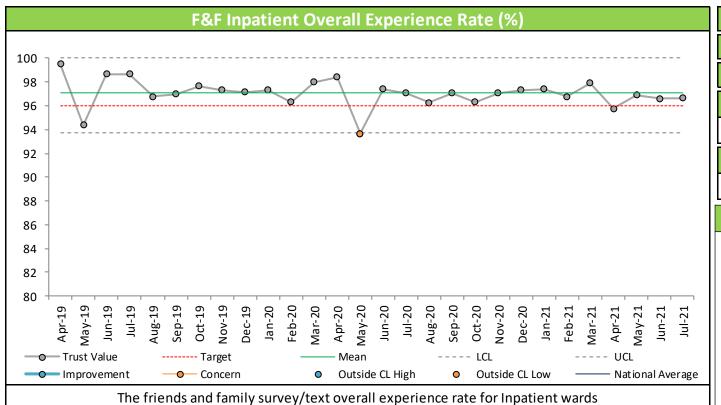
- Continue to monitor.
- Review of the feedback to identify cause for deterioration.
- Triangulate with other A & E data sources.
- Review Urgent and Emergency Care National Survey results.

Timescale

October 2021.







Target	96
Mean	97.05
Last Month	96.64

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Jen Olver

Commentary

This metric is within normal variation and the mean is above the target

Inpatient feedback remains consistently high

Cause of Variation

• The mean remains above the target.

Planned Actions

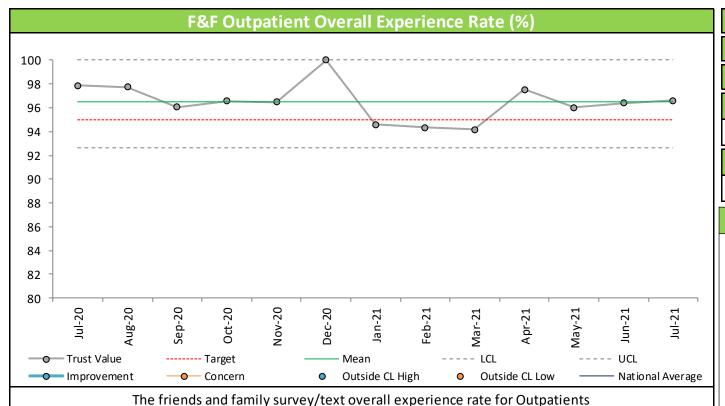
• Continue with current process.

Timescale

Ongoing.







Target	95
Mean	96.49
Last Month	96.62

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Jen Olver

Commentary

This is a new indicator and data is available from July 2020.

Patient experience in outpatients remains high

Cause of Variation

- This metric is within normal variation and the mean is above the benchmark.
- Compliance continues to be achieved.

Planned Actions

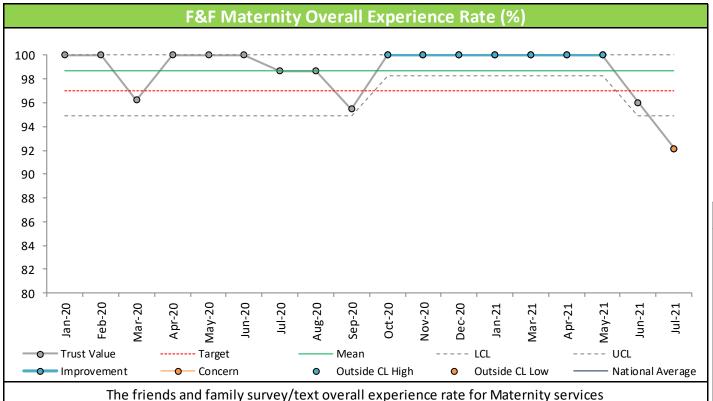
- Continue to monitor the overall experience.
- To increase patient feedback in outpatient areas.

Timescale

Ongoing







Target	97
Mean	98.73
Last Month	92.16

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Jen Olver

Commentary

The target has consistently been met up to May 2021 and has fallen below the mean for the last two months.

Cause of Variation

- The mean is below the target, for the second month.
- Low numbers are returned, with the number of surveys completed at birth, post natal ward and community being very low.

Planned Actions

- Review survey compliance with Maternity Lead for patient experience, to understand causes of variation.
- Review of the surveys completed at the four touch points in the maternity pathway.

Timescale

October 2021







Target	80
Mean	74.48
Last Month	68.89

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Jen Olver

Commentary

There were 47 complaints closed in July, 8 of which were closed following a meeting.

Cause of Variation

- Compliance for this metric is below the target.
- Annual leave, staff sickness, availability of healthcare records. and clinicians' availability to input into responses.

Planned Actions

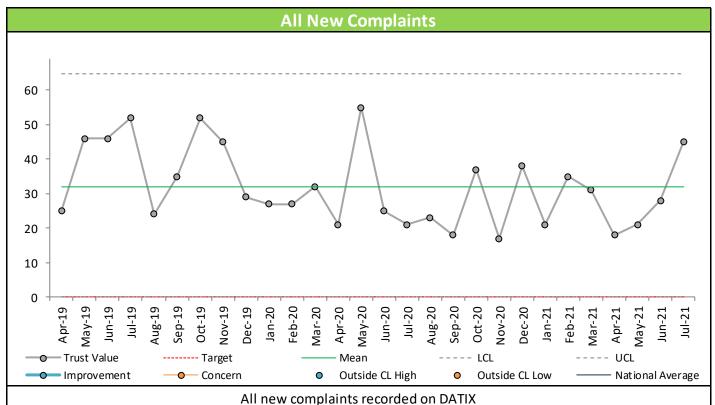
- Monitor current process and quality assurance processes.
- Continue to meet weekly to discuss actions for off target complaints.
- Escalation process in place for complaints off target.

Timescale

• September 2021







Target	
Mean	31.93

Last Month 45.00

Executive Lead

Hilary Lloyd

Lead

Jen Olver

Commentary

There was 35 formal complaints received in July a significant increase on the previous month.

Cause of Variation

Variation of common cause within confidence limits.

Planned Actions

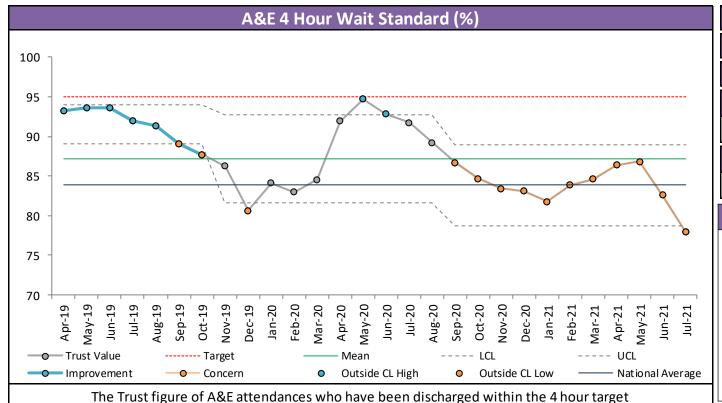
- Themes from complaints are fed back to the collaboratives.
- Actions from complaints are monitored monthly.

Timescale

Ongoing







Target	95
Mean	87.20
Last Month	78.01

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Cheryl Burton

Commentary

Activity in excess of pre pandemic levels. Significant impact on performance in July 21. COVID staff isolation and sickness impacting on ability to meet demand.

Cause of Variation

- Sustained increased demand across all emergency and urgent care settings.
- Throughput challenged at times of high attendances.
- Staff isolation and absence due to outbreak significantly impacting medical and nursing rosters
- Lack of cubicle space.
- Sustained increase in Resus and Paediatric activity
- F2F GP appointments.

Planned Actions

- Operationalisation of Children's and Young Persons Emergency Department. (September 2021)
- Organisational approach to SDEC pathways to remove crowding and delays for non elective patients.
- Review of ED operational model to improve dwell times and processing – meetings in progress.
- ED recovery plan developed in line with ECIST recommendations.
- Clinically ready to proceed to be implemented end August 2021

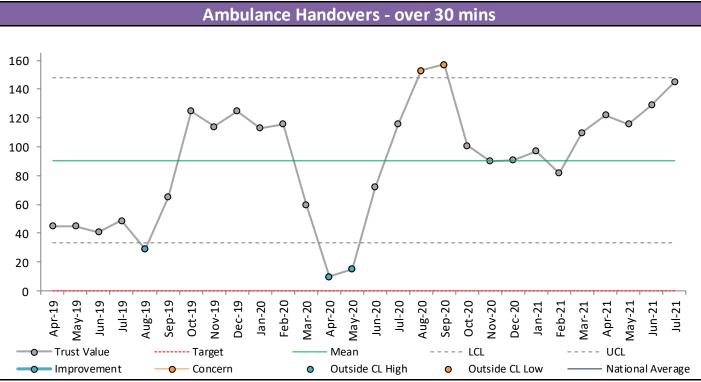
Timescale

- 21st September 2021
- Implemented clinical pathways mid Aug with audit on-going.
- August 2021
- Ongoing
- End Aug 21

Quality Finance & Investment Workforce 36







Ambulance A&E handover delays greater than 30 minutes	
Ambiliance AV. Enandover delaye greater than Aliminitee	
Allibulance Age halluovel delays gleater than 50 lilliotes	
, a	

Target	0
Mean	90.46
Last Month	145.00

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Cheryl Burton

Commentary

Increasing levels of activity impacting on ability to receive ambulance handover in line with measure. It has been identified that in some cases access to IT for the provider to complete episode (PIN) delays the turnaround KPI.

Cause of Variation

- High volume of self presentations to ED.
- Reduced ability to meet demand due to increased levels of presentation.
- Exit block from department leading to overcrowding and lack of capacity to take handovers.
- PIN completion at point of contact.
- Handover delays.
- Staffing resource not available to take handover.

Planned Actions

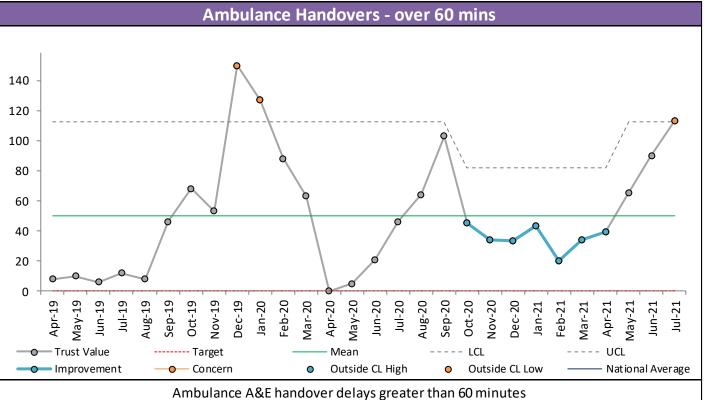
- Activity follow with NEAS and YAS to identify delays in total turnaround times.
- Weekly meetings with NEAS to validate data and utilise business intelligence to streamline pathways/process.
- Access to IT for ambulance PIN completion of episode
- Collaborative communications between NEAS and ED in relation to roles and responsibilities regarding ambulance handover and process.

Timescale

- Completed
- Ongoing
- August 2021
- August 2021







Target	0
Mean	49.79
Last Month	113.00

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Cheryl Burton

Commentary

Increasing levels of activity impacting on ability to receive ambulance handover in line with measure. It has been identified that in some cases access to IT for the provider to complete episode (PIN) delays the turnaround KPI.

Cause of Variation

- High volume of self presentations to ED .
- Reduced ability to meet demand due to increased levels of presentation.
- Exit block from department leading to overcrowding and lack of capacity to take handovers.
- PIN completion at point of contact.
- Handover delays.
- Staffing resource not available to take handover.

Planned Actions

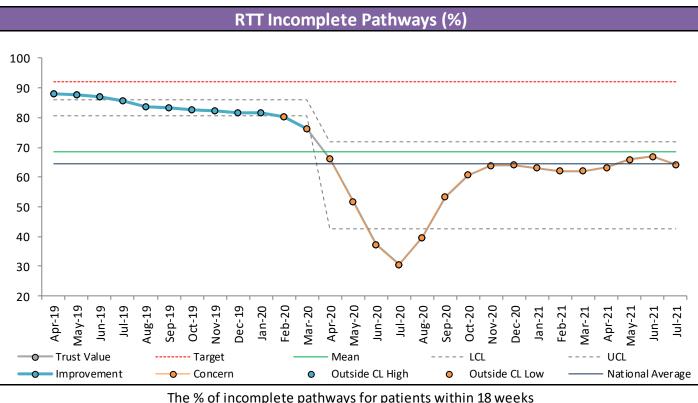
- Activity follow with NEAS and YAS to identify delays in total turnaround times.
- Weekly meetings with NEAS to validate data and utilise business intelligence to streamline pathways/process.
- Access to IT for ambulance PIN completion of episode
- Collaborative communications between NEAS and ED in relation to roles and responsibilities regarding ambulance handover and process.

Timescale

- Completed
- Ongoing
- August 2021
- August 2021







Target	92
Mean	68.39

Last Month 64.20

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Joanne Evans

Commentary

Existing RTT improvement Trajectory expecting performance to 68% by July 21 with further improvement to 74% by March 22.

Over 52 week waits improvement trajectory 2,817 for July 21 reducing to 1,470 by March 22.

National standard sets out that more than 92% of patients on incomplete pathways should have been waiting no more than 18 weeks from referral.

Cause of Variation

- Special cause variation within the system from July 2020 to December 2020 as a result of COVID. Improvements within the system can be seen, however the target is still not being achieved.
- June position not yet confirmed, Over 52 week waiters for June 21: 2,591 (May 21: 3,167).

Planned Actions

- Orthopaedic weekend working commenced.
- Distribution of activity to IS.
- Focus on clinical need first, then longest waiters.
- Further increase in access planned in May ensuring all available theatre estate being utilised.
- Plan being established for opening additional sessional activity in August on completion of lifecycle works to Theatres 5 & 6.

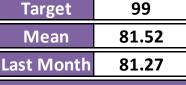
Timescale

- 18 months to deliver standard.
- Individual plans have specific target dates.
- Improvement trajectory will be determined with clinical teams.





NHS Foundation Trust Target Mean **Last Month** Sam Peate Lead Ann Wright The monthly diagnostics



Executive Lead

Commentary

waiting times collection is the primary source for diagnostics waiting times and activity for 15 key diagnostics tests. It is used to measure performance against the operational standard, that less than 1% of patients should wait 6 weeks or more for a diagnostics test.

100		
90		
80		
70 -		
60 -		
50 -		
40 -		
30 -		
20		
Apr-19 May-19 Jun-19 Jun-19 Aug-19 Sep-19 Oct-19 Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Jun-20 Aug-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Dec-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21		
─────────────────────────────────────		
■ Improvement ■ Concern ■ Outside CL High ■ Outside CL Low ■ National Average		

The % of Diagnostic tests that were carried out within 6 weeks of request being received

Cause of Variation

- The process is showing common cause variation following special cause variation in March 2020 due to Covid 19 pandemic.
- Accumulation of routine diagnostic tests for Neurophysiology, Audiology, Dexa Scanning and Urodynamics.

Planned Actions

- Continue to review and maximise utilisation of capacity.
- Replacement Dexa scanner being progressed
- Administrative and clinical prioritisation and validation of waiting lists, including surveillance patients.
- Book according to priority and chronological order.
- Work with ICP and ICS partners on demand and capacity, including business cases for community diagnostic hubs.
- Service review and improvement trajectories.

Timescale

- Weekly
- August 2021
- 31st July 2021
- Weekly
- Q1/Q2
- As required by Strategic Recovery Group.





Target 93

Mean 86.76

Last Month 88.26

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Carol Taylor

Commentary

National Standard - 93% This standard covers patients seen by a specialist following an urgent GP referral for suspected cancer.

July 21 indicative. Last achieved in March 21.

28 day faster diagnostic target achieved in June 21 – compliance 78% (National Target 75%)

Cancer Treatment - 14 Day Standard (%)	
100 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55	
Ombinion of the property of th	

The Trust figure showing number of patients treated within the 14 day target

Cause of Variation

 Special cause variation within the system from Jun 2020 to November 2020, as a result of COVID and a marked reduction in referrals across all cancer sites. Improvements within the system can be seen, however the target is still not being achieved consecutively.

Planned Actions

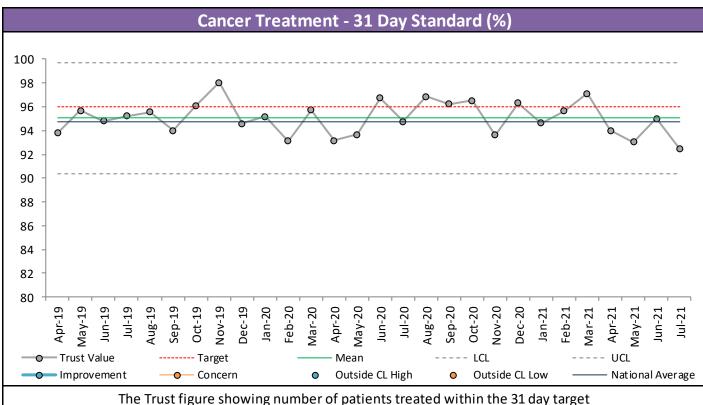
- Continuation of triage of 2ww referrals on receipt.
- Daily Escalation of unutilised slots to ensure these are filled.
- Weekly cancer performance wall continues virtually to identify pressures and themes.

Timescale

Ongoing







Target	96
Mean	95.05
Last Month	92.47

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Carol Taylor

Commentary

National Target - a maximum one month (31day) wait from the date a decision to treat (DTT) is made to the first definitive treatment for all cancers.

July 21 indicative. Last achieved in March 21.

Cause of Variation

- Process within normal variation, although within control limits this target is not being met consistently.
- Significant reduction in referrals received in Lung and Urological tumour groups in comparison to Pre COVID.

Planned Actions

- Ensure all patients are tracked and expedited where appropriate.
- Weekly cancer performance wall continues virtually.
- Detailed Cancer improvement trajectories to be established by tumour group in June 21.

Timescale

- · Weekly.
- Weekly.
- Progress reviewed monthly with escalation to Board through performance report.





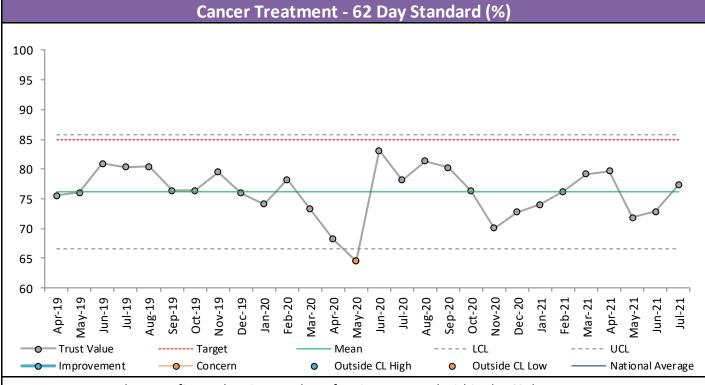
NHS Foundation Trust Target Mean **Last Month Executive Lead** Sam Peate Lead Carol Taylor National Target - maximum two

85 76.18 77.35

Commentary

month (62-day) wait from urgent referral for suspected cancer to the first definitive treatment for all cancers

Whilst just within the control limit the means is at 75.99% therefore the target is unlikely to be met.



The Trust figure showing number of patients treated within the 62 day target

Cause of Variation

- Late transfers from other organisations continues to impact on the trust's ability to achieve the 62 days cancer standard. In order to achieve the standard transfers need to take place by day 38 of the patient pathway. June 21 - 35% of transfers have taken place after 38 days. In line with the Inter Provider transfer rules those transferred after day 38 25% were treated by the trust within 24 days of receipt.
- Increased level of demand returning to pre pandemic levels.

Planned Actions

- South Tees Surgical Cell in place to support the delivery of Cancer Surgeries across the patch.
- Weekly PTL meetings in place to aid patients through their pathway and mitigate breaches where possible.
- Weekly Cancer Wall forum provides an opportunity to discuss current performance and updates from specialties on current state of play.
- Improvement trajectories to be developed at tumour group level
- Work in ongoing with the cancer network to seek to resolve delays in transfer of patients.

Timescale

- Due to the impact of Covid this metric is unlikely to get back to target for many months.
- Once the effects from the COVID pandemic subside, and the process reviews are all completed. The '62 day' KPI performance would start to improve to an average of circa. 85%, usually varying between 82% and 88% each month.

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Finance & Investment





Cancer Treatment - 62 Day Screening (%) 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 Jul-19 Jan-20 Apr-20 May-20 Jun-20 Jul-20 Oct-20 Nov-20 Mar-21 Apr-21 Trust Value Target Mean Improvement Concern Outside CL High Outside CL Low National Average

Target	90
Mean	78.22
Last Month	50.00

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Carol Taylor

Commentary

National Screening Target maximum two month (62-day) wait from urgent referral for suspected cancer to the first definitive treatment for all cancers

Whilst just within the control limit the means is at 78.22% therefore the target is unlikely to be met.

Cause of Variation

 Process within normal variation, note due to the low volumes of screening referrals this does impact on the overall compliance significantly. Majority screening patients commence their pathway at a tertiary provider and are transferred in for further investigations and treatment. It should be noted that the transfer rules within 62 day first also stand for screening patients.

Planned Actions

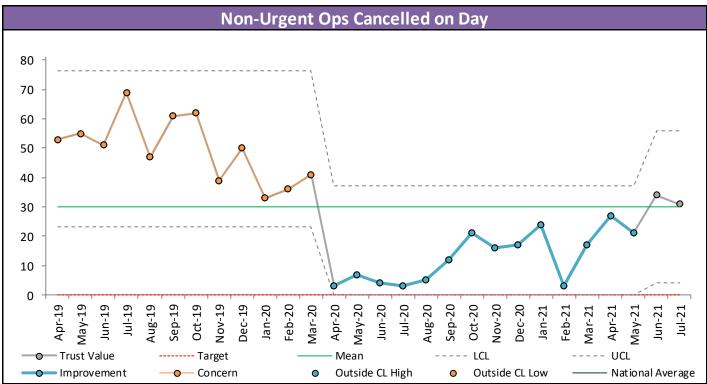
Actions as per 62 day first standard (previous slide)

Timescale

Quality Finance & Investment Workforce







The number of non-urgent operations that were cancelled on the day of the procedure

Target	0
Mean	30.07
Last Month	31.00

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Joanne Evans

Commentary

Improvement in the system due to COVID and reduced elective programme.

Theatre improvement plan being developed to address late cancellation of patients due to hospital factors.

Cause of Variation

 Process within normal variation, not reduced volumes of cancellations between April 2020 and August 2020 due to the reduction in elective activity being undertaken.

Planned Actions

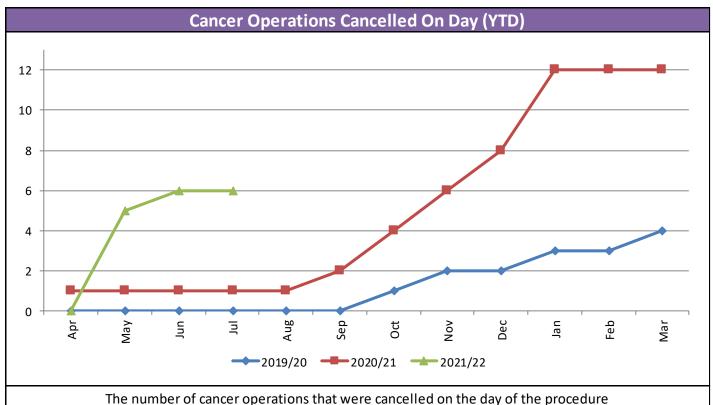
- Continue to ensure that patients are appropriately consented and pre-assessed prior to admission to minimise the likelihood of 'hospital initiated' cancellation.
- Focus on improved pre-assessment service.
- Weekly review to take place in clinical recovery meeting.
- Established waiting list managers forum to tackle performance.
- Implementation of new Theatre SOP to support reduction in cancellations.

Timescale

45

Ongoing.





Target	0
Mean	N/A
YTD	6
Executi	ve Lead
Sam Peate	

Lead

Joanne Evans

Commentary

Cancer cancelled
Operations have only been reported since the end of 2019.

There have been 6 cancer operations cancelled this financial year.

Cause of Variation

- There was 1 short notice cancer operation cancelled in June for non clinical reasons.
- Limited access to critical care throughout pandemic.

Planned Actions

• Cancellation reasons to be reviewed in weekly clinical recovery meeting.

Timescale

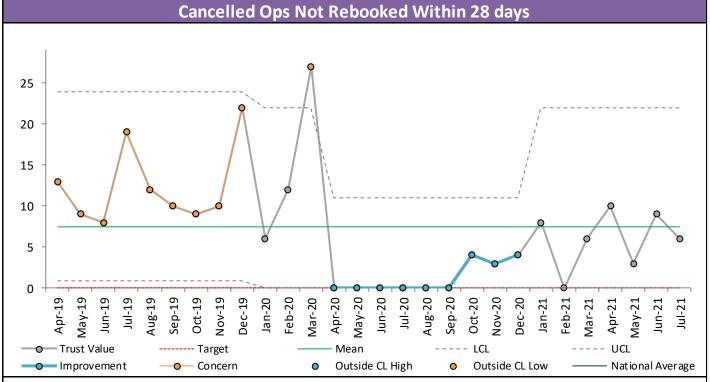
46

• Ongoing monitoring.





NHS Foundation Trust



Cancelled operations for non-clinical reasons not rebooked within 28 days

Target	0
Mean	7.50
Last Month	6.00

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Joanne Evans

Commentary

National standard - When a patient's operation is cancelled by the hospital at the last minute for non clinical reasons, the hospital will have to offer another binding date within a maximum of the next 28 days

This metric improved significantly following the onset of Covid. Cancellations started to increase during the recovery phase however they have not increased to pre Covid levels.

Cause of Variation

Process within normal variation.

Planned Actions

- Continue to escalate for dates to be re-booked within 28 day standard if dates not yet booked or booked outside of the 28 day standard.
- Increase in theatre access implemented throughout April.
- Weekly monitoring via clinical recovery meeting.

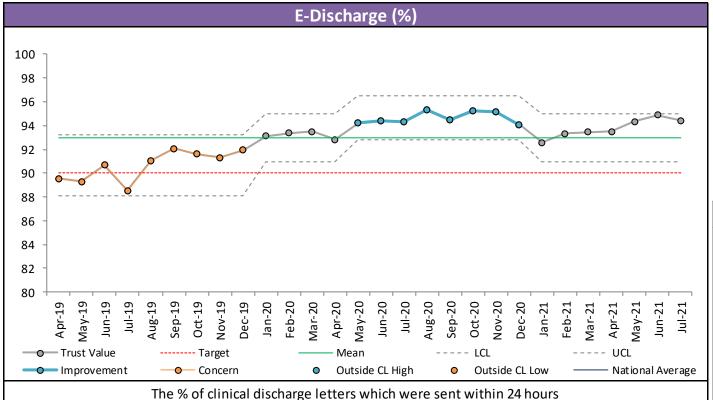
Timescale

47

Ongoing







Target	90
Mean	92.94
Last Month	94.43

Executive Lead

Sam Peate

Lead

Moira Angel

Commentary

This target has been met consistently since August 2019.

Cause of Variation

No significant variation.

Planned Actions

 There are some data quality issues that are being explored to check for accuracy. The definition for the metric is being checked to make sure that the denominator only includes the areas of the organisation that should be completing e-discharges within 24 hours.

Timescale

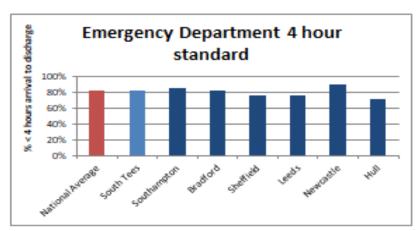
48

Ongoing

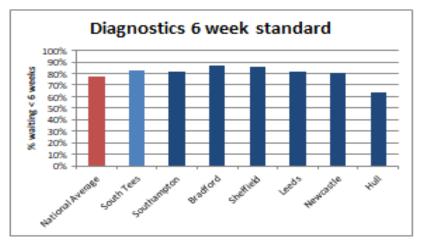


Benchmarking against National Average and Other Providers

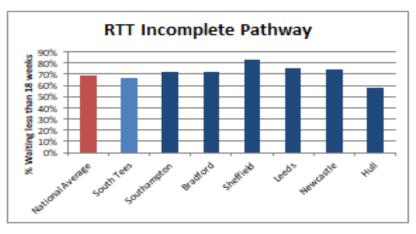
June 2021



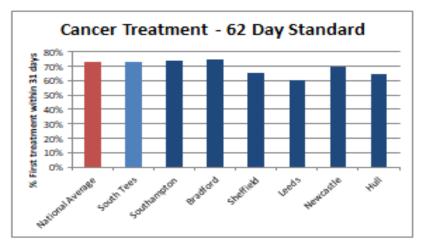
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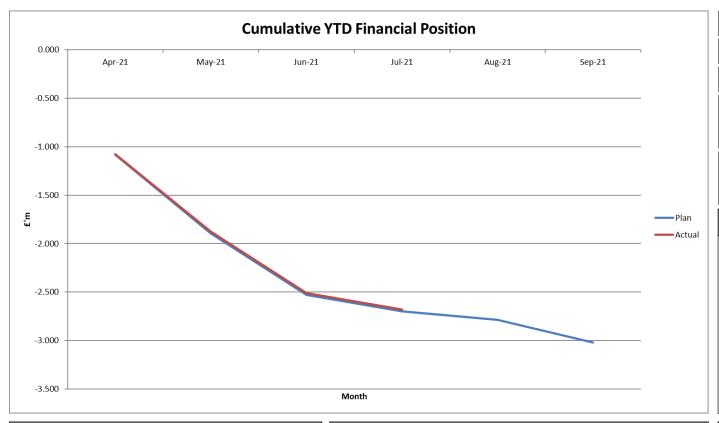


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Commentary

The Trust's financial performance is a deficit of £2.7m at month 4, in line with the submitted H1 plan.

Cause of Variation

No cause of variation.

Planned Actions

- Rebase and detailed review of high cost drugs and devices baseline budget, including HCTED items.
- Review of ongoing Covid-19 costs for H1.

Timescale

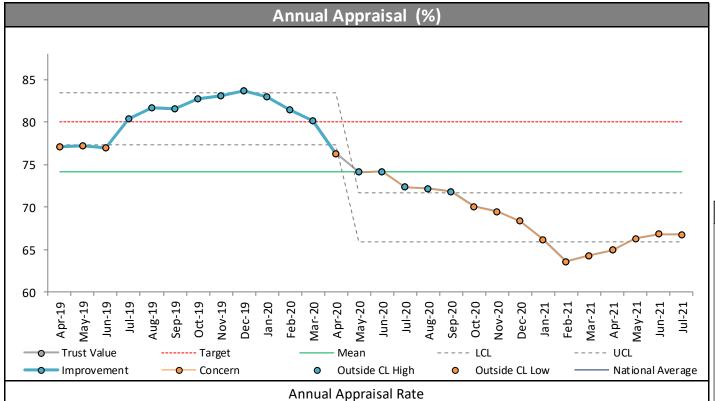
50

- 31 August 2021
- 30 September 2021

Quality Finance & Investment Workforce







Target	80
Mean	74.17
Last Month	66 73

Executive Lead

Rachael Metcalf

Lead

Jane Herdman

Commentary

This metric has had a slight drop in month of July. It has dropped from 66.81% to 66.73%.

The introduction of HR clinics with managers throughout the organisation has received positive comment. Introduction of real time data has enabled a data cleanse to take place, which will support more accurate HR data being provided to managers.

Cause of Variation

- Additional pressures on managers requiring them to focus on operational requirements a as a result of Covid pressures and staff isolating during the month July.
- Lowest areas of compliance include Growing the Friarage and Community at 57.33%, Women and Children at 57.37% and Perioperative and Critical Care services at 60.93%.
- Cardiovascular Care services above target of 82.67%.

Planned Actions

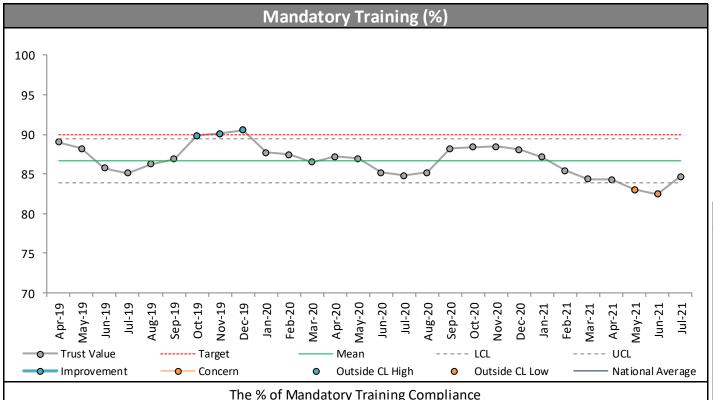
- HR Operations Team now have access to real time data which has enabled them to provide improved data to management teams which is now in use to inform discussion with managers to improve performance.
- A total of 37 HR clinics have been held with manager in the month of July.
- Digestive Diseases showed highest improvement from 67.9 to 71.92 3.98% improvement
- HR clinics to address areas of lowest compliance are planned through August 2021.
- Corporate compliance data is currently 75 % with additional support being provided by HR to reach 80% by end August 2021.

Timescale

- August 2021
- August 2021
- August 2021







Target	90
Mean	86.70
Last Month	84.67

Executive Lead

Rachael Metcalf

Lead

Jane Herdman

Commentary

Mandatory Training has increased slightly to from 84.29 to 84.67%

Briefing sessions have taken place for staff regarding the transfer of training onto ESR and HR clinics introduced to discuss compliance against KPI for worst performing areas.

Cause of Variation

- Mandatory Training data has been transferred onto ESR to enable real time reporting. Training packages within ESR are more challenging. Therefore some of the training programmes will take more time to complete.
- Capacity in the organisation has been under significant pressure with staff isolation figures rising.
- Lowest areas of compliance Women and Children at 79.26%, Medicine & Emergency care services 81.21% & Head and Neck at 83.18%. Remaining areas in 80 – 90%.
- Growing the Friarage & Community Service is above target at 90.02%

Planned Actions

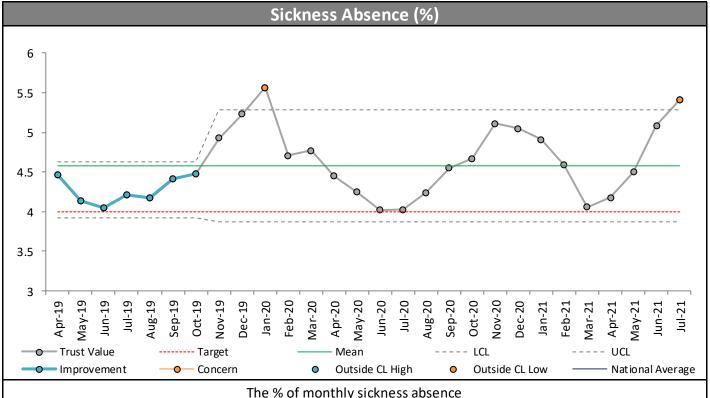
- HR Clinics introduced between HR and managers and focusses on those areas with lowest compliance of KPI. 37 clinics held across the organisation within July/August 2021.
- Mini data cleanse underway, data is updated following every HR clinic which will provide more accurate HR data with managers.
- Significant Increase in compliance within Growing the Friarage and Community Services currently at 90.2% James Cook Cancer Institute showed greatest improvement in compliance from 86.9 to 88.17% - a 1.27% improvement
- Meetings have taken place with the Resus Team to support the introduction of this role specific training to be available on ESR

Timescale

- August 2021 onwards
- August 2021 onwards
- August 2021







Target	4
Mean	4.58
Last Month	5.41

Executive Lead

Rachael Metcalf

Lead

Jane Herdman

Commentary

General sickness absence has increased for the last 4 months in a row.

Staff absence figures have increased from 5.09% in June to 5.41% in July. Various HR clinics introduced across the organisation, including absence management refresher training and case conferences

Cause of Variation

- Staff absence figures have increased from 5.09% in June to 5.41% in July. The key areas of concern are stress, anxiety and depression.
- The highest recorded sickness is Neurosciences and Spinal Care Services at 6.24% closely followed by Perioperative and Criticar Care Services at 6.01% and Cardiovascular Care Services at 5.99%.
- Medicine and Emergency Care Services last month were recorded the highest sickness rate with 8.02% this has now reduced to 7.72 % this month.

Planned Actions

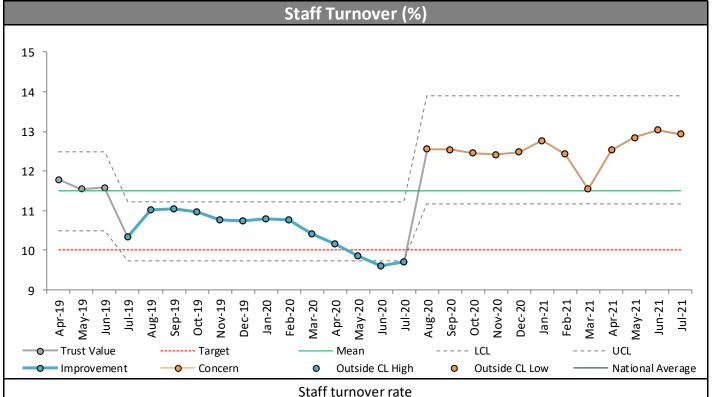
- In additional to HR clinics, monthly case conferences between HR, OH and managers to be introduced by end of August 2021 to focus on areas with highest absence
- Support provided to Critical Care to recruit to a number of vacant posts within Critical Care which is having an impact on absence management.
- Digestive Diseases area with most improvement, reducing absence by 0.38% within July 2021.
- Refresher session on absence process being provided in Corporate and Clinical services to support managers with high levels of absence.

Timescale

- August 201 ongoing
- August 2021
- August 2021







Target	10
Mean	11.49
Last Month	12.93

Executive Lead

Rachael Metcalf

Lead

Jane Herdman

Commentary

Various initiatives to be introduced to support staff engagement and workforce planning, focussing on staff wellbeing and retention.

Cause of Variation

- Turnover has decreased by 0.11% to 12.93%
- Highest rate of turnover is in the following areas: Medicine & emergency Care Services - 17.33%, Cardiovascular Care Services - 15.42% and Perioperative and Critical Care – 15.40%
- James Cook Cancer institute and specialist Medicine Services are at 9.09% and Neurosciences and Spinal care at 9.94% - both below target of 10%

Planned Actions

- Partnership working with Staff Side and HR to finalise the Retention Strategy, which includes a number of early interventions to retain staff. These will be introduced within operational areas in August/September 2021
- Detailed action plan to underpin the People Plan is in development, which includes focus on staff engagement and retention.
- A workforce plan to be developed for each Clinical Collaborative, which provides a detailed forecast of staff requirements form a 5 year period, Clinical Collaboratives to develop action plan by November 2021.
- Development of a succession planning document to be implemented in every department
- Growing the Friarage and Community Services are holding a recruitment day

Timescale

- September 2021
- September 2021
- August 2021
- October 2021
- · September 2021

Glossary of Terms



Term	Description
ED	Emergency Department
EPRR	Emergency Preparedness, Resilience and Response
HDU	High Dependency Unit
HILT	Hospital Intervention Liaison Team
HRBP	HR Business Partner
IPAC	Infection Prevention and Control
IPAG	Infection Prevention Assurance Group
IPCN	Infection Prevention Control Nurse
ITU	Intensive Therapy Unit
LocSSIP	Local Safety Standards for Invasive Procedures
OPAT	Outpatient Parenteral Antibiotic Therapy
PTL	Patient Tracking List
RTA	Ready To Assemble
SI	Serious Incident
STACQ	South Tees Accreditation for Quality of Care
TCI Date	To Come In Date

Future Changes



 Continue review of IPR, including relevant targets in line with Improvement Plan, trajectories for improvement and page layout.

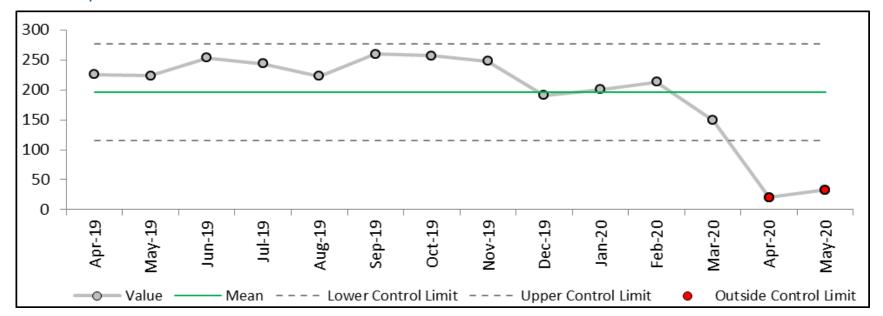
Introduction to Statistical Process Control



Statistical process control (SPC) charts can help to understand the scale of a problem, gather information and identify possible causes.

An SPC chart has an average line (mean) and two control lines above and below the average line. The control lines are a function of the data, and provide an indication as to whether the process exhibits common cause (predictable) variation or whether there are special causes.

In the example below, activity falls outside of the control limits in April, indicating a potential issue that requires further analysis.





Council of Governors				
Month 4 2021/22 Financia	I Performance		Agenda Item 10	
			ENC 5	
Report Author and Job Title:	Luke Armstrong Deputy Chief Finance Officer	Responsible Director:	Chris Hand Chief Finance Officer	
Action Required	Approve □ Discuss ⊠	Inform ⊠		
Situation	This report outlines the Tru	ust's financial p	erformance as at Month 4.	
Background	Due to the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic formal annual financial planning has been suspended for the first half of 2021/22. ICS system level planning is in place, with each ICP expected to deliver break-even within a fixed funding envelope. The Trust's requirement for H1 2021/22 is to deliver a £3.0m deficit.			
Assessment	At Month 4 the Trust reported a deficit of £2.7m at a system control total level. This is in line with the required budget deficit for M4 as agreed within the ICP/ICS.			
Recommendation	 Note the Trust position Note that the Trust deficit. 	tion for Month 4	ve a significant underlying	
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	The main risk from this repetition deficit which remains recular rangements for the start. The extent of the financial established with certainty a second half of 2021/22 is a agreed and the recurrent in process is currently under with NHSE/I as part of wid	rrently despite to of the current for challenge for 2 as the detailed pawaited and the mpact of Covid way to agree as	he revised funding nancial year. 021/22 in total cannot be planning guidance for the approach has not been is currently unknown. A financial recovery plan	
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no legal or equa with this paper.			
Strategic Objectives	Excellence in patient outco and experience □ Drive operational performa	experien	ce in employee ce m financial sustainability	
	Develop clinical and commercial strategies ⊠			



Month 4 2021/22 Financial Performance

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

The purpose of the report is to update the Committee on the financial position of the Trust as at Month 4.

2. BACKGROUND

Following the suspension of the NHS Planning Process for the first half of 2021/22 the Trust and wider ICP / ICS has a fixed level of income to cover its total costs. The ICP and ICS have an overall requirement to break even at the end of the 6 month period.

The Trust is required to deliver an overall deficit position of £3.0m for the 6 month period, in order to support the wider ICP / ICS system financial balance.

As with the final 6 months of 2020/21, a number of items of specific reasonable Covid-19 expenditure are reclaimable from NHS England centrally, including the costs of swabbing and vaccinations. The income in relation to these costs is shown in the PSF, MRET and Top up line, and the resulting variance has been normalised by adjusting budgets for both the additional income received and expenditure incurred.

The financial position included within this report is shown on a group basis including both the Trust and the Trust's subsidiary company South Tees Healthcare Management. The Trust is required to report on a group basis each Month to NHSE/I.

The Month 4 YTD actual performance is a £2.7m deficit at a control total level. This has resulted in the Trust being in line with its financial plan.



3. DETAILS

Trust position

The Month 4 position is outlined below; the following sections outline key variances and risks for divisional income, pay, non-pay and technical items.

	YTD Budget £'000	YTD Actual £'000	YTD Variance £'000	Adjustments £000	Revised YTD Variance £'000
Nhs Clinical Income	229,491	232,930	3,439	(3,439)	0
Other Income	16,756	17,357	601	(324)	277
Pay	(142,482)	(144,185)	(1,703)	1,311	(392)
Non Pay	(93,506)	(96,372)	(2,866)	2,093	(773)
Depreciation & Amt	(6,315)	(5,949)	366	335	701
Interest	(4,903)	(4,921)	(18)	0	(18)
PDC	(1,741)	(1,541)	200	0	200
Profit / (Loss) On Sale	0	93	93	23	116
Restructuring Costs	0	0	0	0	0
Corporation Tax	0	0	0	01	01
Donated Asset Inc & Depr	(233)	(1,113)	(880)	0	(880)
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0
Surplus / (Deficit) for period	(2,933)	(3,701)	(768)	0	(768)
Reconciliation to system Control Total					
Profit on Sale	0	(93)	(93)		(93)
Donated Asset Inc / Depr	233	1,113	880		880
Impairments	0	0	0		0
System control total	(2,700)	(2,681)	18	0	18

Overall the Trust is on plan for Month 4 of 2021/22.

- Adjustments are shown to normalise the NHSE/I submitted plan to the Trusts working budget, adjustments relate to high cost drugs and devices, net neutral budget realignments, along with additional income and cost in relation to the Elective Recovery Fund.
- Within the year to date position the Trust has recognised income and cost in relation to the Elective Recovery Fund of £6.5m.
- The other income over achievement of £0.3m is being driven by increased Estates income from Car Parking along with increased RTA and Private Patients income.
- The £0.4m overspend on pay has been driven by the recognition of the year to date element of the flowers legal case and increased agency spend.
- Non pay is overspent by £0.8m for Month 4 with this overspend driven by additional drugs and ICT systems spend, offset by lower depreciation charges.



Clinical Income

Under the revised financial arrangements for 2021/22, the Trust's previous aligned incentive contractual arrangement with its commissioners continues to be suspended as in 2020/21. Instead, the Trust is paid under a block arrangement with income fixed for the first half of the year, with the exception of the below items.

- HEPC and CDF Drugs
- High cost devices from NHS England
- Elective Recovery Fund income

The Trust's block payments are shown below split by Commissioner:

Commissioner Code	Commissioner Name	Block Payment
16C	NHS Tees Valley CCG	124,142
84H	NHS County Durham CCG	4,767
00P	NHS Sunderland CCG	245
01H	NHS North Cumbria CCG	218
13X	NHS England - North East and Yorkshire Commissioning Hub	68,295
13Q	NHS England - Central (CDF, HepC & C&V Variance)	2,110
Y63	NHS England - North East and Yorkshire Commissioning Region	2,434
Y58	South West Regional Office (MoD)	579
42D	NHS North Yorkshire CCG	29,632
03Q	NHS Vale of York CCG	489
	Prior Year Adjustments	20
	Total Income Month 4	232,930

Clinical income is shown below split by income type in order to highlight variable elements.

	YTD Budget £'000	YTD Actual £'000	YTD Variance £'000
Blocks	199,111	199,111	0
Top Up	9,952	9,952	0
Covid-19	9,004	9,004	0
Lost non NHS Income	840	840	0
CDF	2,228	1,789	(439)
HEPC	256	178	(78)
High Cost Devices	5,047	5,422	375
Cost and volume drugs	0	142	142
ERF	6,492	6,492	0
YTD M4	232,930	232,930	0

Variances shown on CDF, HEPC cost and volume drugs and high cost devices income are counteracted by cost movements within expenditure.



At Month 4 the Trust has recognised income in relation to the Elective Recovery Fund of £6.5m, with a corresponding expenditure value within pay and non-pay.

Other Income

Other income is £0.3m ahead of plan at Month 4.

	Budget to M6 £'000
Education & Training Income	10,021
Estates Income	1,102
Misc. Other Income	6,344
Non Patient Care Income	1,246
Other Clinical Income	1,487
Psf, Mret & Top Up	1,527
Research & Development Income	2,451
Total	24,177

YTD Budget £'000	YTD Actual £'000	YTD Variance £'000
6,689	6,724	35
735	785	51
4,536	4,427	(109)
892	1,039	146
992	1,150	158
1,436	1,460	24
1,800	1,772	(28)
17,080	17,357	277

- Misc. Other income is behind plan by £0.1m driven by lower income generation from testing services within Pathology from external customers, this lower income is matched to lower non pay costs.
- Non patient care income is overachieving by £0.1m from higher receipts year to date of maternity pathway income.
- Other clinical income is overachieving by £0.2m, this is being driven by higher income receipts for both RTA income and Private Patient income, as both income streams recover following the pandemic.

Pay

In the year to date position, pay is overspent by £0.4m, as outlined in the below table.

	Budget to M6 £'000
Ahp'S, Sci., Ther. & Tech.	(30,946)
Hca'S & Support Staff	(22,275)
Medical And Dental	(64,426)
Nhs Infrastructure Support	(30,237)
Nursing & Midwife Staff	(66,014)
Other Pay Costs	(760)
Total	(214,656)

YTD Variance £'000	YTD Actual £'000	YTD Budget £'000
(39)	(20,640)	(20,601)
(628)	(15,917)	(15,289)
(291)	(43,320)	(43,029)
(104)	(20,336)	(20,232)
692	(43,443)	(44,135)
(23)	(529)	(507)
(392)	(144,185)	(143,793)

- Within the YTD pay position a budget for additional Covid costs of £4.4m is included, assigned to the specific staff group and directorate where costs are being incurred.
- Overspends on HCAs and Support Staff is counteracted by underspends on Nursing with a combined net £0.1m underspend position. Within both pay



- categories £1.7m of year to date funding for covid sickness is included, increasing the overall underspend.
- Medical and Dental staff show a year to date overspend of £0.3m. Junior staffing is overspent by £0.2m and £0.1m for senior medical staffing, driven by the premium pay cost of agency and additional activity payments.
- Cost have been recognised in relation to the year to date element of the flowers legal case of £0.2m, split to the relevant pay category.

Non-Pay

Non-pay is overspent by £0.8m at Month 4. This overspend is predominantly driven by increases in drugs costs from high cost drugs and increases in ICT systems costs.

	Budget to M6 £'000
Clinical Negligence Cost	(9,120)
Clinical Supplies And Services	(48,602)
Drugs	(35,597)
Establishment	(3,317)
Ext. Staffing & Consultancy	(220)
General Supplies & Service	(2,047)
Healthcare Service Purchase	(6,266)
Miscellaneous Services	(809)
Pfi Unitary Payment	(14,812)
Premises & Fixed Plant	(12,009)
Research, Education & Training	(1,835)
Transport	(2,119)
Total	(136,754)

YTD Budget £'000	YTD Actual £'000	YTD Variance £'000
(6,080)	(6,080)	(0)
(36,244)	(34,862)	1,382
(23,959)	(25,165)	(1,206)
(2,108)	(2,763)	(655)
(163)	(104)	60
(1,345)	(1,191)	154
(4,315)	(4,356)	(41)
(566)	(624)	(57)
(9,899)	(10,006)	(108)
(8,103)	(8,548)	(445)
(1,388)	(1,399)	(11)
(1,428)	(1,273)	154
(95,599)	(96,372)	(773)

- Clinical supplies and services are showing a year to date underspend of £1.3m with this being driven by reduced activity levels within clinical directorates.
- Drugs have a YTD overspend of £1.2m. This overspend is due to increased drugs costs within Gastroenterology, Neurology, Haematology and Ophthalmology, with costs being linked to increased activity levels.
- Establishment costs have a year to date overspend of £0.7m with this driven by increases in ICT systems costs and phone charges. A full detailed review of this cost will be conducted.
- The £0.4m overspend on premises has been driven by increases in charges from NHS Property Services with these costs anticipated to be funded by the CCG in future months.

Non-Operating Costs



Non-operating costs are underspent year to date, largely relating to PDC dividends and reflecting the Trusts current strong liquidity position during the H1 covid funding arrangements.

CIP

For the first 6 months of the year the Trust has a £5.0m CIP target. The programme is shown in the below table. Work is ongoing to embed efficiency planning and delivery arrangements through the Clinical Collaboratives, as part of the Trust's financial recovery planning.

	Plan to M6 £'000	YTD Target £'000	YTD Actual £'000	YTD Variance £'000
Corporate	2,430	1,442	2,143	701
Procurement	740	427	214	(213)
Pharmacy	485	208	0	(208)
Clinical Services	275	175	0	(175)
Estates	450	283	280	(03)
ICT	80	54	0	(54)
Workforce	540	333	394	61
Total	5,000	2,922	3,031	109

In month savings have been formally recognised in relation to:

- Procurement contractual savings
- Estates
- Workforce



Capital

The Trust's capital expenditure at the end of July amounted to £6.3m as detailed below:

YTD Budget £'000	YTD Actual £'000	YTD Variance £'000
3,127	3,129	02
4,883	1,209	(3,674)
834	1,449	615
1,800	548	(1,252)
10,644	6,335	(4,309)
	£'000 3,127 4,883 834 1,800	£'000 £'000 3,127 3,129 4,883 1,209 834 1,449 1,800 548

Full Year Budget £'000	Full Year Forecast £'000	Full Year Variance £'000
9,380	9,380	0
19,729	19,729	0
2,036	2,036	0
3,750	3,750	0
34,895	34,895	0

	YTD Budget £'000	YTD Actual £'000	YTD Variance £'000
Financing			
Depreciation	10,644	6,335	(4,309)
Internal Reserves	0	0	0
Charitable Funding	0	0	0
PDC	0	0	0
Total Financing	10,644	6,335	(4,309)

Full Year Budget £'000	Full Year Forecast £'000	Full Year Variance £'000
13,203	13,203	0
0	0	0
0	0	0
21,692	21,692	0
34,895	34,895	0

The programme includes the following identified schemes:

- ➤ PFI Lifecycle £10.4m contractual commitment (£9.4m) to Endeavour SCH LLP with the payment based on the Financial Model and PFI Enhancements and Change in Law (£1.0m);
- ➤ Estates Friarage Rationalisation and Redevelopment (£12.1m), SDEC (£1.5m), Pathology Development (£1.2m), Elective Recovery (£1.4m) and Friarage Critical Backlog maintenance (£1.0m);
- ➤ IT Alcidion and Digital Aspiration investment for e-prescribing and licencing (£1.2m), Data Centre Upgrade (£0.8m) and Cyber Investment (£0.5m); and
- ➤ Medical equipment Emergency replacement of medical equipment including committed items from 2020/21.

Capital investment to date largely relates to contractual PFI Lifecycle payments and investment in emergency Business As Usual (BAU) replacements. The capital programme is currently underspent by £4.3m and this mainly includes variances on the Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC) scheme £0.9m, Interventional Radiology £0.3m, FHN Theatre development and maintenance schemes £1.6m and the Alcidion project £0.6m.

The Trust submitted the annual capital plan for 2021/22 to NHSE/I on 12 April amounting to £33.4m. The Trust will utilise internally generated (depreciation) funds of £16.9m and sought to access PDC funding of £21.7m to support the capital programme, and to provide cash for contractual principal repayments on PFI and finance leases (£3.7m). The Trust submitted a request for Emergency PDC amounting to £9.6m in July but this was not accepted based on the Trust's liquidity. In this case the Trust will look to utilise available cash to deliver the programme and review the request only in the instance that liquidity worsens to a position where the position is



unsustainable. The Trust's actual and forecast liquidity position will continue to be closely monitored as outlined in this report.

The Trust will therefore only look to utilise PDC to deliver the Friarage Rationalisation and Theatre Redevelopment and this will amount to a request of £12.1m. The PDC funding for Friarage is ring-fenced to FHN and will not be available for other purposes.

Liquidity

The cash balance at 31 July 2021 was £54.1m.

The Trust's cash position will be maintained in August, with the next significant commitment on liquidity in September following the second quarterly PFI payment to Endeavour SCH Plc.

The Better Payment Practice Code (BPPC) performance for the Trust (target 95%) on cumulative invoices paid to date is detailed as follows:

- April 95.8%;
- May 96.4%;
- June 95.7%; and
- July 95.7%.



Statement of Financial Position (SOFP)

The following table compares the SOFP position between 30 June and 31 July 2021.

	30 June £000	31 July £000	Movement between months £000
Property, Plant and Equipment	243,119	243,816	697
Long Term Receivables	1,666	1,666	0
Total Non-Current Assets	244,785	245,482	697
Currents Assets			
Inventories	13,716	13,894	178
Trade and other receivables (invoices outstanding)	4,302	5,040	738
Trade and other receivables (accruals)	22,934	26,108	3,174
Prepayments including PFI	21,619	16,694	(4,925)
Cash	50,086	54,088	4,002
Total Current Assets	112,657	115,824	3,167
Current and Non-Current Liabilities			
Borrowings	(92,111)	(91,795)	316
Trade and other payables	(90,010)	(93,668)	(3,658)
Provisions	(1,632)	(2,445)	(813)
Total Current and Non-Current Liabilities	(183,753)	(187,908)	(4,155)
Net Assets	173,689	173,398	(291)
Equity:			
Income and Expenditure Reserve	(234,052)	(234,343)	(291)
Revaluation Reserve	33,643	33,643) o
Public Dividend Capital	347,622	347,622	0
Other Reserves	26,476	26,476	0
Total Equity	173,689	173,398	(291)

The major points of note on changes between June and July are:

- Property, Plant and Equipment movement in month of £0.7m arising from spend on PFI lifecycle and emergency replacements, offset by depreciation.
- Trade and other receivables £3.2m increase relating to ERF funding due to be received in August (£3.0m).
- Prepayments decrease for 1 month following the advanced quarterly contractual PFI payment in June.
- Payables receipts in advance relating to a payment from HENE (£3.2m).
- Provisions provision for VAT recovered on the Alcidion project pending a HMRC ruling.
- Income and Expenditure Reserve movement relates to the deficit on the revenue position delivered in July.



MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF GOVERNORS					
Quality Report (Accounts)	2020/21 – Final Version		AGENDA ITEM: 11, ENC 6		
Report Author and Job Title:	Ian Bennett, Deputy Director of Patient Safety and Quality David Bell, Quality, Governance & Mortality Reporting Manager	Responsible Director:	Dr. Hilary Lloyd Chief Nurse		
Action Required	Approve □ Discuss □	Inform ⊠			
Situation	The annual quality accounts for 2020/21 were due to be submitted in May 2021 however due to the impact of Covid-19 the timescale for production of the accounts has been amended. QAC approved the revised schedule in April.				
	QAC received and approvin July 2021.	ed the final version	n of the Quality Account		
	The Quality Accounts have been shared with Stakeholders and have provided responses accordingly which are included in An 1.				
	The Quality Account was also presented to the Health Scrutiny Panel on Tuesday 13 th July. Their response is also included in Annex 1.				
	The Governor Working Group for the Quality Account met twice and contributed to the quality priorities documented in the report				
Background	quality report. These are r the terms set out in the Na	equired by the Heational Health Serv	are required to publish an annual ired by the Health Act 2009, and in all Health Service (Quality Accounts) made available to the public.		
	Due to COVID-19 initial guidance from NHSE was that there was no requirement to produce a quality report as part of the annual report. Further guidance published by NHS providers in April advised that although the timescale of 30th June should be add to where possible, due to the lateness of the announcement it agreed that there would be no penalty should trusts not be able meet this deadline and they should aim to complete the quality accounts as soon as practicable.				
A revised timetable was presented to QAC in April where it was agreed that the first draft would be presented to QAC in June					



	the final report being presented to QAC in July for approval prior to their submission.			
Assessment	This is the final version of the Quality Account that was presented to QAC in July for final sign off, on behalf of the Board, by the Trust's Quality Assurance Committee.			
Recommendation	Council of Governors are provided with a copy of the Quality Account for information.			
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	BAF reference 2.2			
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	The requirements for producing a quality report are set out in the Health Act 2009 and in the NHS Quality Regulations 2010.			
Strategic Objectives	Excellence in patient outcomes and experience Drive operational performance Develop clinical and commercial strategies	Excellence in employee experience Long term financial sustainability		



Quality Account 2020-2021

20th July 2021

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PART ONE - Statement on Quality from the Chief Executive

I am delighted to introduce the 2020/21 Quality Report as Chief Executive of South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust.

Receiving good NHS services is the most important thing to more than 1.5 million patients, carers and families in the Tees Valley, North Yorkshire and beyond who depend and rely on them. It is the most important thing to everyone who works at South Tees NHS Hospitals Foundation Trust too.

Since the autumn of 2019, we have been empowering our clinicians to take decisions about how we manage our resources and deliver care across our hospitals and services – supported by our amazing scientific teams, administrative, support staff and volunteers.

We have done this through our Clinical Policy Group (CPG) which draws its membership from our clinical directors, nursing and allied health professional leaders, chief medical officer, chief nurse, executive team, operational managers, chairs of staff-side, our senior medical staff forum, and our BMA representative.

The CPG has created ten clinically-led improvement collaboratives (service groups) - natural care communities of surgeons, physicians, nurses, midwives, scientists, allied health professionals and administrative and support colleagues, which have come together to make their services even better for our patients. At the heart of our clinical collaboratives is our Leadership and Safety Academy which encompasses our patient safety faculty and provides a range of support, including leadership and management training, quality improvement skills, team and service support, coaching and human factors training.

A clinical led service is absolutely vital – not just for our local communities in Teesside and North Yorkshire, but for patients across the North East and beyond who rely on us as a major cancer and regional trauma centre.

We are an anchor tertiary healthcare provider – delivering world-class cardiothoracic, spinal, cochlear implant, neurosciences, gynaecology and urology care for patients across the region – and one of only three hospital trusts in the UK operating three robotic surgical systems. Our major trauma centre sees half of all trauma cases in the North East and Cumbria.

By enabling clinicians to come together to shape and deliver the best possible care or our patients, we were rated by our colleagues in the 2020 NHS Staff Survey as the most improved Trust in the country.

This clinically-led approach has been at the heart of our response to COVID-19. During the last year, our clinicians have treated more than 3,000 patients with COVID-19 and it is testament to the hard work and dedication of our fantastic colleagues that, at the same time, they delivered more than 25,000 operations, including over 14,500 planned surgeries.

Our laboratory colleagues were amongst the first in the country to develop round the clock on-site testing for COVID-19 and James Cook Hospital was one of the world's first COVID vaccination centres.

Our significant contribution to the COVID-19 research effort is a mark of our determination to remain at the forefront of clinical research as a driver of safe, quality care.

Despite the unprecedented challenges which the NHS has faced this year, we have seen a number significant improvements of which we are immensely proud in our clinically-led mission to always put safety and quality first.

To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this Quality Account is accurate.

Signed:

Sue Page CBE Chief Executive

Date: 07.07.21

PART TWO - Priorities for Improvement and Statements of Assurance from the Board

Priorities for improvement

Review of progress with the 2020/21 quality priorities.

In last year's Quality Account we identified the following as our quality priorities for 2020/21.

Quality Priorities 2020/21					
Safety	Clinical Effectiveness	Patient Experience			
Increase incident reporting by 10% per year. This will also mean an increase in incidents reported to the NRLS.	To identify, develop and implement a Quality Strategy for the trust and embed an agreed approach to quality improvement methodology	1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 3			
Reduce the occurrence of Never Events and ensure there is a focus on safe surgical practice including improving the safety culture within theatres and continue the LocSSIPs work.	To implement and embed the STAQC accreditation process for the trust and the Quality Assurance framework	Embed the revised complaints management process within the trust in line with the revised Patient and Carers Feedback Policy			
Improve the quality of incident investigations at all levels including those for Serious Incidents and those reported on Datix.	Ensure patients have a safe, effective and timely discharge	Improve the Outpatients Department (OPD) experience through 'task and finish' groups to review and continue the work that has taken place during 2019/20.			

Patient Safety

DOMAIN - PATIENT SAFETY

Quality Priority

Increase incident reporting by 10 per cent during the year. This will also mean an increase in incidents reported to the NRLS (National Reporting and Learning System)

Agreed Actions

How will we do this?

A robust incident reporting action plan will be developed describing specific actions which will include:

- Completion of a comprehensive review of incident management process including discussing with staff at all levels and all staff groups to understand barriers to reporting – engage medical and nursing colleagues.
- Complete a review of coding structures and usage
- Review of incident types that are uploaded to NRLS to try and increase the threshold of what we upload.
- Implement Datix Cloud IQ including Datix Anywhere Mobile reporting App.
- Develop reporting mechanism to show number of incidents reported by 1,000 bed days.
- Develop and implement a standardised incident report form on Datix for use across the Trust as well as short forms that can feed into the main system.
- All new starters receive a session on incident reporting at Trust Induction.
- Focused work on wards/departments to ensure staff have the skills and knowledge to recognise report and investigate incidents in a timely manner.
- Outstanding incidents are reviewed on a weekly basis as part of the Patient Safety wall.
- A weekly rapid review of open harm events with QBPs (Quality Business Partners)
 and patient safety will continue with the aim of closing down incidents within the week that
 they are reported.

Measures of Success

- Graphs showing increased incident reporting over the 12 month period
- Revised policy signed off and implemented
- Monthly incident reports outlying progress and shared at various groups/committees

End of Year Progress

Completion of a comprehensive review of incident management process including discussing with staff at all levels and all staff groups to understand barriers to reporting – engage medical and nursing colleagues.

There is a Patient Safety section on Trust induction every month for all new Trust staff which covers elements of incident reporting and culture and how to log an incident on Datix.

Reporting numbers continues to improve.

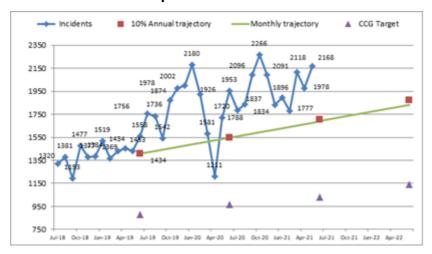


Figure 1: Incident Reporting Figures since 2018

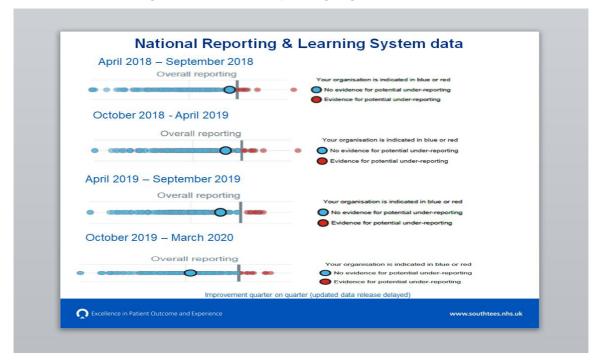


Figure 2: NRLS data since 2018

DOMAIN Safety

Quality Priority – Reduce the occurrence of Never Events and ensure there is a focus on safe surgical practice including improving the safety culture within theatres and continue the LocSSIPs work.

Agreed Actions

How will we do this?

- To establish a safer surgery group
- · To agree terms of reference
- To agree a project plan
- To review the LocSSIPs and implement and consistent approach to their applications, including an audit plan
- To deliver Human Factors training, Trauma Risk Management (TRiM) and empathic listeners to support staff learning and wellbeing.

Measures of Success

Despite the challenges faced by South Tees NHS Foundation Hospitals Trust during the last 12 months due to COVID-19, improvements have continued to focus on the delivery of Safer Surgery.

- Clear Terms of Reference have been established which set out the purpose and connectivity of the group into the wider organisation.
- A Safer Surgery Improvement Plan which is developed.
- Progress on the development of Local Safety Standards for Invasive Procedures (LocSSIPs) is outlined in the Safer Surgery Improvement Plan tracked under Organisational Factors and progress is reviewed through the Task and Finish group.
- LocSSIPs have been developed and implemented with clinical and project oversight and an audit cycle agreed.
- Monitor changes in staff culture through national and local survey results and feedback from staff training and wellbeing support offered.

End of year progress

The focus on safety remains paramount. We are delighted to report that this past year, despite the significant challenges faced by every colleague due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we have not experienced any surgical Never Events in 2020/21.

In response to the Trust's 2019 NHS Staff Survey results, and work which has taken place subsequently, a follow-up local survey identified a 61 per cent improvement in safety culture. A

local behaviour charter has also been developed with theatre and anaesthetic staff and implemented.

46 Trust wide LocSSIPs have been reviewed and implemented in a consistent format across the organisations, with an annual audit cycle agreed, which focusses on priority auditing of the LocSSIPs where we have previously had a never event.

Sharing and Learning and Training

There are 10 trained assessors in Trauma Risk Management (TRiM) in the theatre department. Trauma Risk Management (TRiM) is a peer delivered risk assessment and ongoing support system, designed specifically to help in the management of traumatic events. It is not a clinical intervention and individuals are identified following incidents who are invited to take part in an assessment, with trained assessors). On completing the initial assessment, scores are recorded against individual risk factors; the assessor can also provide support and signposting if needed. Most people do not need to be referred to a counsellor; they can be observed and reassessed one month later. Those who do need counselling intervention will be advised at the assessments.

A number of colleagues within the operating department have come forward to become Empathic Listeners (with support from our Medical Psychology team colleagues), to listen and support colleagues. The Empathic listeners are identified through a rainbow badge so that staff can approach them confidentially if they wish to.

A list of the Empathic Listeners is displayed within the theatre department. The aim of the group is to establish daily which Empathic Listeners are available for colleagues to access daily from 7am – 9pm.

A Training Strategy has been developed which sets out the principles for developing Training for all staff within the perioperative environment. The first department induction for staff was held on the 26th May 2021.

Human Factors

As a response to supporting colleagues' welfare, Schwartz rounds are held and facilitated by our psychology team. These allow colleagues to share their thoughts, feelings and requirements following the COVID-19 Pandemic and the effects of safety throughout this time.

DOMAIN - PATIENT SAFETY

Quality Priority

Continue to improve the quality of incident investigations.

Agreed Actions

How will we do this?

A robust incident reporting action plan has been developed describing specific actions which will include:

- Focused work on wards/departments to ensure that Staff have the skills and knowledge to recognise report and investigate incidents in a timely manner.
- Full programme of Incident investigation training including SMART objectives and report writing.
- A cohort of incident "investigators" to be established.
- Review SI templates
- Review RCA toolkit and implement Institute for Healthcare Improvement "Patient Safety Essentials" toolkit.
- Datix Cloud implementation Investigation module
- Prepare for the introduction of Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF)

Measures of Success

- Continued improvements to incident investigations
- Datix Cloud implemented investigation module utilised
- All relevant staff trained
- Prepared for the launch of PSIRF

Progress

Datix Cloud to be implemented - investigation module to be utilised

There has been some delay in launching Datix cloud due to COVID 19 and some technical issues which have still require a resolution. Whilst it has not been rolled out across the Trust, much work has continued behind the scenes, with data cleansing and alignment, and staff training. This included an investigation module which has been set up and allows chronologies and tools to be added to an investigation.

All relevant staff trained

With colleagues in STRIVE and at NHSE/I, a training programme has been developed for staff at various different levels across the Trust. Twenty-four colleagues attended a 2 day course on 'Skills, Knowledge and Report Writing' training, with a further 19 staff attending for the half day report writing element.

In preparation for the Trust moving over to the new Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF), in 2022, training sessions on the 'Introduction to Investigating Well' and more detailed tools and techniques, knowns as 'The ABCs' were attended by a total of 35 colleagues from across the Trust during the last year.

Prepared for the launch of Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF)

A Local Patient Safety Action plan has been developed, under the 5 headings below and is monitored monthly at the monthly Patient Safety Sub Group (PSSG). Key to the success of this will be getting the processes right and continuing with our wider cultural journey, which supports learning and training for our staff.

A Trust-wide Patient Safety Action plan has been developed in the 5 key domains: -

- To review Floor to Board Governance
- Organisational learning needs to be strengthened
- Training and Education needs to be available to all staff
- Process and Policy needs to be strengthened
- To ensure there is a cultural change within the Organisation

Clinical Effectiveness

DOMAIN Clinical Effectiveness

Quality Priority.

To identify, develop and implement a Quality Strategy for the Trust and embed an agreed approach to quality improvement methodology

Agreed Actions

How will we do this?

- To develop a Quality Strategy
- To agree a Quality Improvement (QI) approach for the Trust
- Gain staff's views and input into the developing the strategy
- Establish a Leadership and Safety Academy

Measures of Success

- Transformation of the approach to QI and 'Improvement Culture' within the Trust the
 Trust
- A common language for improvement
- Resonance and ownership of the process across teams and hierarchies
- Development of leadership confidence and capability in improvement practice, leading to improved patient outcomes, improved service provision and so improved patient care, embedded via organisational and leadership development programmes alongside QI training.

End of year progress

Following feedback from the CQC inspection in 2019 and the subsequent scoping in 2019/2020 the Trust established a new Leadership and Safety Academy, along with an associated overarching strategy to structure its support to the Trust. This will be pivotal to developing our Trust Quality and Safety Strategy, which has been delayed until next year as a result of limited capacity to progress this during COVID 19.

Establishment of this team commenced in March 2020 and since it's conception it has been building, delivering and evaluating a suite of QI training offers and 'improvement project support interventions', alongside other functions within the Trust, relating to Leadership Development, whilst also engaging with external providers to supplement this delivery offer.

The QI agenda is still a core part of the team's focus and delivery of training and intervention support continues, with the use of QI methodologies in a more blended approach to service

improvements across the board.

It is recognised that in order to support an organisational shift, which sees a culture of continuous quality improvement as part of its core business and one which is relevant to staff in all roles and grades, that a blended and responsive business model is key to success.

The Leadership and Safety Academy is made up of a series of subject matter experts in the fields of Organisational Development, Leadership/Management Development and QI, all of whom can cross-deliver training and intervention support across all three core themes. This approach provides a resilient and responsive delivery model to better support teams and individuals across the organisation in being able to access understand and implement the improvement tools which are best suited to their needs.

Training, improvement, project support and QI coaching is available to all staff in the Trust, as well as being available (where capacity permits) to regional partner organisations in order to share best practice and resources, whilst developing stronger systemic partnerships.

Our strategic intent is to create a culture of transformation, collaboration and continuous quality improvement in the Trust.

To enable this we will need to continue to build a system for continuous learning through continuous, quality improvement, effective leadership and ongoing organisational development, with a culture of compassion and safety mindedness, with Human Factors closely intertwined.

DOMAIN Clinical Effectiveness

Quality Priority

To implement and embed the South Tees Accreditation for Quality of Care (STAQC) accreditation programme

Agreed Actions

How will we do this?

- Designing the STAQC tool establish an electronic method for assessing the quality of clinical care, culture and safety, across all 128 wards, units, teams and departments.
 - This was achieved by utilising the electronic Meridian platform to embed the entire STAQC programme, enabling the STAQC facilitators to collate both the relevant previous six month process and outcome data and the 'on the day'

assessment data. This is an efficient and consistent way of collating data to generate scores and feedback reports.

- Facilitate a shared governance approach to continuous improvement by frontline staff by fostering ownership, competitiveness and pride via the STAQC programme.
 - The STAQC team work in collaboration with the clinical areas to complete the self-assessment which provides a baseline on which to develop action plans and initiate quality improvement (QI) required to gain accreditation. The STAQC team act as enablers and empower the clinical teams to reflect, act and take ownership of the required changes and agree together when they are ready for their assessment.
 - The clinical teams have access to QI and other relevant training if required. The STAQC team work programme is varied and ranges from ensuring managers and Matrons know how to access data and utilise Meridian right along to the 'softer' skills ensuring inclusivity and teamwork.

Measures of Success

- The above objectives have been achieved.
- For the STAQC team to commence the programme delivery before the 31st March 2021
- By the end of Q4 all clinical teams to have commenced their 'journey' to STAQC accreditation by virtue of plan completing their self-assessment or in the process of completion.
- Rapid assessment of clinical areas by the STAQC team has enabled draft plan of how all areas will be accredited through 2021/22.



Redcar Urgent Treatment Centre receiving their diamond accreditation.

End of year progress

In March 2021 as the impact of COVID-19 on the Trust operational capacity started to ease and plans to further implement STAQC were commenced. In Q4, one assessment was carried out achieving diamond accreditation on the first attempt; Redcar Urgent Treatment Centre February 2021.

Table 1 outlines our progress up to the end of March 2021 and our plans for STAQC accreditation during 2021/22.

Self-	116/128	□ STAQC	Key ac	ctions:			
assessment		journey		☐ Ensure genuine readiness vs			
complete -		poster in	eagerr	eagerness to prevent lack of sustained			
total as at		place	progre	progress and change			
31/3/21		□ STAQC	□ STAQC team maintain				
		plan & QI	comprehensive work plan transparent to all				
		projects in	teams				
		place	☐ Constant focus on shared				
STAQC	1/ 128	□ Diamond	ownership				
awarded as		review					
at 31/3/21							
Estimated	Based on		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	No date
assessment	1. STAQC	team	2021 2021 2021 2021/22 identified				
target date in	capacity		10 34 40 37 7				
place for	2. Team	oreparedness					
21/22	and engag	ement					

Table 1: STAQC progress summary

The STAQC programme compliments and enhances professional knowledge and empowers colleagues and teams to make the changes they want to make. STAQC celebrates the positive impact of strong multi-disciplinary partnership working and allows a culture of continuous improvements to deliver safe, effective, compassionate care to patients.

DOMAIN

Quality Priority - Ensure patients have a safe, effective and timely discharge

Agreed Actions

How will we do this?

Evaluate the "STOP" initiative and consider scaling this up to other wards. The initiative ensures the nurse in charge has the final oversight of the discharge of their patients and the patient has the information to empower them to challenge any aspects of their discharge arrangements. There will continue to be improvements made such as including clear discharge pathways in the documentation to enable effective discharge planning.

Measures of Success

- Decreasing rate of delayed transfers of care to be below the 3.5% upper threshold
- Decreasing average length of stay in the acute setting individual directorates to set own targets by end Q2 relative to baseline to achieve either top quartile or top decile against national benchmarks
- Decreasing number of patients with a length of stay over 21 days
- Improving trend of discharges before 12 midday, towards the target of 33% by the end of Q4
- Decrease in the 'Clinical Utilisation Review (CUR) not met' rate using Medworxx analysis.
 Reduction on the 2019/20 position of 35.54 per cent
- Reduction in the delays for the main categories associated with 'CUR not met' reason codes
- Decreased number of discharge related PALS and patient complaints
- Set baseline and improvement trajectories for decreasing length of stay in patients with clinical frailty by end Q1
- Decreasing levels of harm in patients with frailty. Baseline and improvement targets to be set by end Q2 and monitored via Datix and the frailty dashboard

End of year progress

- The national targets for discharge changed during 2020/21 with the focus moving from measuring Delayed Transfers of Care to reviewing patients against the criteria to reside. The monitoring of this target ceased nationally. Patients who don't meet the criteria to reside are to be discharged by 5pm, with the main focus being put on reducing the number of patients who have a long length of stay.
- STOP initiative developed and launched



Figure 3: STOP Discharge Checklist

- Regular review of delayed discharge and length of stay metrics and associated actions
 put in place. This takes place operationally at a weekly "Where Best Next?" meetings
 and strategically at a monthly "Home First" system-wide meetings attended by key staff
 members of the acute Trust, Local Authorities and the CCG.
- Embed the role of the Frailty Liaison Team to increase the focus on the frail patients to
 ensure they are admitted to the most appropriate clinical environment to maximise
 chances of early discharge and prevent of deconditioning.
- Embed the SAFER principles having a focus on criteria led discharge and ensuring an estimated date of discharge is set based on clinical evidence.
- Implement a robust model of working for the integrated discharge team and the integrated Single Point of Access.
- Ensure improvement plans for 'CUR not met' categories are in place and implement an escalation process using daily automated reports sent to managers from Medworxx.

The Frailty team

- Documenting the Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment has improved although not completed for all frail patients. There has been a reduction in the patient's length of stay when the team are involved.
- Patient experiences are being captured to inform future service improvements
- The emphasis is on embedding the role of the frailty liaison team to increase the focus on frail patients, to ensure they are admitted to the most appropriate clinical environment, to maximise chances of early discharge and the prevention of deconditioning.

Patient Experience

DOMAIN Patient Experience

Quality Priority: Continuing work to further develop the patient experience programme using Meridian, specifically focusing on implementation of the new FFT guidance and 'hard to reach' groups.

Agreed Actions

It has been recognised through patient feedback received through PALS that the Outpatient Department (OPD) experience could be further improved upon. The main areas for improvement identified were communication, waiting times for appointments and delays in the OPD.

How will we do this?

- Continue with the on-going work with the Task and Finish group work in relation to communication, waiting times for appointments, the patient experience of the OPD and information provided to patients.
- A Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) is being developed for reception staff
 greeting patients to the department, this includes, the 3 point check and Accessible
 Information Standards (AIS) communication question. A SOP has also been
 developed for answering the telephone to ensure that there is a Trust standard for
 responding to telephone communication.
- Monitor and be reactive to patient feedback from surveys, Governor Drop Ins,
 Mystery Shopper, PALS and complaints about the OPD experience.
- A comprehensive training package is underway for new staff and a rota for role specific duties, including answering the telephone, working on reception and pulling notes for clinics is in place.

Measures of Success

- Reduction in PALS and formal complaints in relation to the OPD.
- Increase in positive feedback from patients through surveys regarding the OPD experience
- Development of a SOP for reception staff
- Patient feedback
- Comprehensive training package.

End of year progress

- The patient surveys have been implemented across the majority of wards and departments; however, there are small pockets such as Ambulatory Care areas which require a more specific survey developing to meet their needs.
- The Friends and Family Test (FFT) question has been updated as per the guidance as of
 1 April 2020 and now asks for the 'Overall Experience' of the ward/department.
- The FFT has been added to all patient surveys rather than being a standalone survey, this is in line with the national guidance.
- Prior to the COVID-19 pandemic the trust's response rate had improved significantly.
- Get well cards were produced and sent to patients following their discharge to ask that they contact the Patient Experience Team to give their feedback.
- The Patient Experience Facilitators continue to support the wards and departments with Meridian and provide one to one training
- The new FFT guidance is now embedded in the organisation in all patient surveys.
- The patient surveys using the Meridian system are implemented across the Trust and is used in the STAQC process.
- Work continues to ensure hard to reach groups are provided with an equal opportunity to provide feedback regarding their care and treatment with the support of the Learning Disability Specialist Nurse
- Patient surveys are translated into the five main languages
- Sentiments have been added to the patient surveys

DOMAIN Patient Experience

Quality Priority Embed the revised complaints management process within the Trust in line with the revised Patient and Carers Feedback Policy

Agreed Actions

It was recognised that historically there was an inconsistency across the trust in the way that complaints were investigated and also written responses to complainants. An end to end review of the complaints process was carried out from the autumn of 2019.

The Patient Experience and Carers Feedback Policy was ratified in February 2020 and the new complaints process, detailed in the policy, has been implemented across the Trust.

How will we do this?

- Produce a standardised investigation process for complaints that mirrors the investigation process used for an incident, to ensure a consistent approach across the organisation.
- A lead investigator is allocated for all complaints to co-ordinate the investigation process.
- Ensure all elements of the complaint are understood, investigated and responded to the complainant's satisfaction and within the appropriate timeframe.
 - Embed the revised complaints management process within the Trust in line with the revised Patient and Carers Feedback Policy.

Measures of Success

- Increase in complaints being closed within the response timeframes.
- Decrease in reopened complaints relating to the complaint not being investigated appropriately.
- Patient Experience and Carers Feedback Policy approved and implemented.
- Lead investigator allocated for all complaints.
- Ensure all elements of a complaint are understood, investigated and responded to within agreed timeframes.
- Decrease in re-opened complaints

End of year progress

- The Patient and Carer Feedback Policy has been ratified and implemented, which
 documents the roles and responsibilities of staff in the complaints process. Roll out of the
 policy across the organisation has been delayed due to the impact of COVID-19.
- A complaint response template has been devised and in use trust-wide since 1 April 2020
- Quarterly review of the complaints process using the Patient Association Guidance, for assurance by the PPG has been delayed due to the pandemic
- Review of the Healthwatch report 'Shifting the mindset' on complaints, published January 2020 has been completed
- Awaiting the final framework for complaints by the PHSO to review against the Patient
 and Carer Experience Feedback Policy. The Trust has registered interest with the
 Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman (PHSO) to be a 'pilot site' for the
 implementation of the new complaint framework.
- Increase in the complaint response timeframes to above the Trusts' internal target.
- There has been a 14 per cent reduction in further contact (re-open) following response (written or meeting) in Q1 & Q2 however there was a significant decrease in formal complaints received due to the pandemic.
- The Trust response invites complainants to return should they have further issues arising from the original complaint and this is seen as good practice by the PHSO.
- The Patient and Carer Feedback Policy was approved in February 2020 and is embedded in the organisation.

DOMAIN Patient Experience

Quality Priority: Improve the Outpatients Department (OPD) experience through 'task and finish' groups to review and continue the work that has taken place during 2019/20.

Agreed Actions

The Trust is committed to ensuring that when patients attend for an outpatient appointment they have a positive experience. Investigation of PALS data demonstrated that a significant amount of contacts were with regard to outpatient appointments (21 per cent), with patients unsure of when their appointment was and unable to contact the relevant department, or in some cases unsure of what their appointment was for.

How will we do this?

A robust patient experience action plan will be developed by the end of June 2019 highlighting specific actions which will include:

- Review of communication letters to patients to ensure adequate and effective communication, this will include information relating to accessible information and asking patients if they would like the information in another format. This review will consider the information sent pre-appointment, information provided during appointments and post-appointment follow up.
- Strengthen the governor 'drop-in' programme to ensure that robust action plans are
 put in place to address issues identified during their visits and ensure that there is
 evidence that actions have been completed within agreed timescales. Feedback will
 be provided quarterly to the Quality Assurance Committee (QAC) and the Council of
 Governors to provide assurance that actions identified have been implemented.
- Ensure there are robust systems in place to respond to patient feedback relating to outpatient appointments.
- Implementation of a 'secret shopper' initiative within OPD's to inform future improvement work.
- Re-launch the FFT programme within Outpatients.

Measures of Success

- Completion of baseline assessment of information communicated to patients relating to outpatients appointments.
- Programme of Governor's drop in sessions and evidence of actions taken following these visits.
- Implementation of the 'secret shopper' initiative across the trust.
- Reduction in the number of PALS queries relating to OPD appointments.
- Introduction of FFT within outpatients.

End of year progress

- Review of the appointment letter templates is being undertaken by the leads for administration services and an Accessible Information Standard question regarding communication requirements has been added to all appointment letters.
- A rolling Governor drop-in programme was produced for 2019/20, however due to the COVID-19 Pandemic these have been cancelled and will resume when visiting restrictions have been removed.
- The action plans will continue to be monitored by the Patient Experience Sub Group.
- The launch of the Mystery Shopper was delayed due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this was due to patients not attending outpatient appointments and the use of paper was discouraged during the Pandemic.
- An 'Attend Anywhere Appointment' survey was developed and patients who have had either a telephone or video appointment are being sent the survey to complete.
- Outpatient Appointment Letter Project Reduce templates from over 2,000 down to 5-10 core templates. Standardised format making letters from STHNHSFT instantly recognisable and simplifying the content for ease of understanding. Project due to be complete end of September 2021. New templates will receive internal approval before being shared with external stakeholders prior to implementation. Accessible Information statement to feature on all letters. Strict governance will be placed around requests for amendments or new letters being created to ensure only "live" versions are used and to prevent the trust ending up with the same issue in the future.
- The 'Attend Anywhere Appointment' survey is being utilised and the response rate to this have improved.
- The Chart below represents the responses to the 'Thinking about your virtual clinic appointment, overall how was your experience of our service' question: -

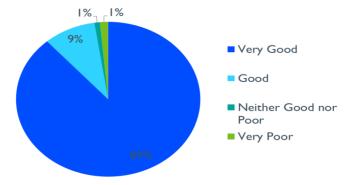


Figure 4: Responses to 'Thinking about your virtual clinic appointment, overall how was your experience of our service'

2021/22 Quality Priorities

The Trust has agreed the following priorities for 2021/22 following a consultation process. Due to Trusts response to the COVID 19 pandemic, some of this year's quality priorities have been carried over from last year.

Quality Priorities 2021/22					
Safety	Clinical Effectiveness	Patient Experience			
Increase incident reporting by 10% per year. This will also mean an increase in incidents reported to the NRLS	To develop and implement a Quality & Safety Strategy for the Trust	Reduce the incidence of avoidable category 3 and 4 pressure ulcers in order positively impact on patients who are most at risk			
Reduce the occurrence of Incidents with Harm, including Never Events, by training 90% of relevant staff in Human Factors	Identify and reduce unwanted variation by participating in the Getting it Right First Time (GIRFT) programme and implementing recommendations	Establish a Trust-wide inclusive patient experience user group which represents the diverse range of patients who come into contact with our services			
Develop and Implement a robust plan for the organisation to move over to the new Patient Safety Incident Response Framework when it is published and launched in 2022	To continue delivering the Trust's end of life strategy and use local and national data sources to identify areas for improvement for mortality	Using always events methodology, Improve the patients' experience in the area of letters and written communication to above 90% through a 'task and finish' groups.			
	Complete all relevant NICE quality standards assessments in order to: • Understand the priority areas to focus on quality improvement • Identify potential areas for local audit • Identifying services that are of poor quality Ensure patients have a safe,				
	effective and timely discharge				

DOMAIN – Patient Safety

Quality Priority

Increase Incident Reporting by 10 per cent per year. This will also mean an increase in incidents reported to NRLS.

Rationale

Following on from the improvement work in 20/21 the Trust trajectory is on track for increasing reporting of incidents but there is more to do.

CQC Essentials states:

'An increase in reporting of patient safety incidents is a sign that an open and fair culture exists where staff learn from things that go wrong. Organisations with a culture of high reporting are more likely to have developed proactive reporting and learning to ensure the services they provide are safe'.

The experience from other sectors, such as the aviation industry, shows clearly that as reporting levels rise the number of serious incidents begins to decline ('Seven Steps to Patient Safety'). In fact, in the acute healthcare sector, low levels of reporting from an individual trust is recognised as a cause for concern and warrants further investigation of safety.

Agreed Actions

How we will do this?

Implement Datix Cloud IQ including the Mobile Phone App "Datix Anywhere" that enables anyone to report an incident on a mobile device at the touch of a button.

Increase the number of incidents reported, support engagement with staff and ensure incidents are investigated as soon as possible.

Staff working remotely can log incidents as soon as they occur, rather than having to wait until they are on site again.

This revolutionary new application has an intelligent design that allows for the quickest entry of data in customisable forms, which means the reporting of incidents can be done instantly, encouraging active surveillance within a learning culture.

In July 2020, a regular weekly upload to NRLS will commence. Incidents cannot be uploaded until they are finally approved in the collaboratives.

A weekly report showing outstanding incidents will be sent to senior colleagues to encourage the processing of incidents and the timeliness of the investigation process is tracked at the 'Quality Wall' every week

A Patient Safety Action Plan will be developed to outline the work that the Trust is undertaking to address and maintain its focus and commitment to patient safety.

One of the objectives is to introduce patient safety influencers/ambassadors within wards and

departments – the role will incorporate a Datix champion element which will also support the increased reporting of incidents.

Measures of Success

- Increase in the numbers of incidents reported
- Increase the numbers of incidents reported by groups of staff who do not traditionally report as many incidents for example medical staff
- Increase numbers of near misses reported
- Increase the number of incidents uploaded to the NRLS by 10 per cent year on year for the next three years (this will be year 3 of 3).
- Introduction to the patient safety influencer/ambassador role

DOMAIN: Patient Safety

Quality Priority

Reduce the occurrence of incidents with harm, including Never Events, by training 90 per cent of relevant staff in Human Factors

Rationale

As we move to a Just Culture approach our human factors training programme is core to our development of skills within patient safety.

Patient safety incorporates learning from incidents, learning from our mistakes, improving team dynamics, human factors training and understanding the affect and effect of our behaviour on one another (civility/decency).

We will be offering formal training, training within teams (in situ) and simulation training to move towards a Just Culture as our norm.

We are also offering training via external agencies in patient safety investigation, human performance and empathy and will offer at least one full trust patient safety day to ensure that the messaging is widespread and can be accessed by all within the Trust.

Agreed Actions

We will provide training across the suite of programmes as set out below:

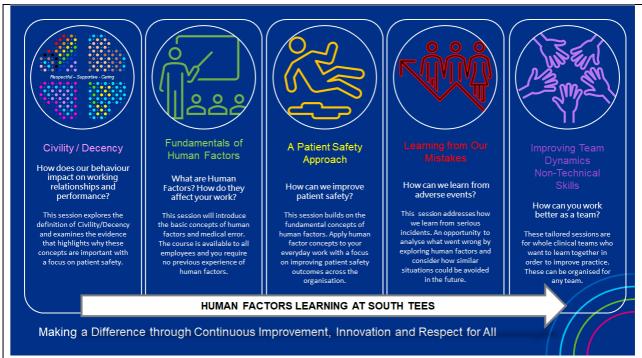


Figure 5: Human Factors Learning

Subject to COVID-19 restrictions, and in addition to the staff we have already trained across the Trust, we will be offering 1,200 places across our internal and external courses

Measures of Success

- Courses are able to run
- Attendance at courses
- Feedback via evaluation
- Changes in patient safety and culture questions/responses in staff survey results

DOMAIN - Patient Safety

Quality Priority

Develop and Implement a robust plan for the organisation to move over to the new Patient Safety Incident Response Framework when it is published and launched in 2022

Rationale

In March 2020, NHS England and NHS Improvement published the introductory Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF).

The new framework is being implemented through a phased approach with a number of nationally appointed 'early adopter' Trusts and commissioners working to implement it during the course of this year.

Although wider implementation across the NHS was planned in 2021, this has now been delayed and non-early adopter organisations (including the Trust) must continue to use the

existing Serious Incident Framework until Spring 2022.

The Trust is using the time leading up to the full introduction of the PSIRF to plan for this change.

A thematic analysis will be undertaken in order to determine the category of incidents the Trust chooses to investigate and the level of investigation required.

Under the new framework, each organisation must develop a Patient Safety Incident Response Plan (PSIRP), setting out how incidents have been identified and investigated (reviewed every two years).

Under the Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF), there is no distinction between incidents and Serious Incidents – the framework advises how to respond to a Patient Safety Incident (PSI). The same definition remains in place for a PSI: "unintended or unexpected incidents which could have or did lead to harm for one or more patients receiving healthcare".

The framework seeks to establish 'proportionate responses' to incidents – which is in contrast to the Comprehensive Root Cause Analysis investigations which are required for all Serious Incidents (SIs) under the current Serious Incident Framework (SIF).

The PSIRF recognises and encourages other methods of investigation to encompass the learning opportunities. These include:

- Case note review
- Time mapping
- · Being open conversations
- After Action Review
- Audit

The PSIRF also recognises that some incidents will not require any further investigation or that no further response is required.

Agreed Actions

- The Patient Safety Team members will attend a nine module learning programme "Patient Safety Incident Investigations" commissioned by NHS England and Improvement (North East and Yorkshire) and share the learning and new knowledge during 2021/22.
- The Patient Safety Team have commenced a review of the patient safety incident reporting data over the last three years, from 1st April 2018 to 31st March 2021. During 2021/22 and via a Task and Finish group, themes need identifying and triangulating to review this data alongside patient safety concerns highlighted through complaints, mortality review processes, coroners' inquests, litigation claims, infection prevention and control-related audits, and other relevant clinical audits which have been completed.
- The group will make recommendations in order that they can determine the categories for investigation.
- A Task and Finish Group will be established with the output of this being the Patient

Safety Incident Response Plan (PSIRP).

- The Trust will agree our PSIRP with our lead commissioners, NHS Tees Valley CCG who will assure effective application of local PSIRPs and PSII standards.
- Develop a strategic plan to prepare the Trust for the implementation of the PSIRF
- Achievement of a cultural change will be key to the success of this with the need for organisations to establish behaviours of an 'effective and compassionate patient safety reporting, learning and improvement system underpinned by openness and transparency.

Measures of Success

- Completion of the learning programme for key people who attended
- Review completed of the patient safety incident reporting data over the last 3 years
- Task and finish group established to complete this review
- Patient Safety Incident Response Plan (PSIRP) developed and agreed with lead commissioners and within the Trust
- Development and agree a strategic plan to prepare for implementation
- Evidence of a patient safety reporting and learning culture though triangulation of data through various sources including, staff feedback, Freedom To Speak Up (FTSU) Guardians, staff survey results and incident reporting numbers/trends.

Clinical Effectiveness

DOMAIN - Clinical Effectiveness

Quality Priority

To develop and implement a Quality and Safety Strategy for the trust

Rationale

Patient safety and quality is an integral part of the Trust and therefore strives to ensure that patient safety is at the forefront of patient care as well as ensuring that the care provided is of a high quality.

One of the priorities from 2020/21 was to develop a quality strategy however it was agreed that both quality and safety are pivotal and therefore a combined Quality & Safety (Q&S) strategy will be developed. There has also been a delay in developing this strategy as a result of the pandemic.

In March 2020, NHS England and NHS Improvement published the introductory Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF). The new framework is being implemented through a phased approach with a number of nationally appointed 'early adopter' Trusts and commissioners working to implement it during the course of this year

The PSIRF sets out changes to the approach which will be taken by the NHS as a response to patient safety incidents. The current system (Serious Incident Framework (SIF)) is a reactive process which can also be rigid and bureaucratic and may fail to reduce the recurrence of harm.

The aim of the PSIRF is to refocus systems and processes and also improve the quality of

investigations and whilst bringing a sustained reduction in risk and changing behaviours to this more proactive approach. The PSIRF should support the NHS to further improve patient safety by outlining how providers should respond to patient safety incidents and how and when a patient safety investigation should be conducted. This will be incorporated into the Q&S Strategy.

Achieving cultural change will be key to the success of this with the need for organisations to establish behaviours of an 'effective and compassionate patient safety reporting, learning and improvement system' underpinned by openness and transparency, just culture and continuous learning and improvement.

Agreed Actions

How will we achieve this?

- Staff pledges will be made during April/May
- Pledges made will be collated, with the output from these being incorporated into the Quality & Safety Strategy to ensure that the staff voice is heard and captured.
- The Q & S Strategy will be aligned with the PSIRF
- Review Floor to Board Governance
- Strengthen Organisational Learning
- · Training and education available to all staff
- Strengthen process and policy
- Positive culture change within the Organisation
- The draft the Q & S strategy and publish is by the end of October 2021

Measures of Success

- Staff pledges are collated and shared
- The Quality and Safety Strategy is published
- Staff can talk about the strategy, its implementation and the evidence to support it

DOMAIN - Clinical Effectiveness

Quality Priority

Identify and reduce unwanted variation by participating in the Getting it Right First Time (GIRFT) programme and implementing recommendations

Rationale

Getting It Right First Time (GIRFT) is an NHS improvement programme delivered in partnership with the Royal National Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Trust. By tackling variations in the way services are delivered across the NHS, and by sharing best practice between trusts, GIRFT identifies changes that will help improve care and patient outcomes, as well as delivering efficiencies such as the reduction of unnecessary procedures and cost savings.

Importantly, GIRFT is led by frontline clinicians who are expert in the areas they are reviewing. This means the data that underpins the GIRFT methodology is being reviewed by people who understand those disciplines and manage those services on a daily basis. The GIRFT team visit every Trust carrying out the specialties they are reviewing, investigating the data with their peers and discussing the individual challenges they face.

Communication is a vital part of ensuring GIRFT's successes within the organisation. By having a clear vision of the benefits that GIRFT can bring into the Trust, engaging staff through communicating that vision, and ensuring that the processes are designed in a way that is not burdensome for the clinicians. The Trust is able to fully embrace GIRFT as a key enabler towards delivering a cycle of continuous improvement for its patients.

The Trust already has a well-established internal annual Quality Surveillance Programme (QSP) comprising of 74 specialised services (including sub-services). As future GIRFT programmes are beginning to align to NHS England and NHS Improvement to capture both provider and clinical insights, it has become evident that both programmes should be affiliated to a central inhouse repository. There are therefore plans in place to ensure the inputs and outputs of the GIRFT programme will, as far as possible be integrated within these existing programmes of work.

Agreed Actions

How will we get there?

- Ensure the Trust participates in all relevant GIRFT deep dives
- Ensure that action plans are clinically led and are implemented following recommendations from deep dives to demonstrate service improvement
- Ensure good practice is shared across the trust and GIRFT data is triangulated
- Maintain regular communication with the regional GIRFT implementation managers
- Ensure relevant groups/committees are briefed regularly on the outcome of GIRFT visits and any subsequent action plans.

Measures of Success

- Reports and triangulation from GIRFT visits
- Evidence of implementation of agreed action plans and service improvement
- Communication regarding good practice
- Liaison with the regional GIRFT manager
- Production of regular progress reports to committees

DOMAIN - Clinical Effectiveness

Quality Priority –

To continue delivering the Trust's End of Life Strategy and use local and national data sources to identify areas for improvement for mortality

Rationale

The Trust is committed to delivery of the End of Life (EoL) 2020-2023 strategy.

The strategy sets out a 3 year plan when preventing death is no longer an option as to how we will continue to treat and support our patients throughout their last months and weeks of life. Our strategy is underpinned and guided by three national key documents:

- Ambitions for Palliative and End of life care a framework for local action 2015-2020 (National Palliative and End of Life Care Partnership: 2015)
- One Chance to get it right (Leadership Alliance for the Care of Dying People: 2014)
- NHS Long Term Plan (2019)

The Trust is committed to systems working and delivering on the priorities of our Integrated Care System, whilst ensuring that as an organisation that we make the ambitions a reality, through strong leadership commitment and empowerment.

Our 6 ambitions are as follows:







Each person has fair access to care



Maximising comfort and wellbeing



Care is coordinated



members are prepared to care



Each community is prepared to help

Figure 6: EoL Ambitions

In order to achieve our ambitions and to embed the principles outlined by Leadership Alliance there are five foundations to be successful in our vision:

- Personalised Care Planning
- Involving and Supporting
- Education and Training
- 24/7 Access
- Leadership

In order to achieve our ambitions the Trust will work collaboratively with colleagues in primary care, voluntary sector including Teesside Hospice and Clinical Commissioning Groups.

Delivery of the Strategy is overseen by the Chief Nurse and the Trust Chief Medical Officer. The EoL Strategy Group is responsible for the implementation of the strategic objectives and for measuring progress. The Strategy Group reports to the Quality Assurance Committee.

Agreed Actions

How will we get there?

To continue delivering the Trusts EoL strategy we will:

- Use local and national data sources to identify areas for improvement for mortality
- Draft a work plan for 2021/22 and ensure this is signed off by the Trust and shared both internally and externally with our partners.
- Develop and deliver the plan under the 6 main work stream headings which aligned to the 6 ambitions set out above
- Progress and monitor the action plan through the EOL Strategy Group.

Measures of Success

Measures of success have been identified for each objective.

The Personalised Care Programme aims to have specific care for all patients within the palliative care remit for each individual. My care wishes folder is a focus of personalised and supported care for all, with roll out training for staff colleagues to embed this new initiative.

Involving and Supporting

Ongoing work with the Trust wide SPC (Specialist Palliative Care) teams promoting dying matters and having focused conversations to support with a strong aim to become a part of daily focus with early interventions with patients, families and carers. Direct feedback from our completed bereavement survey to support our ongoing service development and improvements as required.

Education and Training

Training and education is vital and key to delivering our aims, objectives and ambitions while ensuring our patients and staff are correctly supported, and given the tools to fulfil our patient's needs. Having a designated palliative care training facilitator, interlinking with our medical educator colleague to provide a Trust wide covering service.

24/7 Access

This has been included from 2019 however due to the pandemic this remains a focus through 2021/22. There will be further collaborative working across the Trust, supporting our EoL patients with ongoing care needs.

Leadership

External/national lead support with SPC service review and upcoming collaborative workshop for service alignment and service development. Development and input with Trust NMAHP (Nursing, Midwifery and Allied Health Professional) Strategy.

DOMAIN - Clinical Effectiveness

Quality Priority

NICE Guidance Compliance:

Complete all relevant NICE quality standards assessments in order to:

- Understand the priority areas to focus on quality improvement
- Identify potential areas for local audit

Rationale

The National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) is the independent organisation responsible for providing national guidance on the promotion of good health and the prevention and treatment of ill health.

NICE guidance aims to ensure that promotion of good health and patient care in the NHS are in line with the best available evidence of clinical and cost effectiveness.

NICE publish new and updated guidance on their website as and when it is finalised or updated. The guidance is checked to ensure it is relevant to services provided by our Trust and then where considered relevant it is sent to the Trust lead/Clinical Director (CD) for that specialty, informing them of the new or updated guidance, and asking for their compliance status against the key recommendations, which is one of the following:

- 1. Fully compliant
- 2. Partially compliant with an intention to be fully compliant
- 3. Partially compliant don't agree with all of the guidance
- 4. Partially compliant due to other factors including environment/funding/commissioning
- 5. Do not intend to implement mitigation in place and alternative guidance is being followed
- 6. Not applicable

NICE Quality Standards (QS) are a set of specific, concise statements that act as markers of high quality, cost-effective patient care, covering the treatment and prevention of different diseases and conditions.

Derived from the best available evidence such as NICE guidance and other evidence sources accredited by NHS Evidence, they are developed independently by NICE, in collaboration with the NHS and social care professionals, their partners and service users, and address three dimensions of quality: clinical effectiveness, patient safety and patient experience.

Agreed Actions

How will we get there?

- Complete a baseline assessment relating to Quality Standards that have not yet been assessed.
- Develop a project plan to improve compliance with quality standards and also collate evidence to demonstrate compliance
- Ensure the 50 quality standards that have not been assessed are reviewed by the clinical teams and actioned appropriately

- Ensure the backlog of NICE Guidance is disseminated within the Trust to determine whether the Trust is compliant
- Where areas of non-compliance are identified actions are implemented to obtain compliance or where non-compliance is agreed the risks of this will be documented appropriately and action taken where necessary to address risks
- Ensure Technology Appraisals are disseminated and reviewed
- Development of a further project plan to identify evidence of compliance through clinical audit
- Ensure the NICE Guidance tracker is accurate and reflects the current position
- Establish a robust system for managing NICE Guidance compliance going forward
- Ensure areas of non-compliance are escalated appropriately through the NICE Clinical Audit and Service Evaluation Group and upwards through the Clinical Effectiveness Steering Group

Measures of Success

- Backlog of NICE Guidance has been managed appropriately and compliance status obtained for all outstanding ones
- Review of the Quality Standards that have not been assessed
- Review of the 35 Technology Appraisals that have been disseminated
- Up to date NICE Guidance tracker with an established process for disseminating NICE Guidance within an appropriate timescale
- Evidence of implementation of Phase 1 of the NICE Project plan
- Development and implementation of Phase 2 of the NICE Project plan
- Regular reports showing progress made over the 12 month period

DOMAIN - Safety

Quality Priority

Ensure patients have a safe, effective and timely discharge

Rationale

Health and social care systems are expected to build upon the hospital discharge services developed since 19th March 2020. Systems should use the Government's additional investment to maintain discharge services through to 30th September 2021. There is a requirement that the reductions in the length of stay for acute admissions are improved upon in year. As a result of the COVID 19 pandemic and the Governments additional investment, this quality priority has been carried forward from last year.

Central to the delivery of effective and timely discharge planning is clinical leadership and good communication. This underpins the regular reviews of the treatment and care for people, and ensures a consistent focus on the principles of personalised care.

Daily morning board rounds to review every person and make decisions, informed by the criteria to reside, are the foundation for avoiding delays and improving outcomes for individuals.

Transfer from the ward to a dedicated discharge area should happen promptly; for persons on Pathway 0 this should be within one hour of that decision being made, and the same day for people on all other pathways.

The 'Criteria to Reside' tool was developed in March 2020 with the Academy of Medical Royal Colleges and has since been reviewed with the collaboration of the British Geriatric Society. The tool equips clinical teams to have discussions and make decisions whether a person needs to stay in an acute bed to receive care. This should then lead to a plan concerning the resources and services required to support a safe and timely discharge of that person if they no longer need the support and services of an acute hospital.

NHS commissioned (acute and community) hospitals must integrate the daily reviews into their electronic patient information systems during 2021/22. This will ensure live data is available for all agencies to work from and include those suitable for discharge, the number and percentage of people who have left the hospital, and delay reasons for those unable to be discharged in a timely way. This data forms part of national data performance reporting arrangements.

There is a shared vision across the South Tees Health and Social Care system to embed a Home First culture. We will ensure hospital stays are as short as possible, and that wherever possible, people are supported to return home to recover, regain their confidence and maintain their independence.

The overall objectives for the local health and social care system are:

- 1. To collectively improve patient flow throughout the hospital and community bed base
- 2. To embed proactive discharge planning processes that drive daily discharges and improve patient flow
- 3. To improve overall bed management and bed utilisation

Having a Home First mind set is the guiding principle so that everyone in the system will support people to return home if that is where they were admitted from and if they are safe to do so. The focus is on admission avoidance and providing wrap around services in the community.

The Trust is committed to the safe and prompt discharge of patients from acute care. It recognises that appropriate and timely discharge planning is fundamental to the provision of effective health care, and to the wellbeing of the patient.

The Trust recognises that all patients who no longer meet the 'Criteria to Reside' in hospital should be discharged, or appropriately transferred as soon it is clinically safe to do so.

Agreed Actions

How will we get there?

- Develop a case management approach to transfers of care developing the discharge team and engaging with other teams to facilitate timely discharges by August 2021
- Implement the SAFER approach embed ward processes that improve discharge processes by September 2021
- · Implement a Home First Service for patients returning home who need some support by

September 2021

- Strengthen the Single Point of Access so that there is one contact number for the wards when seeking support for a patients discharge by September 2021
- Implement a weekly review of all patients with a long length of stay by July 2021
- Develop Patient Safety At A Glance (PSAG) boards to include criteria to reside assessments, ensuring Estimated Dates of Discharge (EDD) and Planned Date of Discharge (PDD) are visible and maintained by September 2021
- Develop and initiate staff engagement and training regarding new discharge processes by September 2021
- Initiate the Modern Ward Rounds Collaborative (National project) and embed by March 2022
- Develop Community Hospital pathways by October 2021

Measures of Success

- At least 95 per cent of patient's aged-65+ leaving hospital should be going straight home/usual place of residence either on discharge pathway 0 or pathway 1.
- % of patients not meeting the criteria to reside discharged by 5pm target 70%
- % of patients that have been in hospital over 7 days target 40%
- % of patients that have been in hospital over 21 days target 12%
- A reduction in the % of patients re-admitted as an emergency admission within 30 days of a discharge
- A reduction in the average length of stay

Patient Experience

DOMAIN - Patient Experience

Quality Priority

Reduce the incidence of avoidable category 3 and 4 pressure ulcers in order to positively impact on patients who are most at risk

Rationale

The development of pressure ulcers is a key indicator of quality of care and patient experience. Pressure ulcers are detrimental to patients in terms of their physical, psychological and social well-being, resulting in reduced quality of life (EPUAP 2014). In addition, treating pressure ulcers costs the NHS more than £1.4 million every day (Guest et al. 2017).

A common misconception is that pressure ulcers are wholly preventable. An early paper by Hibbs (1988) hypothesised that 95% of pressure ulcers were preventable and this became a widely cited statistic however, later papers highlighted that Hibbs (1988) provided no empirical evidence for this figure. More recent work suggested that preventability may range between 50-60% (Downie et al. 2013).

This variability in the literature is important to note as pressure ulcer prevention is commonly held as a marker of good nursing care and on occasion, factors out with the control of the clinical team may be a contributing factor, particularly in the community setting. In addition there is variation in reporting across the ICS and wider, particularly in the community setting.

At South Tees our aim is to provide care which is evidenced based and to reduce the patient's risk of pressure damage wherever possible. The approach we are taking is a collaborative one, using mixed methods to optimise process, outcome and education.

Agreed Actions

How will we get there?

- Identify focus areas that are demonstrating an increasing rate of pressure ulcers across
 6 wards, 3 ITU / HDUs and all of our community services.
- Commence a patient-centred improvement initiative that incorporates SMART actions under key headings of a. Education b. Pressure ulcer prevention c. Assessment and risk reduction d. Governance e. Patient experience
- Observe demonstrable progress of the action plan and provide progress reports against this plan as required.
- Identify what measures are required to sustain improvements

Measures of Success

Work in the acute setting will be focused on themes identified in our structured reviews and in the community we will be piloting a different assessment tool to further optimise risk reduction.

- A sustained decrease as intensive improvement support is withdrawn.
- Formation of a Tissue Viability Council
- A review of metrics, measures and the format in which pressure ulcers are reported at the Trust.
- Positive feedback from staff about their experience as part of a collaborative QI initiative
- Ward Managers and 'nurses in charge' to have attended refresh training by end Q3Link nurses to have attended refresh training by end Q2 if required and to have ongoing protected time to drive quality improvement work.

DOMAIN - Patient Experience

Quality Priority

Establish a Trust-wide inclusive Patient Experience user group which represents the diverse range of patients who come into contact with our Services

Rationale

Utilising existing patient and carer participation groups, with different conditions, across the Trust to: -

- Understand the needs of patients and carers using the services
- Provide insights into how services impact on those using them
- Work with patients, as partners, to improve services and shape new developments
- Ensure patients are involved in improvement projects from the earliest stage
- Involvement in shaping the service they use
- Able to reach diverse groups of patients for ideas, feedback and suggestions do not need to have a formal role.
- Involvement of carers through external partners
- Share good practice and raise areas of concern
- Build better working relationships with local communities, statutory and voluntary groups
- Help the Trust to communicate about services in ways that are accessible for all

Agreed Actions

How will we get there?

- Contact Clinical Chairs for each Collaborative to identify Patient and Carer Participation Groups (PCPG) which are already in existence.
- Collate a list of active PCPG groups.
- Develop a guide to planning and setting up a patient participation group.
- Patient Experience to host a PCPG conference twice a year, bringing together the groups to share the work carried out.
- Introduce Key Performance Indicators for PCPG

Measures of Success

- Formation of Patient and Carer Participation Groups across the organisation
- Create key performance indicators (KPI)

DOMAIN – Patient Experience

Quality Priority

Using always events methodology, Improve the patients' experience in the area of letters and written communication to above 90% through a 'task and finish' groups.

Rationale

It was identified through the Patient Experience Strategy Group that feedback from complaints and concerns raised by patients consistently identified communication as being one of the top themes. Concerns included:

- Telephones not being answered
- Staff attitude administration
- Appointment letters were not standardised, did not have the correct information on them, trust logo was not routinely used
- Patient information/leaflets are irrelevant and/or past review dates
- Delays in receiving test results to the patient and GP
- Changes to mediation were not shared with the GP timely

Agreed Actions

How will we get there?

A task and finish group was formed in April 2020 to review communications with patients including;

- Written communication appointment letters
- Telephone calls not being answered and voice messages not returned
- Staff attitudes administration staff
- Patient information/leaflets information that accompanied appointment letters
- Delays in receiving test results to the patient and GP
- Changes to Medication changes to medication made in OPD appointments not sent timely to the GP

Measures of Success

The Task and finish group will use the finding from a recently completed review of communication relating to non-clinical issues. The identified themes and measures below will continue to be monitored through patient feedback.

Appointment letters

- Outpatient Appointment Letter Project Reduce templates from over 2,000 down to 5-10 core templates.
- Standardised format making letters from STHNHSFT instantly recognisable and simplifying the content for ease of understanding.
- Project due to be complete end of September 2021. New templates will receive internal approval before being shared with external stakeholders prior to implementation.
- Accessible Information Standards statement to feature on all letters. Strict governance
 will be placed around requests for amendments or new letters being created to ensure
 only "live" versions are used and to prevent the Trust ending up with the same issue in
 the future.

Telephones

A number of initiatives were put in place to ensure that telephone calls were answered and answerphone messages were responded to, which included: -

- Providing an email address as an alternative
- Remove telephone calls from reception desks to the office,
- Ensure answerphone is on or telephone is diverted to an appropriate member of staff if on annual leave
- Role specific to answer telephone calls

The Patient Experience Team will ensure that enquirers contacting the Trust to raise concerns about telephone calls not being answered will identify the number the enquirer has been provided to ensure that the number is correct and still in use.

Staff attitude

A customer care training course was put in place in April 2020 and there is a rolling programme for all administrative staff (reception/administrative/secretarial) to attend the training.

Patient information/leaflets

The Patient Experience Team is now managing patient information, the policy is currently under review to ensure the process for the creation and reviewing of existing patient information is embedded.

Changes to medication

Where required, patients are provided with medication request forms following their OPD appointment. Currently the patient takes this request form away and is required to take this to their GP. Following the success of patient letters being emailed across to GPs instead of via post, liaisons with the CCG are in motion to trial scanning medication request forms direct to the GP. The three areas identified to trial are Dermatology, ENT and OMFS. Agreement currently being sought from GPs to commence trial.

Statements of Assurance from the Board

Review of services

During 2020/21, South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust provided and/or sub-contracted 91 relevant health services. South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust has reviewed all the data available to them on the quality of care of in 91 of these relevant health services.

The income generated by the relevant health services reviewed in 2020/21 represents 87.6% of the total income generated from the provision of relevant health services by the South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust for 2020/21.

Participation in Clinical Audit

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust is committed to undertaking effective clinical audit across our clinical services and recognises that this is a key element for providing high quality care. Clinical audit enhances patient care and safety, provides assurance of continuous quality improvement and developing and maintaining high quality patient-centred services. The Trust has a well-structured clinical audit programme which is regularly reviewed to ensure it reflects the needs of our acute and community services.

During 2020/21, 61 national clinical audits and 2 national confidential enquiries covered relevant health services that South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust provides.

During 2020/21, South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust participated in 89% of national clinical audits and 100% of national confidential enquiries which it was eligible to participate in. (Eligibility, for the purpose of this report, is defined as those national audits that the Trust could participate in that were not suspended due to the COVID-19 pandemic).

The national clinical audits and national confidential enquiries that the South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust was eligible to participate in, and for which data collection was completed during 2020/21 are listed below alongside the number of cases submitted to each audit or enquiry as a percentage of the number of registered cases required by the terms of that audit or enquiry: -

Title	Eligible	Participated	% cases
Antenatal and newborn national audit protocol 2019 to 2022	✓	✓	100%
British Association of Urological Surgeons (BAUS) Urology Audit: Renal Colic Audit	✓	✓	100%
BAUS Urology Audit: Cytoreductive Radical Nephrectomy Audit	√	√	No eligible cases to submit
British Spine Registry	✓	✓	76%
Case Mix Programme (CMP) Also includes Cardiac Intensive Care (Intensive Care National Audit & Research Centre (ICNARC) data)	✓	✓	100%
Child Health Clinical Outcome Review Programme National Confidential Enquiries into Patient Outcome and Deaths (NCEPOD)	✓	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a
Elective Surgery - National PROMs Programme (Patient Reported Outcomes Measure)	✓	√	Pre-op: 131.0% Post-op: 55.2%
The Falls and Fragility Fracture Audit Programme (FFFAP) The Fracture Liaison Service Audit (FLS-DB)	✓	✓	49.7%.
Falls and Fragility Fractures Audit programme (FFFAP): National Audit Inpatient Falls	✓	√	Did not fully participate due to challenges of COVID-19 in 2020/21
Falls and Fragility Fractures Audit programme (FFFAP): National Hip Fracture Database	✓	✓	100%
Infection Control Royal College of Emergency Medicine (RCEM)	✓	✓	100%
Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) Registry, Biological Therapies Audit	✓	х	0%
Pain in children Royal College of Emergency Medicine (RCEM)	✓	✓	Ongoing
Homeless Inclusion Health - Royal College of Emergency Medicine (RCEM)	✓	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a

Title	Eligible	Participated	% cases
Learning Disabilities Mortality Review Programme (LeDeR)	✓	✓	100%
Mandatory Surveillance of Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)	✓	✓	100%
Maternal, Newborn and Infant Clinical Outcome Review Programme	✓	✓	100%
Medical and Surgical Clinical Outcome Review Programme – National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD)	✓	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a
National Asthma and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Audit Programme (NACAP): Adult Asthma Secondary Care	✓	✓	Did not fully participate due to challenges of COVID - 19 in 2020/21
National Asthma and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Audit Programme (NACAP): Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Secondary Care	✓	✓	Did not fully participate due to challenges of COVID-19 in 2020/21
National Asthma and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Audit Programme (NACAP): Paediatric Asthma Secondary Care	√	√	62%
National Audit of Breast Cancer in Older People (NABCOP)	✓	✓	100%
National Audit of Cardiac Rehabilitation (NACR)	✓	Х	0
National Audit of Care at the End of Life (NACEL) 1	√	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a
National Audit of Dementia (NAD)	✓	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a

Title	Eligible	Participated	% cases
National Audit of Seizures and Epilepsies in Children and Young People (Epilepsy12)	✓	✓	4%
National Bariatric Surgery Registry (NBSR)	✓	✓	100%
National Cardiac Arrest Audit (NCAA)	✓	✓	>95%
National Cardiac Audit Programme (NCAP) - National Adult Cardiac Surgery Audit	✓	✓	100%
National Cardiac Audit Programme (NCAP)- Myocardial Ischaemia National Audit Project MINAP	✓	✓	100%
National Cardiac Audit Programme (NCAP)- National Audit of Percutaneous Coronary Interventions (PCI) (Coronary Angioplasty)	✓	✓	100%
National Cardiac Audit Programme (NCAP)- National Heart Failure Audit	✓	✓	100%
National Comparative Audit of Blood Transfusion programme - 2020 Audit of the management of perioperative paediatric anaemia	√	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a
National Diabetes Audit – Adults: National Core Diabetes Audit	✓	Х	0%
National Diabetes Audit – Adults: National Diabetes Foot Care Audit	✓	✓	100%
National Diabetes Audit – Adults: National Diabetes Transition	√	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a
National Diabetes Audit – Adults: National Diabetes Inpatient Audit (NaDIA) -reporting data on services in England and Wales	✓	X	Did not participate due to exceptional challenges of COVID - 19 in 2020/21
National Diabetes Audit – Adults: NaDIA-Harms - reporting on diabetic inpatient harms in England	√	X	Did not participate due to challenges of COVID-19 in 2020/21

Title	Eligible	Participated	% cases
National Diabetes Audit – Adults: National	✓	✓	100%
Pregnancy in Diabetes Audit			
National Early Inflammatory Arthritis Audit (NEIAA)	✓	X	Did not participate due to challenges of COVID - 19 in 2020/21
National Emergency Laparotomy Audit (NELA) Year 6	✓	✓	100%
National Gastro-intestinal Cancer Programme: National Oesophago-gastric Cancer (NOGCA)	✓	✓	100%
National Gastro-intestinal Cancer Programme: National Bowel Cancer Audit (NBOCA)	✓	✓	100%
National Joint Registry (NJR)	✓	✓	>95%
National Lung Cancer Audit (NLCA) 1	✓	✓	100%
National Maternity and Perinatal Audit (NMPA)	✓	✓	100%
National Neonatal Audit Programme - Neonatal Intensive and Special Care (NNAP)	✓	✓	100%
National Ophthalmology Database Audit (NOD)	✓	✓	83.6%
National Paediatric Diabetes Audit (NPDA)	✓	✓	100%
National Prostate Cancer Audit	✓	✓	100%
National Vascular Registry	✓	✓	100%
Neurosurgical National Audit Programme	✓	✓	100%
NHS provider interventions with suspected/confirmed carbpenease producing Gram negative colonisations / infections	√	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a
Paediatric Intensive Care Audit Network (PICANet)	✓	✓	100%
Perioperative Quality Improvement Programme (PQIP)	✓	✓	Continuous
Sentinel Stroke National Audit programme (SSNAP)	✓	✓	100%
Serious Hazards of Transfusion Scheme (SHOT)	✓	✓	100%
Society for Acute Medicine Benchmarking Audit	✓	✓	100%
Surgical Site Infection Surveillance	✓	Data collection suspended by national team due to COVID -19	n/a

Title	Eligible	Participated	% cases
The Trauma Audit & Research Network (TARN)	✓	✓	100%
UK Cystic Fibrosis Registry	✓	✓	100%
UK Registry of Endocrine and Thyroid Surgery	✓	✓	100%
UK Renal Registry National Acute Kidney Injury programme	✓	✓	100%

Table 3: National Clinical Audits

The reports of 6 national clinical audits were reviewed by the provider in 2020/21 and South Tees Hospitals Foundation Trust intends to take the following actions to improve the quality of healthcare provided:

Title of Audit	Actions
National Bariatric Surgery Registry (NBSR)	Nurse specialist and dietician appointed to support data entry.
Falls and Fragility Fractures Audit programme (FFFAP): - National Hip Fracture Database	Orthopaedics has re-organised the trauma cover to an Orthopaedic Consultant of the week model.
National Asthma and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Audit Programme (NACAP): - Pulmonary rehabilitation	The team has adopted the new NACAP verbal consent model as our initial assessments are conducted over the telephone or video.
Serious Hazards of Transfusion: UK National Haemovigilance Scheme	Transfusion team is engaged with Trust's Electronic Patient Record (EPR) development to facilitate a bespoke electronic solution. A National Patient Information Leaflet has been issued for haemoglobinopathy patients receiving transfusion and is now in use within the Trust
BAUS Urology Audit – Bladder Outflow Obstruction (BOO) Audit	Two new laser machines have been acquired at South Tees, and one at North Tees, where the service is also delivered. This will significantly improve capacity for Holmium Laser Enucleation of the Prostate (HoLEP, the most common procedure offered to BOO patients). Two minimally-invasive surgical treatments have been introduced with others to follow. Some patients who may have had HoLEP or TURP can now be offered these new procedures, some in an ambulatory setting. This should help reduce overall waiting time for BOO surgery.
National Prostate Cancer Audit	Practice has been changed so that MRI is now done before biopsies and we are now offering transperitoneal biopsies.

Table 4: National Clinical Audit Reports

Local Clinical Audits

The reports of local clinical audits reviewed by South Tees NHS Hospitals Foundation Trust in 2020/21 are shown below, and the Trust intends to take the following actions to improve the quality of healthcare provided.

Title of Audit	Actions
Evaluation of our practice regarding Sodium-glucose Cotransporter-2 (SGLT2) Inhibitors in patients with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus and coronary artery disease	 Integration of SGLT 2 inhibitors into take home medication by speciality interventional cardiology nurses Enforcement of SGLT2 inhibitors pathway in junior doctors and CCU nurses Raise awareness of importance of SGLT2 inhibitors within consultant group
Prescribing compliance with NICE guidance for secondary prevention following bypass surgery	 Review list of medications recognised by Cardiothoracic Surgery database to ensure automatic prompts only appear when appropriate. Agree whether reasons for not prescribing medications should have been duplicated in the 'drugs' section of the database as well as the 'instructions to GP' box. Clarify the definition of the database question 'previous MI' to ensure accuracy and consistency.
Adapted NHS Protect Audit	 Pharmacy team feed results back to individual wards and teams to facilitate change / improvement in practice The implementation of Omnicell drug cabinets continues as per the roll out plan. This audit has been reviewed and will be added to the Trust's Meridian audit system, to allow easier monitoring and live feedback to individual ward areas and facilitate local improvements.
Controlled Drugs	 The implementation of Omnicell drug cabinets continues as per the roll out plan. A Medication safety event was held in February based on "Controlled drugs" to raise awareness around areas such as prescribing / storage / registers which have been identified as issues by the audit. This audit has been reviewed and will be added to the Trust's Meridian audit system, to allow easier monitoring and live feedback to individual ward areas and facilitate local improvements.

Medication Omitted Doses – high risk medicines	 Medicines Reconciliation training day put in place for Band 4 technicians to increase the number of staff able to identify omitted doses. A medicine safety week targeting doctors and prescribing took place from 26/04/21 and should improve paperwork and allow easier identification of omitted doses. This audit has been reviewed and will be added to the Trust's Meridian audit system, to allow easier monitoring and live feedback to individual ward areas and facilitate local improvements.
Medicines Reconciliation	 A Medicines Reconciliation training day put in place for Band 4 technicians to increase the number of staff available to conduct Medicines Reconciliation. This audit has been reviewed and will be added to the Trust's Meridian audit system, to allow easier monitoring and live feedback to individual ward areas and facilitate local improvements.
Compliance to Sepsis 6	 1 Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) Band 6 approved Recruitment to post in progress Frequent live observation and monthly audit reports facilitated by Senior Clinical Educator Educational package and resources to upload to intranet
How effective is the Rheumatology Ambulatory Care Unit (RACU)	 To improve and streamline the administration of RACU Centralise the RACU booking system to one consultant / secretary Log the RACU slots so that a record is available that referral has been received and actioned. Develop RACU planner available on rheumatology shared drive To improve the consultant support to the SpR SpR slot to be supported by on-call consultant for the week; to ensure SpR and consultant are aware of this.
Quality of information and surgical consent in patients with a diagnosis of malignant melanoma	 Organise results patients into earlier appointments at the One Life Centre so that samples can be sent same day. Seek HCA support as required to reduce workload of Clinical Nurse Specialists and alleviate delays in clinic. Already implemented that HCA support available at JCUH and FHN. Extra clinic slots opened at One Life Centre. Tracking spreadsheet used to monitor results/action.
Audit on patient awareness of importance of effective contraception while on Methotrexate, Mycophenolate and	 Introducing robust consent forms would enable improved and systematic counselling by monitoring clinic nurses The Consent forms have a checkbox for counselling regarding specific topics like infection risk, pregnancy etc. were patients initial as part of documentation to improve evidence of counselling against pregnancy while on teratogenic disease-modifying

Leflunomide	antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs).AR UK leaflet is available for health care professionals to issue to
	 patients. Laminated MHRA guidance sheet on effective forms of contraception has been made available to monitoring clinic nurse to inform patients during counselling.
History taking, classification and documentation of penicillin allergy	 Improvement in documentation of penicillin allergy Increased use of penicillin test doses in selected patients
Vertebral Fractures	 Pathway agreed for all lumbar and thoracic x-rays for patients within service criteria to be identified to the service for vertebral fractures to be identified. Added an identifiable code / phrase to limit the amount of x-rays that are required to be reviewed.
Intravenous Antibiotic (IVAB) Audit	 Referrals from the Respiratory team are of a higher standard than those from the general wards – patients are always discharged with the correct equipment, medication, diluents and drug administration form – however 1 patient did not have a referral form in their notes but there was a detailed conversation documented. Referrals from the General wards have been discharged without the correct equipment, medication, diluents and there are problems with the referral form more frequently. If there is a problem with a line – blockage / leakage etc., systems are now in place for access to the Outpatient Parental Antibiotic Therapy Department (OPAT)
Audit of post falls management on the Older People's Medicine ward	Design and implement new post-falls assessment proforma that includes a multi-professional review involving both doctors and nurses
Preventing infections in immunosuppressed patients	Each specialty to appoint lead to review infection risk screening.
Managing blood glucose in COVID patients started on Dexamethasone in the non-critical setting	 Education launched about the importance of monitoring and managing hyperglycaemia in the context of COVID patients started on dexamethasone Simple flowchart derived from the guidance for ease of management
Consenting for COVID- 19 related risks in neurosurgery	 Introduce the team to British Association of Spine Surgeons (BASS) information leaflet Up-to-date stickers in use for spinal procedures Design a poster to remind to consent for COVID-19 risks and leave on the wall in the ward where we keep consent forms and one in Out Patient clinic

An audit assessing intra-operative neuromuscular blockage monitoring and reversal, and postoperative residual neuromuscular blockade in post-anaesthesia recovery

- Education and training in use of quantitative neuromuscular blockade monitors (currently available in every theatre at JCUH)
- Introduction of guidelines for monitoring of neuromuscular blockade intraoperatively with neuromuscular blockade monitor and use of reversal agents for reversal of neuromuscular blockade if required.
- Encourage improved documentation of neuromuscular blockade monitor use and reversal agent use on anaesthetic chart

Audit of Vascular Admissions documentation Trial the use of a proforma as a cost-effective tool in standardising surgical admission documentation, and to re-audit the quality of surgical admission documentation 4 weeks following implementation of the proforma.

Table 5: Local Clinical Audit Reports

Getting it Right First Time Programme (GIRFT)

Getting It Right First Time (GIRFT) is an NHS improvement programme delivered in partnership with the Royal National Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Trust. By tackling variations in the way services are delivered across the NHS, and by sharing best practice between trusts, GIRFT identifies changes that will help improve care and patient outcomes, as well as delivering efficiencies such as the reduction of unnecessary procedures and cost savings.

Importantly, GIRFT is led by frontline clinicians who are expert in the areas they are reviewing. This means the data that underpins the GIRFT methodology is being reviewed by people who understand those disciplines and manage those services on a daily basis. The GIRFT team visit every Trust carrying out the specialties they are reviewing, investigating the data with their peers and discussing the individual challenges they face.

During 2020/21 six virtual GIRFT deep dives have been undertaken and include cranial neurosurgery, lung cancer, plastic, burns and hand surgery, oral MFS, paediatric orthopaedics (trauma and elective) and neurology. Further deep dives are planned for 2021/22.

Observation notes have been received identifying recommendations for improvement as well as notable good practice for each of the teams. Workforce issues for respiratory consultants and the shortfall in lung cancer specialist nurses in particular correspond with the compliance issues noted within the SDIP. The general quality of coding was also highlighted as an area for improvement across all teams.

Several services have met with the regional GIRFT implementation managers with the support of the quality assurance manager to report on progress following deep dive visits enabling them to update their implementation plans and seek further support as required. Robust collaboration between GIRFT and the trust means that the organisation is no longer seen as a "challenge trust" by the GIRFT regional hub.

The Quality Surveillance & GIRFT Lead role has been structured into the Patient Safety & Quality Directorate and a Quality Assurance & Reporting Facilitator recruited into post to enhance the surveillance portfolio in meeting the national surveillance agendas.

The table below provides an outline of the Trust's participation in the GIRFT programme: -

				Future Proposed Visit/Re-visit
Specialty	Initial Visit		Re-Visit	2020/21
Acute & General Medicine	23/09/2019			
Anaesthetic & Perioperative				
Medicine	19/12/2018			
Breast Surgery				To be arranged
Cardiology	25/09/2019			To be arranged
5.				
Cardiothoracic Surgery	31/08/2017			
Cranial Neurosurgery	29/09/2016		31/07/2020	
Dermatology	27/03/2019			
Diabetes				
Emergency Medicine	11/05/2021			
Endocrinology	18/10/2019			
ENT	08/01/2018			
Gastroenterology	30/08/2019			
General Surgery	03/12/2018			
	Did	not		Awaiting dates
Geriatric Medicine	participate			from GIRFT
Hospital Dentistry	03/07/2019			
Intensive & Critical Care	18/07/2018			
Lung Cancer	28/09/2020			

			Future Proposed
Specialty	Initial Visit	Re-Visit	Visit/Re-visit 2020/21
Mental Health CAMHS	Illitial Visit	Re-visit	2020/21
			To be arranged
Neonatology	45/05/0040	20/04/2024	To be arranged
Neurology	15/05/2019	22/01/2021	
Obstetrics & Gynaecology	17/07/2017		
Oral MFS			05/08/2021
Ophthalmology	10/05/2017		
Orthopaedic Surgery	31/01/2014	01/10/2018	
Orthopaedic Trauma Surgery	20/10/2020		
Outpatients			
Paediatric Critical Care	10/06/2021 Joint - North of England		
Paediatric Gen Surgery	Network ODN 01/02/2018		
Paediatric Orthopaedics			To be arranged
(Trauma & Elective)			3.1
Pathology			To be arranged September 2021
Plastics/Burns/Hand Surgery	05/10/2020		
Radiology	11/03/2019		
Renal	06/03/2019		
Respiratory			To be arranged
Rheumatology			
Spinal Surgery	05/07/2017		
Stroke	15/03/2019		
*Surgical Site Infection Audit	2017/2018	May-Oct 2019	
			Revisit date to be
Urology Surgery	15/03/2017		arranged
Vascular Surgery	05/10/2016	12/10/2018	

Table 6: GIRFT Programme

^{*}Surgical site infection (SSI) is an important area of focus for GIRFT. Post-surgery infections can cause significant harm to patients and result in increased hospital stay, readmissions and reoperations. They are also a significant cost to the NHS. Participating in the survey is an opportunity

to better understand our trust's SSI rates, to review and improve local practice, and to report on this to the Trust Management and Board.

Communication is a vital part of ensuring GIRFT's successes within the organisation. By having a clear vision of the benefits that GIRFT can bring into the Trust, engaging staff through communicating that vision, and ensuring that the processes are designed in a way that is not burdensome for the clinicians, the Trust is able to fully embrace GIRFT as a key enabler towards delivering a cycle of continuous improvement for its patients.

The Trust already has a well-established internal annual Quality Surveillance Programme (QSP) comprising of 74 specialised services (including sub-services). As future GIRFT programmes are beginning to align to NHS England and NHS Improvement to capture both provider and clinical insights, it has become evident that both programmes should be affiliated to a central in-house repository. There are therefore plans in place to ensure the inputs and outputs of the GIRFT programme will, as far as possible be integrated within these existing programmes of work.

Annual Quality Surveillance Programme

As part of the Quality Assurance and Improvement Framework (QAIF) all specialised services including cancer are subject to the quality surveillance process.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic annual self-declarations for 2020/21 were paused and remain paused for 2021/22. The current position is as follows:

- The annual self-declaration process for 2021/22 will not take place during 2021/22.
 Therefore, the Quality Surveillance Information System (QSIS) portal will not open for submissions on 1 April 2021.
- Specialised and cancer peer-review routine programme visits for 2021/22 will remain paused. This position may be reviewed in June 2021.
- Highly specialised services will be required to submit their annual outcome data for 2020/21 through the Specialised Services Quality Dashboards (SSQD). Therefore, the portal will open on 29 April 2021 to allow data to be submitted alongside Q4 2020/21 data.
- The SSQD submission process will continue on a voluntary basis. Governance around approvals for submission will remain relaxed and there will be no requirement for a second approval to submit data. This position will be reviewed in June 2021.

The Trust is required to complete annual self-declarations against a set of clinical quality indicators where information is not available through existing data sources. The declarations are a statement

of compliance endorsed by the Chief Executive (or delegated authority) and are submitted through the Quality Surveillance Information System (QSIS) web portal. The submission deadline is set to 30 June every year.

There are a total of 74 specialised services on the South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust's directory of services. As well as submitting self-declarations each year, some of these services are also required to submit data as part of the (SSQD). Previously QSIS was separated from the SSQD platform – now all information can be accessed in one place on QSIS.

Annual Assessment Outcomes

In total 73 specialised services were required to undertake the self-declaration process throughout 2020/21, and the annual assessments were notified to the Trust in January 2020. Options were derived following the completion of the annual assessment process which included commissioner review of the Trust's self-declarations and other quality information including SSQD alerts, CQC reports, Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership (HQIP) audits and other relevant national clinical audit flags.

The annual assessment outcomes will be used by regional commissioning teams to monitor the quality of service delivery and compliance with NHS England/Improvement's service specifications.

The table below details all specialised services annual assessment outcomes. The options for surveillance are summarised as follows:-

Option 1 – ROUTINE Surveillance:

Annual assessment has confirmed that the service is either 100% compliant with no risks identified or services that have not reached 100% compliance, but the regional teams have determined that this is not a material issue.

Option 2 – ENHANCED surveillance:

Provider Action – where it is agreed the non-compliance is amenable to a short-term action plan (6 months), the Trust will be required to submit a Service Development Plan (SDIP). This will be specified within the contract and monitored via contractual processes.

a) **Commissioner Action –** where it is identified that the non-compliance is not amenable to a short-term action plan, the commissioner will notify the Trust, within 6 months of the

discussion, of the action that they intend to take to ensure a sustainable compliant service in the future.

b) **Provider and Commissioner Action –** where it is determined that the non-compliance in one service is amenable to both a short-term and longer-term action plan.

There are **37** services under **routine** surveillance and a further **36** services under **enhanced** surveillance, 23 for provider action, 10 for commissioner action and 3 for both provider and commissioner action; these are demonstrated in Table 9.

Services Routine Surveillance	Services Enhanced Surveillance
Acute Kide ex leiner (Adult)	Adult Critical Cara, Cardina Intensive Cara
Acute Kidney Injury (Adult)	Adult Critical Care: Cardiac Intensive Care
Assessment and Dranaustian for Danal	Unit (JCUH) Commissioner action
Assessment and Preparation for Renal	Adult Critical Care: General Critical Care Unit
Replacement Therapy including	(JCUH) – Commissioner action
establishing dialysis access)	
Cancer Anal (Adult)	Cancer Brain and Central Nervous System:
	Brain and other rare brain tumours – Provider
	action
Generic Brain (CNS)	Cancer Brain and Central Nervous System:
	Non-surgical – <i>Provider action</i>
Cancer Gynaecological: Local Gynae	Cancer Brain and Central Nervous System:
Team (Diagnostic Service)	Pituitary – Provider action
Cancer Skin (Adult)	Cancer Brain and Central Nervous System:
	Spinal – <i>Provider action</i>
Cancer Chemotherapy Adult:	Cancer Gynaecological: Specialist
Chemotherapy ITC	Gynaecology Team – <i>Provider action</i>
Cancer Services for Teenagers & Young	Cancer Head & Neck (Adult): Local Head &
Adults: TYA Designated Hospital at JCUH	Neck Support Teams - Commissioner and
	Provider action
Cancer Unknown Primary	Cancer Head & Neck (Adult): Specialist Head
	& Neck Team – <i>Provider action</i>
Cardiology: Cardiac Magnetic Resonance	Cancer Head & Neck (Adult): Specialist
Imaging (Adult)	Thyroid Team – <i>Provider action</i>
Cardiology: Electrophysiology and	Cancer Oesophageal & Gastric (Adult):
Ablation Services (Adult)	Specialist Upper GI Team – <i>Provider action</i>
Cardiology: Implantable Cardioverter	Cancer Specialised Kidney, Bladder &
Defibrillator and Cardiac	Prostate (Adult) – Provider action
Resynchronisation Therapy (Adult)	
Cardiology: Primary Percutaneous	Cancer: Kidney Service – <i>Provider action</i>
Coronary Intervention (Adult)	-

Services Routine Surveillance	Services Enhanced Surveillance
Colorectal: Complex Inflammatory Bowel Disease	Cancer Chemotherapy Adult: Chemotherapy Higher Intensity – <i>Provider action</i>
Colorectal: Faecal Incontinence (Adult)	Cancer Chemotherapy Adult: Clinical Chemotherapy – <i>Provider action</i>
Complex Gynaecology: Recurrent Prolapse and Urinary Incontinence	Cancer Services for Teenagers & Young Adults: TYA Designated Hospital at the Friarage – <i>Commissioner action</i>
Complex Gynaecology: Severe Endometriosis	Cancer Acute Oncology Service – Commissioner and Provider action
Complex Gynaecology: Urogenital Anorectal Conditions	Cardiac Surgery (Adult) - Provider action
Cystic Fibrosis	Cardiology: Inherited Cardiac Conditions (All Ages) – <i>Provider action</i>
Haemato-oncology	Complex Disability Equipment – Prosthetics (All Ages) – <i>Provider action</i>
Implantable Hearing Aids for Microtia, Bone Anchored hearing Aids and Middle Ear Implants (All Ages)	Complex Spinal Surgery (All Ages) – Provider action
In Centre Haemodialysis	Ear Surgery: Cochlear Implants (All Ages) – Commissioner action
Local Breast Cancer Team	External Beam Radiotherapy Services delivered as part of a Radiotherapy Network (Adult) – Provider action
Local Colorectal Services (Colorectal Cancer MDT)	Haemodialysis to treat established renal failure in the home – Provider action
Neonatal Critical Care	Local Lung Cancer Team – Commissioner and Provider action
Neurosciences: Specialised Neurology (Adult)	Major Trauma (Adult) – Commissioner action
Neurosurgery (Adult)	Major Trauma (Children) – Commissioner action
Paediatric High Dependency Care	Neuro-interventional Services for Acute Ischaemic & Haemorrhagic Stroke – Commissioner action
Specialised Endocrinology Service (Adult)	Paediatric Intensive Care – Commissioner action
Specialised HIV Services (Adult)	Paediatric Medicine Endocrinology and Diabetes – <i>Provider action</i>
Specialised Immunology (All Ages)	Paediatric Surgery (& Surgical Pathology, Anaesthesia & Pain) – <i>Provider action</i>
Specialised Ophthalmology (Adult)	Peritoneal Dialysis to treat Established Renal Failure – <i>Provider action</i>
Specialised Ophthalmology (Paediatrics)	Skull Base Service – <i>Provider action</i>

Services Routine Surveillance	Services Enhanced Surveillance
Specialised Orthopaedics (Adult)	Specialised Burn Care (All Ages) – Commissioner action
Specialised Services for Infection Diseases (Adult)	Specialised Services for Haemoglobinopathy Care (All Ages) – <i>Commissioner action</i>
Spinal Cord Injuries (All Ages)	Specialised Vascular Service (Adult): Arterial – <i>Provider action</i>
Thoracic Surgery (Adult)	

Table 7: Services under Surveillance

Specialised Services Quality Dashboards (SSQD)

The SSQDs are designed to provide assurance on the quality of care by collecting information about outcomes from healthcare providers. SSQDs are a key tool in monitoring the quality of services, enabling comparison between service providers and supporting improvements over time in the outcomes of services commissioned by NHS England. For each SSQD, there is a list of agreed measures for which data is to be collected. These measures are included in a "metric definition set". The information provided by the SSQDs is used by NHS England specialised services commissioners to understand the quality and outcomes of services and reasons for excellent performance.

The table below lists the Trust specialised services that required submission of data against a set of metrics for 2020/21:-

Specialised Service	*Internal/External Source Requirements	Comments
Adult Critical Care:	External Source Data	Populated via ICNARC and
General Critical CareCardiac Intensive Care	(Intensive Care and National Audit & Research Centre (ICNARC) Required quarterly	validated by Trust
Cancer Chemotherapy (Adult)	External and Provider data Required quarterly	New requirement from Q2 2020/21 only

Specialised Service	*Internal/External	Comments	
	Source Requirements		
Cancer Malignant Mesothelioma	Provider data Required quarterly	New requirement for 2020/21 Provider data populated and validated by Trust	
Cardiac Surgery	External Source Data (Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) Required quarterly	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust	
Cardiology:		New requirement for	
Cardiac Magnetic	Provider data	2019/2020 Provider data	
Resonance Imaging (Adult)	Required quarterly	populated and validated by Trust	
Electrophysiology & Ablation	External source data	Data populated from	
Services	Required quarterly	external source and	
Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator and Cardiac	Provider data	validated by Trust	
Resynchronisation Therapy (Adult)	Required quarterly	Provider data populated and validated by Trust	
(Addit)	Provider data		
Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (Adult)	Required quarterly	Provider data populated and validated by Trust	
Colorectal:	Provider data	Provider data populated	
Faecal Incontinence (Adult)	Required quarterly	and validated by Trust	
Complex Disability Equipment –	Provider data	Provider data populated	
Prosthetics (All Ages)	Required quarterly	and validated by Trust	
Cystic Fibrosis (Children)	Provider and external source data requirement quarterly	Provider data populated and validated by Trust	

Specialised Service	*Internal/External	Comments
	Source Requirements	
External Beam Radiotherapy Services Delivered as part of Radiotherapy Network	External Source Data (Public Health England (PHE) Required quarterly	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust (with provider data required for Q4)
Hepatobiliary and Pancreas – Cirrhosis of the Liver (Adults)	External Source Data (HES) Required quarterly	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust
Implantable Hearing Aids for Microtia, Bone Anchored Hearing Aids and Middle Ear Implants (All Ages)	Provider data Required quarterly	Provider data populated and validated by Trust
In Centre Haemodialysis (ICHD)	External Source Data (Renal Registry) Required quarterly	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust
Neonatal Critical Care	External Source Data (Clevermed) Required quarterly	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust
Neuro-interventional Services for Acute Ischaemic & Haemorrhagic Stroke	External Source Data (Sentinel Stroke National Clinical Audit Programme (SSNAP) Annual requirement	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust. To be submitted in Q3 only
Specialised Complex Surgery for Urinary Incontinence and Vaginal and Uterine Prolapse (16 years and above)	Provider data Required quarterly	New requirement for 2020/21 Provider data populated and validated by Trust
Specialised Burn Care: • Adults • Paediatrics	External Source Data (IBID) Required quarterly	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust
Specialised Endocrinology Services (Adult)	Provider data Required quarterly	Provider data populated and validated by Trust
Specialised Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Services (Adult)	External Source Data (PHE HARS) Required annually	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust. Annual submission in Q3
Specialised Immunology (All Ages)	External Source Data (MDAS) Required quarterly	Data populated from external source and validated by Trust
Specialised Kidney, bladder and prostate Cancer Services (Adult)	Provider data Required quarterly	Provider data populated and validated by Trust
Specialised Vascular Services (Adult): Arterial	Provider data Required quarterly	Data not yet submitted by the Trust for 2019/2020

Specialised Service	*Internal/External	Comments		
	Source Requirements			
Spinal Cord Injuries (All ages)	External Source Data	Provider data required only		
	(NSCID)	for Q1 to meet rolling year		
	Rolling annual	requirement		
	requirement/quarterly			
Thoracic Surgery (Adult)	Provider data	New requirement for		
		2019/2020		
		Provider data populated		
		and validated by Trust		

Table 8: Specialised Services

Annual Quality Surveillance Programme

The Trust has continued to streamline its approach in delivering NHS England's national annual quality surveillance programme, and over the last 18 months to incorporate GIRFT improvement programme in order to align its national and local quality surveillance information.

In more recent months the process for the local management of compliance and regulatory visits, inspections and accreditations has been reviewed and re-launched to finalise the last in a series of measures to bring quality surveillance activity into one robust arena for monitoring and reporting through the trust's governance structures in line with the national agendas.

As part of the Quality Assurance and Improvement Framework (QAIF) all specialised services including cancer are subject to the quality surveillance process.

The Trust is required to complete annual self-declarations against a set of clinical quality indicators where information is not available through existing data sources. The declarations are a statement of compliance endorsed by the Chief Executive (or delegated authority) and are submitted through the QSIS web portal. The submission deadline is set to 30 June every year.

Developments such as the introduction of new reporting processes for specialised services under enhanced surveillance in the form of a quarterly SDIP and SSQD outlier alerts reports are now well embedded into the trust's quality reporting structure with good clinical engagement and adherence to reporting schedules.

There are a total of 74 specialised services on the South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust's directory of services. As well as submitting self-declarations each year, some of these services are

^{*}Data is either pulled directly from a national data source or is submitted by the Trust

also required to submit data as part of the SSQD. Previously QSIS was separated from the SSQD platform – now all information can be accessed in one place on QSIS.

Annual Assessment Outcomes

At the end of February NHS England announced to acute service providers that:

- The annual self-declaration process for 2021/22 will not take place during 2021/22. Therefore, the Quality Surveillance Information System (QSIS) portal will not open for submissions on 1 April 2021.
- Specialised and cancer peer-review routine programme visits for 2021/22 will remain paused.
 This position may be reviewed in June 2021.
- Highly specialised services will be required to submit their annual outcome data for 2020/21 through the SSQDs. Therefore, the portal will open on 29 April 2021 to allow data to be submitted alongside Q4 2020/21 data.
- The SSQD submission process will continue on a voluntary basis. Governance around approvals for submission will remain relaxed and there will be no requirement for a second approval to submit data. This position will be reviewed in June 2021.

Clinical Research

Clinical research is a national and Trust priority. South Tees NHS Foundation Trust is part of the Clinical Research Network North East and North Cumbria (CRN NENC). There is a clear link between research activity, clinical effectiveness and improved patient experience. A recent large-scale study demonstrated that patients cared for in NHS hospitals that have a high level of participation in clinical research have lower mortality rates and improved clinical outcomes. This effect was not just limited to those people who took part in the trials, but was significant across the entire patient population. It is therefore important that the Trust continually develops clinical research, bringing new therapies and new treatments to the people of Teesside and the wider population.

The Trust's active engagement in research is reflected by the high number of research studies being undertaken. The number of patients receiving relevant health services provided or subcontracted by South Tees Hospitals NHS Trust in 2020/21 that were recruited during that period to participate in research approved by a research ethics committee is 4613. This number does not

include participants recruited into the NOVAVAX COVID vaccine trial at University Hospital of Hartlepool, which was delivered by R&D staff from across the whole Durham Tees Valley Research Alliance (DTVRA) including South Tees Hospitals NHS FT.

In 2019/20 the Trust recruited 3196 patients enrolled in 162 different research studies. While the number of recruits decreased by 14% from the previous year, the year-on-year fall was less than the overall 40% fall experienced by the NHS Trusts across the North East and North Cumbria region.

The Trust routinely met the NIHR (National Institute for Health Research) target deadlines (40 days from receiving a complete research application) for setting up new trials to help ensure that there are minimal avoidable delays to research activity and income. The Trust also provided prioritised and expedited the set-up and delivery of 'Urgent Public Health' badged Covid-19 research studies.

The Trust continued its formal research alliance with two other NHS Trusts (North Tees and Hartlepool Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust and County Durham and Darlington NHS Foundation Trust) in order to increase patient opportunities to participate in research known as the Durham Tees Valley Research Alliance (DTVRA). This restructure created a streamlined management tier and a single combined research study set-up team designed to help ensure that research study opportunities are shared across all 3 Trusts and fully utilised.

The Trust continues to successfully deliver major NIHR grant-funded trials and this year was awarded 2 NIHR grants, an Innovate UK grant and other commercial and charity research grants.

Patient Engagement

We routinely appoint patient representatives to the steering committees of our NIHR grant funded studies and carry out other patient and public involvement activity for individual trials, for instance focus group sessions. Feedback from patients who have participated in NIHR studies within the trust is sought via the NIHR "Patient Research Experience Survey" with feedback reviewed at our monthly R&D Directorate meetings.

Goals Agreed with Commissioners – use of the CQUIN Payment Framework

During 2020/21 block payments were made to NHS Providers and were deemed to include CQUIN, there were no separate CQUIN schemes nor was there a separate allocation of funding.

Care Quality Commission (CQC) Compliance

1. Background

In July 2019 South Tees NHS Hospitals Foundation Trust received a report from the CQC following an inspection in January and February 2019. The Trust received an overall rating of 'requires improvement' and the report contained 26 'must do' recommendations and 22 'should do recommendations. A detailed action plan was developed for all recommendations and submitted to CQC.

Overall rating for this trust	Requires improvement
Are services safe?	Requires improvement
Are services effective?	Requires improvement
Are services caring?	Good
Are services responsive?	Good
Are services well-led?	Requires improvement

Delivery of the action plan is overseen by a small group of senior leaders who meet frequently as a Huddle Group to review and challenge sources of evidence.

Regular updates are provided to the Senior Leadership Team, via the Interim Director of Clinical Development. The huddle focusses on ensuring there are effective ongoing assurance mechanisms in order to translate the action plan into business as usual. The priorities are to ensure effective Trust-wide monitoring is in place for all actions and to be assured that where a concern has been identified in one core service, it would not be the case elsewhere in the trust.

A 'next steps' plan has been shared with the trust board and is attached. This along with a new meetings structure to QAC will provide the necessary governance and assurance to the CPG/SLT and the QAC going forward.

Progress

There are a total of 164 detailed actions which were devised from the original 49 must and should do requirements.

A number of these detailed actions were repeated for different areas/ specialities and these were subsequently merged onto 1 overarching trust-wide action 2.4 – "Ensure all Serious Incidents are reported within 48 hours from May 2019". This gives an overall total of 153 individual detailed actions (actions 2.4 (Trust-wide), 49.4 (Critical care), 66.3 (Diagnostic imaging) & 79.3 (Medicine (including older people) were merged).

The tables below show the number of actions that have been completed and the number of actions rated red due to either, action not being completed by the required time, or lack of evidence to demonstrate that the action has been completed: -

All 153 detailed actions

Overview			
4	Off track		
42	Expected to deliver actions		
106	Completed actions		
1	Embedded in practice		

The actions have also been separated into the 'must do' actions and the 'should do' actions and the actions that have a financial implication.

Must Do Actions

(Overview - Must Do's			
	1	Off track		
	23	Expected to deliver actions		
	24	Completed actions		
	1	Embedding in practice		

Of the 49 overall actions, 1 Must do action is currently rated red.

 The off track action relates to staff training compliance in respect of mandatory training with the trust's current rate as of April 2021 being 84.32%. The target of 90% is challenging and higher than many trusts. ESR project has been completed and all core 11 mandatory training packages are now available on ESR.

- The Workforce Team have an ongoing training programme, which includes drop in clinics, attending collaborative meetings and operating a call support system
- Any member of staff who is identified as not accessing ESR for a period time will be contacted by the Workforce Team and offered support.

Work is continuing to ensure the action plan is fully implemented.

In addition CQC preparation is underway to ensure that the trust is prepared for the next CQC inspection though as yet no date for this has been arranged and the actions agreed have been signed off by the Trust Board.

Quality Assurance Framework

NHS England and NHS Improvement (NHSE/I) have highlighted organisations that are excelling at ward accreditation. When used effectively ward accreditation can drive continuous improvement in standards and increase patient and staff experience. The South Tees Accreditation for Quality of Care (STAQC) is a methodology that has been developed and the CQC key Lines of Enquiry are embedded in the methodology.

Well Led Review

In December 2019 the Board of Directors undertook a self-assessment exercise against the well led KLOE and an overall rating of "requires improvement" was identified. The output of this exercise and assessment was that that a Board level and owned action plan was developed to address the gaps identified and to move the overall assessment of requires improvement to good.

The action plan was further updated for Board in January, July and September 2020 and the overall action plan incorporated into the Trust wide CQC action plan for improvement.

The Board has received previous reports on preparing for a CQC inspection. This included a timetable for carrying out a number of activities including a well led assessment at a number of levels in the Trust. This would seem an appropriate time to do the Board level well led assessment due to a number of factors:

- Changes to the membership of the Trust Board, including a newly appointed Non-Executive Directors and Executive Directors,
- Emphasis on partnership working within the wider ICP/ICS and joint working with NTHT
- Appointment of an interim joint Chair and soon to be appointed substantive joint Chair

- The importance of robust corporate governance within new organisational structures and collaboratives
- The importance of leadership development and its impact on improving care
- The effective delivery of the annual work programme, strategic objectives and vision

It is proposed that the Board of Directors self-assessment is undertaken on 3 August 2021 at the Board development day. The session will be facilitated and will focus on reviewing the key lines of enquiry for well led and agreeing the level of assurance and overall rating for well led.

Recognising this is only one level of assessment, CPG / SLT will also undertake a self-assessment which will be carried out in July and as identified above, the Collaboratives are currently carrying out self-assessments against all key lines of enquiry and the information from these self-assessments will be fed in to the overall assessment when all parties have completed the exercise. This will result in three different levels of action plans for the well led line of enquiry.

Moving to Good

The Trust has signed up to the Moving to Good Programme which is offered and facilitate by NHSE/I. Senior representatives of the trust attended the first workshop on the 30th October 2019 in Leeds. Through participation of this programme, the trust, along with 10 other trusts, will receive bespoke support from NHSI/E, whilst also being partnered with a similar organisation which has been rated as either good or outstanding.

The programme is an expert-led, practically focussed series of workshops on specific topics including:

- Culture
- Governance
- · Quality improvement
- · Staff engagement

The programme offers:

- On-site support for boards and senior leaders, including access to supporting documentation
- An opportunity to pair with other trusts in the region
- Focussed project on safety, with training on QI and action learning sets
- Interactive learning and talks
- Dedicated regional programme team and access to on-going support

Whilst the moving to good programme has been suspended during COVID 19, work continues throughout the Trust to progress the areas identified as part of the programme, including the safety project. The patient safety faculty was set up in November 2020 and its purpose is to develop safe practice to lead and co-lead the organisation around 5 main themes:

- Floor to Board Governance
- Organisational Learning
- Education
- Process and policy
- Cultural change

The patient safety faculty will link closely with the clinical policy group who will be the driving force of the learning behind the outcomes of the above themes linking NHS Quest, Patient safety Faculty, CSU (Clinical Support Unit), STRIVE, CQC and STAQC (ward accreditation scheme) together.

System Engagement

Engagement meetings continue to take place between the Trust and the CQC as well as focused meetings on specific areas including how the trust manages discharges and pressure ulcers.

Ward Accreditation

NHS England and NHS Improvement (NHSE/I) have highlighted organisations that are excelling at ward accreditation. When used effectively ward accreditation can drive continuous improvement in standards and increase patient and staff experience.

The STAQC programme has been aligned with the CQC fundamental standards (key lines of enquiry), the integrated performance report and the Trust's objectives. STAQC provides a mechanism and process to drive and support the Trust's ambition of 'Getting Back to our Best'. Wards and departments are assessed against multiple standards grouped under the following four headings:

- Culture of compassionate care
- Well led
- Avoidable harm
- Effective care

On 25th January 2021 the accreditation team awarded Redcar Urgent Treatment Centre full 'diamond level' STAQC accreditation. This outcome was decided by reviewing multiple data sets, feedback following a visual inspection and observations of the department alongside data and feedback gathered in the previous 6 months.

Ward 32 received Diamond Accreditation in March 2021.

A number of further wards and departments are making good progress with their self-assessment, QI work and evidence portfolios.

STAQC is instrumental to the Trust's approach to quality and patient safety and our preparation for CQC's next inspection of the Trust.

NHS number and general medical practice code validity

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust submitted records during 2020/21 to the Secondary Uses Service for inclusion in the Hospital Episode Statistics (HES which are included in the latest published data.

The percentage of records in the latest published data for February 21 data which:

Included the patient's valid NHS number was:

- 95.1% for admitted patient care;
- 100% for outpatient care; and
- 99.6% for accident and emergency care.

Included the patient's valid General Medical Practice Code was:

- 100% for admitted patient care;
- 100% for outpatient care; and
- 100% for accident and emergency care.

Data Security & Protection Toolkit compliance

Information Governance is assessed as part of the annual national process of submitting compliance with the NHS Data Security and Protection Toolkit (DSPT), which is based upon the National Data Guardians 10 Data Security Standards. The content of the DSP Toolkit is aimed at providing assurance around technical aspects of cyber security, information security and data protection compliance.

Unlike the older IG Toolkits 3 tiered system, the 2020/21 DSPT submission is assessed against compliance with 42 assertion areas which are comprised of over 130 pieces of evidence, 110 of these are mandatory.

Due to the impact of COVID-19 the submission dates have been moved to the 30th June 2021. The Trust maintains an action plan regarding compliance which is monitored at the bi-monthly Information Governance Steering Group and reported to the Trusts Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO) as well as being reviewed by the annual DSPT Internal audit review – the findings of which are monitored and discussed at the Trusts Audit and Risk Committee.

Last year's submission (2019/20) was confirmed as "Standards Not Met – Plan Agreed" with 4 outstanding items of the 110 requirements – although compliance was not ultimately achieved during the year (and these areas remain non-compliant in the 2020/21 submission) the plan was regularly updated and submitted to NHS Digital.

Currently 102 of the 110 requirements have been met and the action plan will be submitted to NHS digital to update the trusts compliance which will be "Standards Not Fully Met - Plan Agreed". Information on the final submission due in June 2021 will be included in next year's Quality Accounts.

Clinical coding

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust was not subject to a Payment by Results clinical coding audit during 2020/21 by the Audit Commission.

Learning from Deaths

During 2020/21, 2,032 patients of South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust died. This comprised the number of deaths which occurred in each quarter of that reporting period:

518 in the first quarter;

388 in the second quarter;

526 in the third quarter;

600 in the fourth quarter.

By 31st March 2021, 1,968 case record reviews and 27 investigations have been carried out in relation to 2,032 deaths above.

In 27 cases, a death was subjected to both a case record review and an investigation. The number of deaths in each quarter for which a case record review or an investigation was carried out was:

5 in the first quarter;

8 in the second quarter;

6 in the third quarter;

8 in the fourth quarter*

*This figure is accurate at the time of this report and the low number for Q4 relates to timely provision of notes to the Medical Examiner (ME) Service. Since there has usually been an incident

reported and an investigation, the patient case notes are usually in high demand across several parts of the organisation and therefore the review cannot be carried out until these have been received.

There were no deaths, representing 0% of the patient deaths during the reporting period, that were judged to be more likely than not to have been due to problems in the care provided to the patient. In relation to each quarter, this consisted of: -

0 representing 0% for the first quarter;

- 0, representing 0% for the second quarter;
- 0, representing 0% for the third quarter;
- 0, representing 0% for the fourth quarter.

These numbers have been estimated using an adapted version of the Preventable Incident, Survival and Mortality Study (PRISM) methodology. The Trust established a Medical Examiner Service in May 2018. Approximately 96% of deaths (those not referred for Coronial investigation) are scrutinised by Medical Examiners. Anywhere there may be a problem in care (or meet specific criteria) is reviewed by a central team led by Respiratory medicine and Renal consultants. Each review results in 2 grades, one for quality of care and one for preventability of the death.

240 case record reviews and 24 investigations were completed after 31/03/2020 which related to deaths which took place before the start of the reporting period.

Deaths are reviewed by a central team led by Respiratory and Renal Consultants. Each review results in two grades, one for quality of care and one for preventability of the death.

Staff who 'Speak Up' (Including Whistleblowers)

As part of the adoption of the new model, significant investment was made in FTSU. The ultimate goal of this investment was to help to continue to change and improve the culture across the organisation. Senior leaders, the Board, Chair and Chief Executive have been proactive in both ensuring the service was strengthened and that the Guardians had access to senior leaders whenever needed.

Following an open recruitment and selection process, a team of four Guardians were appointed with ring-fenced time dedicated to raising awareness of FTSU and dealing with issues raised. In the last nine months this new model has seen a significant shift in both the way the model was implemented and the views of the 9,300 colleagues the Guardians work with.

The increased visibility, awareness and accessibility to the Guardians and their increased profile has assisted the Trust to answer concerns raised in a timely manner. This has been met with positive outcomes recorded for the majority of concerns raised.

A wide range of data is collected by the FTSU Guardians. The information collected and collated in the last 12 months reflects the significant positive impact the new model for speaking up has had for staff and patients between April 2020 and March 2021.

A total of 62 issues were raised with the FTSU Guardians during this time period, compared to 25 reported during 2019 to 2020.

Forty-three per cent of colleagues chose to raise issues openly, 25.8% were raised confidentially and 30.6% were raised anonymously. However, it should be noted that in the previous year only 24% of staff chose to speak up openly which suggests there is increasing trust in the FTSU process.

The Freedom to Speak up model will form part of all staff mandatory training from 2021 onwards with various levels of engagement available. Speaking up is becoming business as usual at South Tees.

The 2020 Staff Survey results showed marked improvements in staff perceptions of speaking up across the Trust and the team is focused on further improvement in 2021.

A reporting tool developed by the previous Guardians was enhanced and it added to the methods staff can report any concerns they may have. There are three ways of reporting concerns and they can be reported by individuals or groups of staff.

- Anonymously no one, including guardians, know your name. It is important when making
 an anonymous notification to provide sufficient details to allow for an investigation for
 example, which area, ward or department you are referring to. The lack of identification
 means individual feedback cannot be given to an anonymous referrer, but generic feedback
 can be given to a department.
- Confidentially the Guardians team will know your name but will not disclose it to anyone
 else. This allows the guardians to gather any missing or unclear information and to provide
 feedback following an investigation.
- Openly you have agreed to your name being shared with the investigators. You will also be able to be provided with feedback.

In addition to the reporting tool, staff are able to report their concerns in person to the Guardians. There is also a dedicated email account and trust mobile numbers for each Guardian for staff to use. These contact methods are regularly promoted on the staff intranet system, in weekly staff briefings and by the Organisational Development team at the end of training sessions organised by them.

Feedback to Staff

Colleagues can receive feedback either by email or face to face depending on their preference, provided they have passed on their details and not reported their concerns anonymously. Staff are also encouraged to report detriment to the Guardians and this is monitored and reported back to the National Guardians Office.

With the introduction of the new model and the vastly increased awareness across the organisation due in part to the dedicated time available.

Total Number of Concerns Raised April 2020-March 2021	62
Raised Anonymously	19
Raised Confidentially	16
Raised Openly	27

Table 9: Number of Concerns Reported during 2020/21

Reporting against core indicators

In addition to the progress with our locally identified quality priorities and our performance against national performance targets, we also monitor measures from the NHS Outcomes Framework. The data reported below is data that is publicly available from NHS Digital; we have included benchmarking data where this is available. The most recently available data from NHS Digital has been used however, it should be noted that due to the nature of some of the measures and the data collection systems, the time period reported for some of the measures may be some time in the past.

The NHS Outcome Framework has five domains within which are grouped together measures for monitoring progress. The Quality Account regulations require a selection of these to be included in this report and these are described below under the heading of the relevant domain.

Domain 1 - Preventing people from dying prematurely

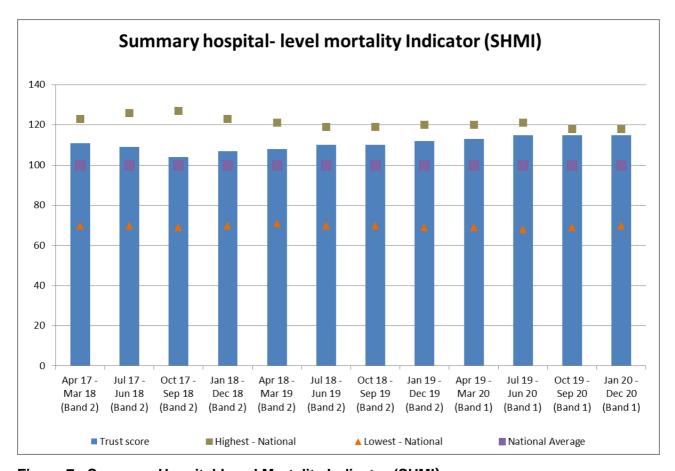


Figure 7: Summary Hospital Level Mortality Indicator (SHMI) (Data source: NHS Digital)

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons:

- 1. The SHMI is not designed to account for the COVID-19 pandemic and although spells coded for COVID-19 have been removed by NHS Digital from the indicator calculation, the large reduction in the number of admissions to hospital, particularly during wave 1, has had a substantial impact on the expected number of deaths. Therefore, although the number of observed deaths has fallen compared to previous years, the expected number of hospital deaths has fallen by a greater number due to reduction in the number of admissions. The fall in the number of admissions has not been experienced evenly across the country, with areas with high levels of COVID-19, such as the North East, experiencing a greater impact.
- 2. Despite the high level of need in the population the Trust serves, the organisation has historically fallen behind other trusts in recording the number of other medical conditions patients have, alongside the main illnesses being treated. The Trust is in the process of implementing electronic records systems which are expected to address this comorbidity recording anomaly.

3. Patients who are treated within a single day for unplanned care without the need for admission are currently moved from the dataset which is used to calculate SHMI, to another emergency care dataset and this therefore removes low-risk patients from the dataset's calculation. This change in the way patients who are treated within a single day for unplanned care without the need for admission are recorded, has taken place earlier than in other trusts.

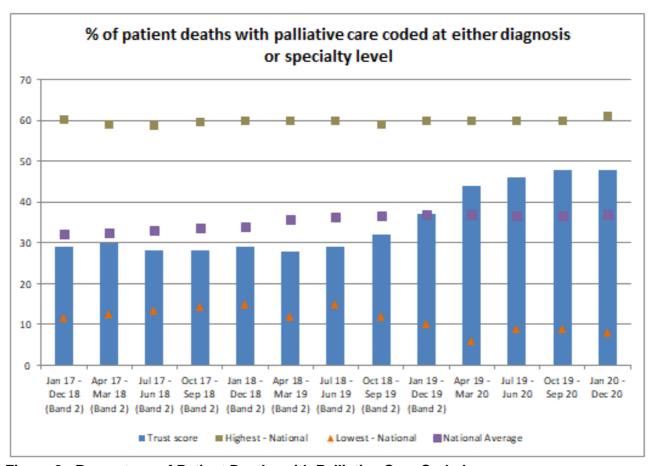


Figure 8: Percentage of Patient Deaths with Palliative Care Coded (Data source: NHS Digital)

The percentage of patient deaths with specialist palliative care coding is has been higher than the national average in the last four reporting periods and is now stable at around 48%. This reflects the work that was done to ensure that all the specialist palliative care provided to patients was captured in the coding used to calculate SHMI. This involved a comparison between two digital systems used to record the care provided.

The Trust is taking the following actions to improve the indicators and therefore the quality of its services; The Trust has governance committees which monitor and respond to mortality information and the Quality Assurance Committee in particular coordinates hospital safety and improvement activity. The trust regularly reviews the range of statistics available to monitor hospital mortality, establishing the Medical Examiner Service in May 2018 (the first in the North East), overseeing trust

and specialty level case note reviews of hospital deaths so that common themes can be identified and lessons can be learnt to improve the quality of its services.

The number of deaths in the trusts is variable from year to year, depending on the severity of respiratory and other seasonal infections each year and the pattern during the COVID-19 pandemic has been unlike any previous year in the trusts history. However, the trend outside the seasonal variations and this pandemic years has remained stable over a long period of time, despite an aging population and increasing complexity of the conditions patients have when admitted to hospital. Work likely to affect mortality rates, particularly in elderly patients admitted to medical wards, includes sustained work on identification and management of deteriorating patients (the National Early Warning Score is electronically recorded in the Emergency Departments and Acute Assessment Units as well as all wards of the hospital), identifying and managing patients with sepsis, prevention of falls, and work identifying patients level of frailty and providing appropriate support.

Domain 2 - Enhancing quality of life for people with long-term conditions

No applicable indicators.

Domain 3 - Helping people to recover from episodes of ill health or following injury

Patient Reported Outcome Measures (PROMs)

PROMs measure a patient's health status or health-related quality of life at a single point in time, and are collected through short, self-completed questionnaires. This health status information is collected from patients through PROMs questionnaires before and after a healthcare procedure and provides an indication of the outcomes or quality of care delivered to NHS patients (HSCIC website http://www.hscic.gov.uk/proms). The score reported is an adjusted health gain score based on case mix, a higher number indicates a better health gain.

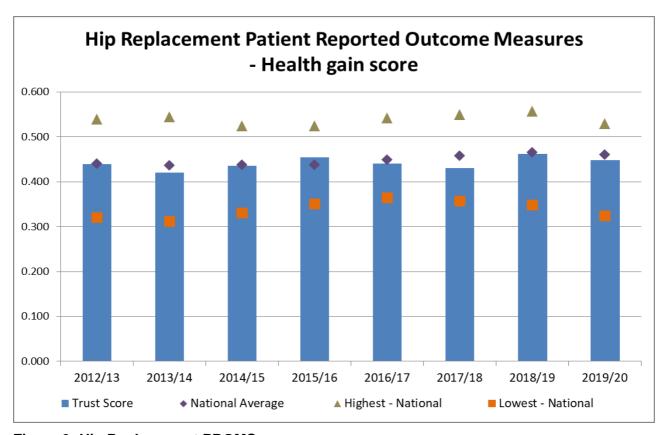


Figure 9: Hip Replacement PROMS

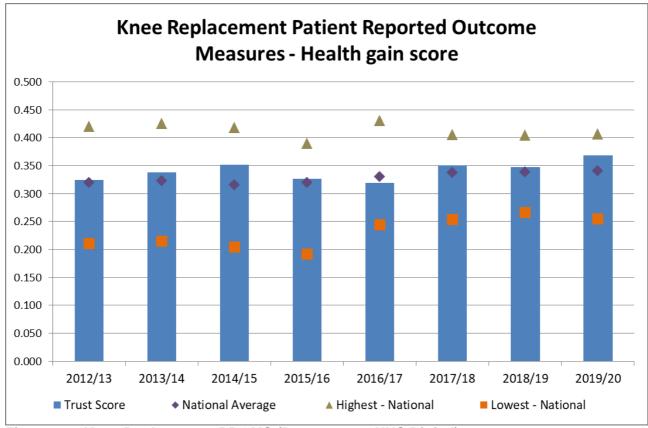


Figure 10: Knee Replacement PROMS (Data source: NHS Digital)

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons: the specialist review and pre-assessment process ensures that patients are offered the procedure likely to deliver the most benefit and best outcome. The health gain scores for hip replacements and knee replacements are in line with the national average.

The Trust has taken the following actions to improve these scores, and therefore the quality of its services: providing regular feedback of the scores to clinical teams and benchmarking performance across the NHS and other hospitals in the North East, through a regular report produced by the North East Quality Observatory Service (NEQOS), to ensure the quality of services is maintained.

Production of data has been disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Re-admission within 28 days

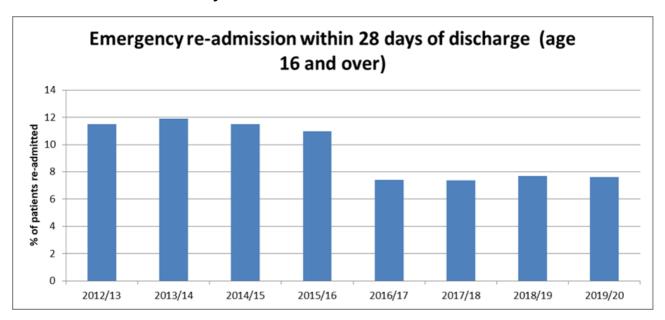


Figure 11: Emergency Readmissions Aged 16 and over (Data source: Local patient administration system)

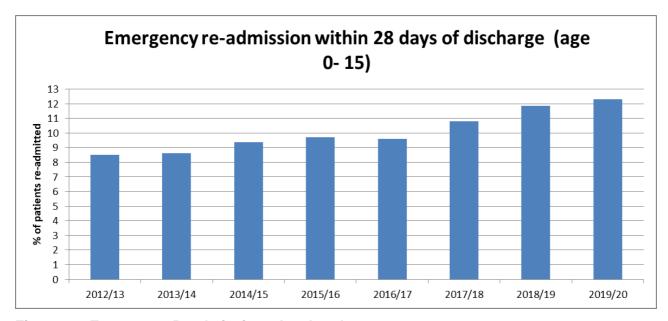


Figure 12: Emergency Readmissions Aged under 16 (Data source: Local patient administration system)

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons: the percentage of re-admissions for patients aged over 16 decreased from 12.3% in 2019/20 to 10.0% in 2020/21.

Domain 4 - Ensuring people have a positive experience of care

Responsiveness to the personal needs of patients

	Trust Scores		Performance	
Domain	2018/19	2017/18	80th percentile for 2018/19	Performance in top 20% for 2018/19
Access and waiting	87.0	89.4	85.4	Yes
Safe, high quality, coordinated care	68.6	69.9	68.4	Yes
Better information, more choice	68.6	70.8	69.1	No
Building closer relationships	88.7	88.9	87.1	Yes
Clean, comfortable, friendly place to be	82.9	83.1	82.4	Yes
Overall	79.2	80.4	78.1	Yes

 Table 10: Responsiveness to Personal Needs (Data source: https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/pat-exp/sup-info)

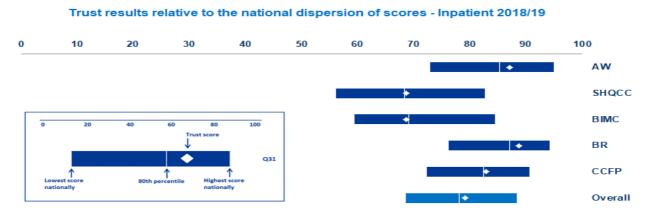


Figure 13: Responsiveness to Personal Needs (https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/pat-exp/sup-info)

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, production of data has been disrupted due to work pressures; therefore the data shown still represents the 2018/19 submission data – the latest data available.

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons: the Trust clinical standards focus on delivering care in a sensitive and personcentred way.

The Trust's overall performance is in the top 20% nationally. The only domain where the Trust narrowly missed a top 20% performance score was the 'Better information, more choice' domain.

The Trust intends to take the following actions to improve this data and the quality of its services. The Trust continues to collect patient experience data and triangulate all patient feedback. The collection of inpatient feedback provides an immediate feedback to the wards thereby enabling staff to recognise and respond to patient queries and concerns immediately.

Staff who would recommend the Trust as a provider of care to their family and friends

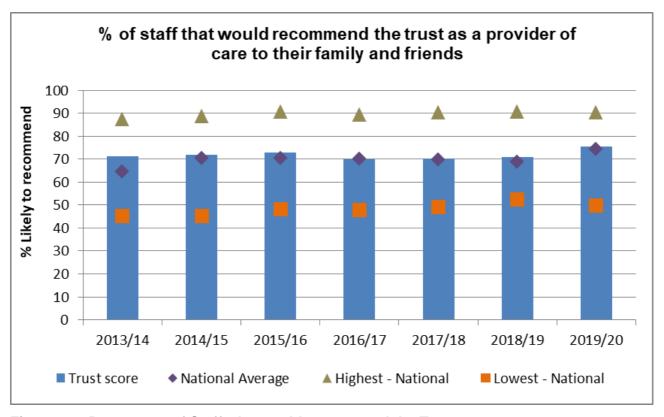


Figure 14: Percentage of Staff who would recommend the Trust (Data source: NHS Digital)

Figure 14 shows the percentage of staff who would recommend the Trust to their family and friends.

The South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons; the Trust scores have been consistent over the last 5 years, with 2019/20 scoring the highest.

The South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust intends to take the following actions to improve this percentage and thereby the quality of its services. It continues to work with staff to improve the quality of care provided to patients. In addition the Trust promotes the achievements of staff in delivering high quality care through regular staff bulletins, staff briefings and providing other opportunities for staff feedback. The Trust has undergone a number of significant changes and is now empowering clinical leaders to make decisions around how the organisation allocates its resources and delivers care.

Domain 5 - Treating and caring for people in a safe environment and protecting them from avoidable harm

Patients that were admitted to hospital and who were risk assessed for venous thromboembolism (VTE) during the reporting period.

The VTE data collection and publication is currently suspended to release capacity in providers and commissioners to manage the COVID-19 pandemic.

The South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons; the Trust monitors compliance on a monthly basis and has achieved the required standard.

The South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust has taken the following actions to improve this percentage, and so the quality of its services; the completion of a VTE risk assessment is monitored monthly through audit to ensure that the actions required following assessment are completed as well as recording that the assessment has taken place. Issues identified from the audit are further investigated and actions put in place to address any areas of concern.

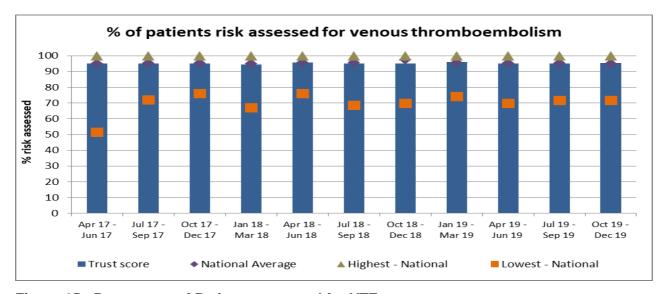


Figure 15: Percentage of Patients assessed for VTE (Data source: NHS Digital)

Clostridium difficile (C.difficile) Infections

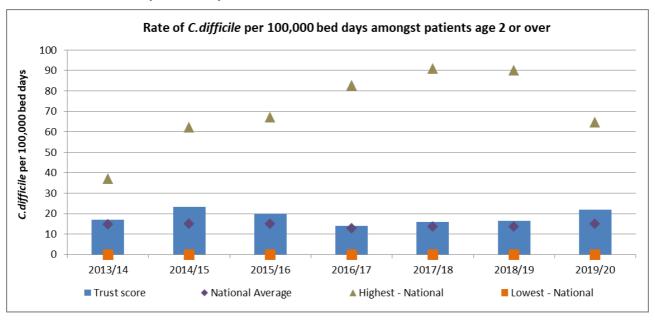


Figure 16: Rate per 100,000 bed days of cases of *C.difficile* infection reported within the Trust amongst patients aged 2 or over. (Data source: NHS Digital)

The South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons; the Trust is committed to driving down healthcare acquired infections, and achieved its lowest ever incidence Clostridium difficile infections in 2018/19, with a slight increase again in 2019/20 as indicated in the graph above.

The South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust has taken actions to improve this rate, and so the quality of its services; the Trust has a comprehensive action plan for the prevention of trust-attributed Clostridium difficile infections which is monitored through the Infection Prevention & Control Strategic Group. In addition to this all trust-attributed cases have a Root Cause Analysis (RCA) and panel reviews are undertaken. Panel reviews are chaired by the DIPC or her Deputy and are attended by CCG colleagues. If the panel agrees that there were no deficiencies in care then the case may be discounted from the total for performance measurement purposes. These panels were postponed during the COVID-19 emergency period but RCAs have picked up the trust-attributable cases that occurred from July 2020 onwards.

Identifying a single root cause in cases of C. difficile is challenging and is often associated with one or more influencing factors; patient factors e.g. existing long term conditions, and/or medical factors such as the requirement for antibiotics or laxatives and/or process concerns, e.g. delays in isolation.

Rate of patient safety incidents reported within the Trust and the number and percentage of such patient safety incidents that resulted in severe harm or death

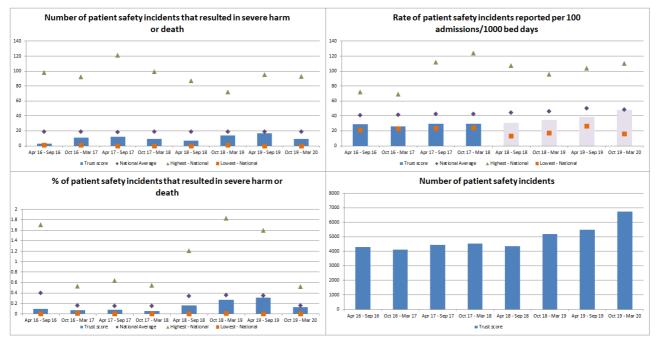


Figure 17: Rate of Patient Safety Incidents Reported (Data source: NHS Digital)

The indicator for patient safety incidents has changed from incidents per 100 admissions shown in blue above to that per 1000 bed days shown in light purple.

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust considers that this data is as described for the following reasons; the Trust had recognised that the rate of incidents and the number of incidents reported had fallen.

Incident reporting was, therefore, previously identified as a quality priority and further information on the action taken to improve incident reporting is described in Part 2 of this report.

As shown in the graph, incident reporting has increased significantly over the last year. The Trust is currently exploring ways of making incident reporting easier, via the use of voice recognition software and other technology that should facilitate this process. Each indicator is governed by standard national definitions.

PART THREE – Other information

An overview of the quality of care based on performance in 2020/21 against indicators

This section of the Quality Account contains a review of our quality performance during 2020/21. It also includes comments on the development and content of the quality account provided by a range of external stakeholders.

We are continuously exploring new ways of improving quality and safety, making innovative use of the data collected.

Information about quality of care is collated in the form of a dashboard at ward, directorate and collaborative and Trust level, and is reviewed monthly. This information is shared with the Board of Directors, Board of Governors, senior clinicians and managers to provide assurance the Trust is on track to deliver against key quality indicators.

The following section reviews the work of a range of quality work streams during 2020/21 these have been selected as the key indicators by the Board that demonstrate the quality of care provided by this organisation.

Patient Safety

Pressure Ulcers

The development of pressure ulcers is recognised as a key indicator of the quality of care delivered and a fundamental aspect of patient care. Pressure ulcers are detrimental to patients in terms of their physical, psychological and social well-being, resulting in reduced quality of life (EPUAP 2014).

During 2020/21 the Trust continued to focus on reducing the number of pressure ulcers in both the acute and community settings. Overall, the Trust did not achieve a reduction in the rate of pressure damage. COVID-19 has been noted as a factor in the increase in the rate of pressure ulcers (particularly in critical care) and has been cited as a factor nationally.

Preventing pressure damage remains a priority. The Trust has developed a pressure ulcer collaborative to help tackle this increase, and the action plan can be seen below: -

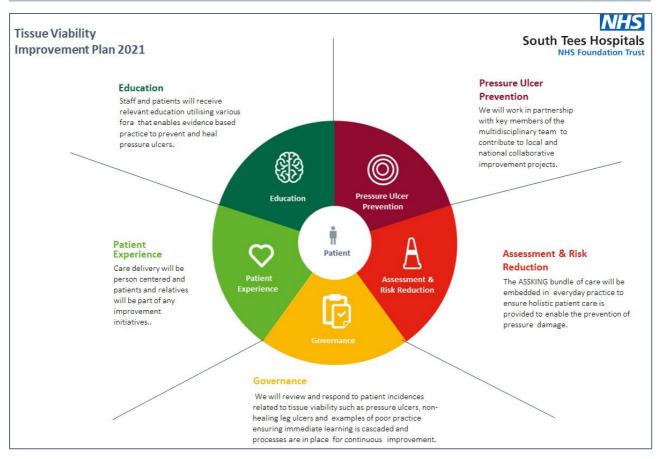


Figure 18: Summary of PU Collaborative approach

Pressure ulcers have been identified as a Quality Priority and further information on the action taken is described in Part 2 of this report.

Falls

In line with the Trust's priority to improve patient safety and reduce harm, the prevention and learning from fall incidents is a priority for staff across the Trust. During 2020/21 there has been a sustained focus on reducing falls and the impact of the pandemic on falls is yet to be determined with the rate of falls in the organisation still in line with the trajectory.

Focused interventions have included improvements to signage, continence and delirium care planning, medication reviews and interventions to prevent muscle loss, specifically for older and frail patients and bay nursing. Early results have indicated nearly a 50% reduction of falls through the introduction of bay nursing in some of the high risk ward areas.

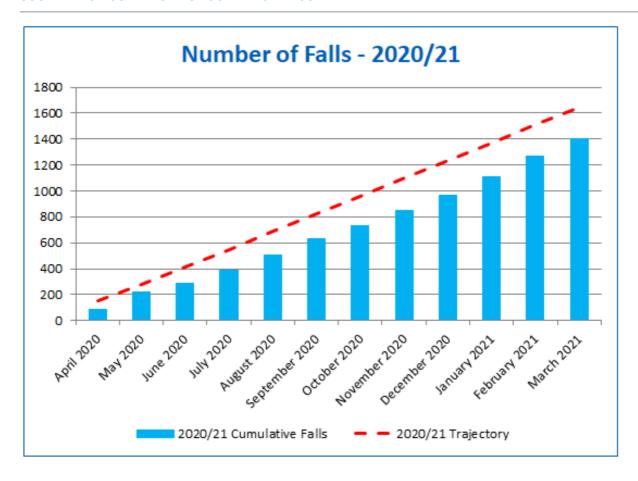


Figure 19: Patient Falls 2020/21

Actions to reduce falls include:

- Falls are reported via the incident reporting system and the reporting form for falls has been strengthened to enable more detailed reporting and identification of trends and themes to inform further improvement initiatives. Through analysis of incident data environmental issues such as light levels, weight of doors and toilet seat height identified as issues have all been addressed to reduce the incidence of falls.
- In 2019/20 nursing documentation was reviewed and strengthened with additional falls
 prevention prompts aligned to the falls CQUIN. Further reviews of nursing documentation to
 simplify the aggregation of falls risk is currently being undertaken to ensure those at risk
 receive the interventions that they need.
- The new directorate reporting template includes falls as a standing agenda item and provides a regular opportunity to monitor performance and share good practice. More detailed analysis is conducted by each ward and actions are monitored through our input into the Patient Safety Sub-Group (PSSG).
- The introduction of STAQC accreditation into the organisation will also assist in the measurement of quality metrics for falls within all the clinical areas.

• On-going interventions include monitoring the completion of the Trust's falls assessment to ensure individual patient's risks are being addressed. We are in the process of strengthening a multidisciplinary approach to falls reviews and the process had recently been modified to highlight areas of good practice, facilitate a process of learning and encourage ownership of actions. It is envisioned that learning will also be cascaded to junior members of the team as they also become part of the panels. Effective handovers between the multidisciplinary teams will strengthen a system for flagging patients identified at risk of falling and these patients are discussed at ward rounds and this is highlighted on the patient boards.

Duty of candour

Central to the Trust's strategy to improve patient safety is its commitment to improving communication between healthcare professionals and patients and/or carers when a patient is harmed as a result of a patient safety incident. This communication is known as 'Being Open' and involves apologising and explaining what happened. It ensures communication is open, honest and occurs as soon as possible following an incident. 'Being Open' about what happened and discussing incidents promptly, fully and compassionately can help patients cope better with the after-effects. Incidents can also incur extra costs through litigation and further treatment; openness and honesty can help prevent such events becoming formal complaints and litigation claims. 'Being Open' is a process rather than a one off event. The Duty of Candour is a statutory and regulatory requirement of the 'Being Open' process and applies when a patient safety incident results in moderate harm, major (severe) harm or death.

The Trust's process to discharge its Duty of Candour is described in the 'Being Open' policy which is available to all staff. An overview of Duty of Candour is included in the Trust's Induction programme. In addition the incident reporting system and investigation documentation includes prompts to ensure the Duty of Candour requirements are considered. An audit of incidents with a severity graded as moderate or greater has taken place and the results are being analysed in order that the policy can be improved. The audit results show 100% compliance during the last year. Following the updated guidance from the CQC in respect of Duty of Candour, a presentation has been developed to share across the Trust.

Adult Safeguarding

Safeguarding is a positive duty placed on all of us under Section 42 of the Care Act (2014) to promote the wellbeing of vulnerable people and protect them from harm whether or not the harm is intentional and irrespective of whoever causes the harm. Safeguarding duties are rooted in law; based around the protection of human rights. As a public authority the Trust must follow the Human Rights Act (1998) in everything we do and treat people in accordance with their rights.

In 20/21 there were 630 safeguarding concerns (10%1); 163 relating to Trust practice (42%1) and 467 safeguarding concerns reported to the local authority relating to external care and support providers.

Further work will be carried out in 2021/22 to understand in detail the increase in concerns, which may be attributed to:

- 1) Concerns raised around discharge which have been more challenging during the pandemic
- 2) Increased workload pressures and higher patient turnover leading to certain issues such as medication errors
- 3) Some concerns will have been raised against the Trust by other providers such as care homes, but do not meet a safeguarding threshold

There were 26 detentions under the Mental Health Act which is a 53% increase from 17 the previous year. There have been 577 urgent authorisations / standard applications for patients deprived of their liberty which is an 18% increase from 19-20 when 489 applications were made.

Making safeguarding personal

The focus of the Making Safeguarding Personal (MSP) agenda is on safeguarding processes supporting the individual to develop or maintain a private life in safety and free from abuse. At its heart it is about people being enabled to live the life they choose. Adults should be asked what outcome they would like from safeguarding procedures. This is audited on a quarterly basis and the results overall have improved from 61% in 2019-20 to 85% in 2020-21.

Key areas of learning during 2020-21

- Discharge
- Pressure ulcers
- Medication
- Communication

Children's Safeguarding

The Trust has a statutory, regulatory and contractual requirement to safeguard children and young people, including unborn babies, in accordance with:

• The Children Act 1989 & 2004,

- Safeguarding Vulnerable People in the NHS Accountability and Assurance Framework (NHSE 2015),
- Multi-agency risk assessment conferences (MARAC) and Domestic Homicide Reviews (Domestic Violence, Crime and Victims Act 2004).
- Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (PREVENT agenda).
- Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking Act (2015).
- Mandatory reporting of Female Genital Mutilation (FGM Act 2003 section 5b).
- NHS Standard Contract Requirements

In 20/21 there have been 4604 enquiries to the Children's Safeguarding Team and the highest number of enquiries related to unborn babies. 227 child protection medicals have been completed with only 6 completed out of the 24 hour performance target. Safeguarding supervision has continued with 98% - 100% compliance during the Covid pandemic. The Safeguarding Children Team also actively contribute to the multi-agency work across the South Tees Safeguarding Children's Partnership and undertake regular audits to gain assurances around safeguarding practice and participate in multi-agency Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews and Domestic Homicide Reviews.

Model for Looked After Children (LAC) practice

A child is looked after by a local authority if a court has granted a care order to place the child in care, or a council's children's services department has cared for the child for more than 24 hours. Within 5 working days the Trust should be notified the child has become looked after and be provided with parental consent for an initial health assessment to be carried out by a paediatrician. The initial health assessment must be carried out within 20 working days. These are statutory time scales.

Following their initial health assessment, each child will have a review health assessment at a statutory interval for their period of time in care. Children under 5 years are reviewed every six months and children over that age annually. These reviews are requested, collated, distributed and quality assured by the LAC team but carried out by other provider Trust's.

The LAC system is complex and highly interdependent on the timely actions of multiple agencies and multiple professionals within those agencies. Additionally a number of local children are placed in areas outside of the Trust footprint, and a number of children from outside our area are placed here. The LAC team has a role in statute and contract in relation to all of these children. Where a child is looked after by North Yorkshire County Council their health needs are coordinated by

Harrogate District Foundation Trust. Data provided in the report therefore is in relation to South Tees Children. Middlesbrough has some of this highest numbers of children looked after in the country and numbers are growing.

The total number of looked after children as of 31/03/2021 is 917 this includes 321 in Redcar & Cleveland and 596 in Middlesbrough.

Clinical Effectiveness

Mortality

Hospital mortality rates; how many people die in different hospitals as a proportion of the number of people who are admitted to the hospital, are not easy to compare across the NHS. Simply knowing how many people died at each hospital would be misleading as hospitals see different numbers of patients and provide different services to patients with different levels of risk. However, for an individual hospital or Trust it is important to monitor a number of measures of mortality as collectively they can provide alerts about the quality of care provided in the organisation.

The basic measure is to monitor the proportion of people who die in hospital and this number, known as the unadjusted mortality rate, is monitored on a weekly basis. Risk adjusted measures can take account of the different levels of risk to some extent. They are calculated by estimating the risk of death for each patient with specific medical conditions and comparing the actual death rate with the total estimated rate that can be expected from the predicted risks.

Mortality statistics are reported to the Trust Board on a quarterly basis and have been since 2008. These include the number of deaths, the unadjusted mortality rate and the Summary Hospital-level Mortality Indicator (SHMI), the NHS's official risk-adjusted mortality metric.

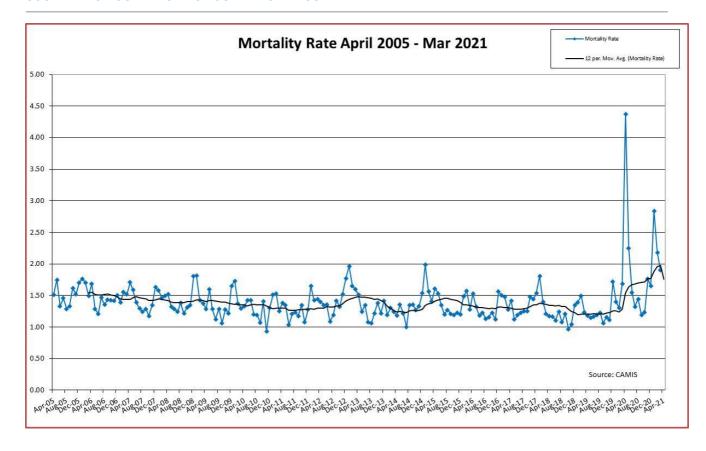


Figure 20: Unadjusted Mortality Rate April 2005 – March 2021 (including rolling 12 month averages) (Source: CAMIS)

It should be noted that in line with previous Quality Accounts information more recent data will be reported in next year's report to allow comparisons with previous years to be made.

Unadjusted mortality measures the number of deaths as a percentage of patient inpatient and day case spells, excluding well babies (less than 28 days old). It is most useful for seeing the pattern of deaths through time. Looking at the trend from April 2005 – March 2021 it can be seen that a winter peak is experienced in most years, especially in 2013, 2015 and 2017. The two peaks caused by the COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic in March - April 2020 and January – February 2021 are the highest the trust has ever experienced.

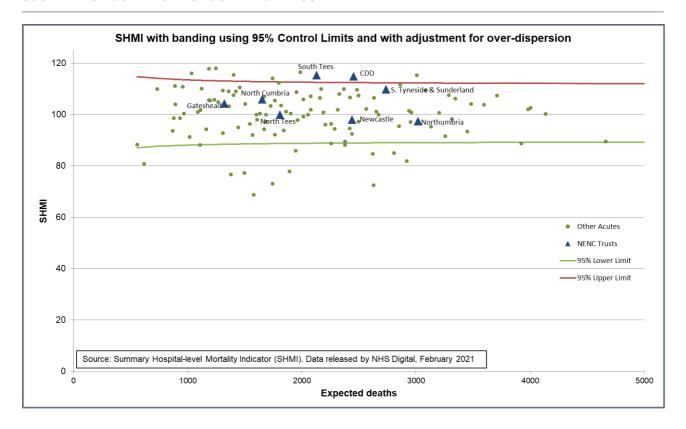


Figure 21: SHMI with 95% Control Limits and with adjustment for over-dispersion for Oct 2019 – Sep 2020 (Source: SHMI Data Release NHS Digital Mar 2021)

The Summary Hospital-level Mortality Indicator (SHMI) is designed to allow comparison between Trusts across the NHS. It includes deaths in hospital as well as deaths within 30 days of discharge from hospital. The SHMI for the Trust has been 'as expected' (i.e. within the amount of variation that can be anticipated by chance) in all data releases to date and the SHMI is currently 115 (Oct 2019 – Sep 2020). This means that the number of deaths in hospital or within 30 days of discharge from hospital is higher than the number expected using a statistical model. The SHMI was not designed to monitor mortality during the pandemic and so NHS Digital remove any hospital spells containing a COVID-19 spell. The number of patients attending hospitals, particularly during the first wave of the pandemic was much lower than would normally be the case and so the number of hospital spells from which an expected number of deaths could be estimated was much lower than usual.

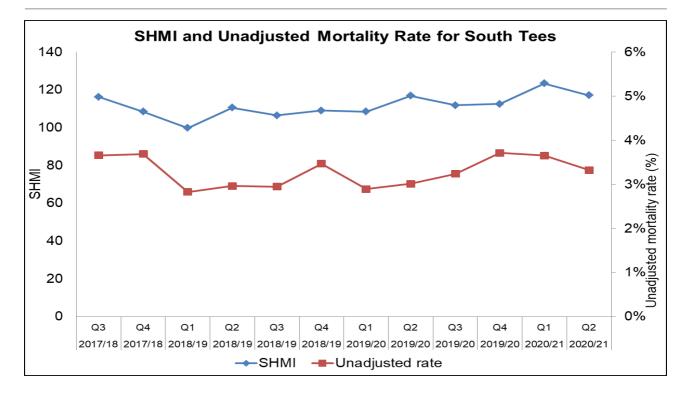


Figure 22: SHMI and Unadjusted Mortality Rate for South Tees (Source: Data extracted from HED Mar 2021)

The SHMI is monitored on a quarterly basis and broadly reflects the unadjusted rate for deaths included in the SHMI

Re-admissions

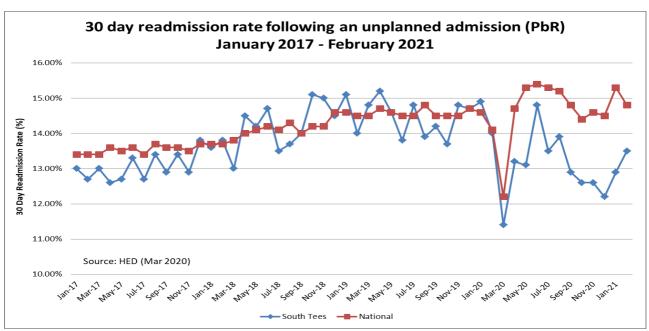


Figure 23: 30 day readmission rate following an unplanned readmission (Payment by Results)

Over the period illustrated, 30 day readmissions for the Trust has averaged 13.7% compared to the national average of 14.2%. For some patients this further admission is not linked to their recent hospital stay but for others, they have returned to hospital because of complications after their discharge. These complications may be related to their needs not being adequately established at pre-assessment, through to acquiring an infection during their hospital stay or due to their rehabilitation not progressing as planned. The graph demonstrates that the re-admission rate was impacted substantially by the pandemic.

Nutrition and hydration - getting the balance right

The Trust aims to:

- Ensure all patients are screened to assess their risk of malnutrition and that this information is appropriately acted upon
- Ensure we meet the needs of patients who require help with eating or drinking
- Provide choices of food and drink for people to meet their diverse needs making sure the food and drink we provide is nutritionally balanced and supports their recovery.

Nutrition and Hydration during COVID-19

A number of our planned developments within our nutrition and hydration workstreams have been delayed by the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic over the last year. Across the Trust all services were required to quickly mobilise for the rapidly changing patient needs both as a consequence of the illness itself or as an impact of the COVID-19 lockdown procedures that we were required to impose. Staffing resources have also been affected by this and our priority has had to be on supporting frontline care delivery. Where possible new protocols, care plans and patient information were developed for the provision of nutritional care pathways across clinical areas. New ways of working had to be implemented to ensure that nutritional care continued for those patients out in the community who were unable to be seen for 'face to face' care, with the introduction of 'virtual' clinics and telephone support for care homes.

Nutritional Screening

Patients are assessed on admission using the Malnutrition Universal Screening Tool (MUST), which is a validated screening tool to detect malnutrition in adult patients. The following graph demonstrates compliance with completion of the screening tool within 24 hours of admission, and whether subsequent appropriate actions have taken place.

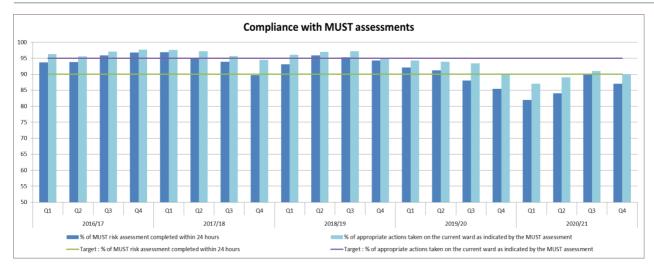


Figure 24: Compliance with Must Assessments (Data source: Local audit)

Compliance is monitored via ward managers monthly audits and the clinical assurance rounds, and where issues are highlighted targeted training is arranged locally.

Over the last year we have seen a significant deterioration in MUST compliance audit results (with an improvement noted in Quarter 3), however the largest contributing factor to this has been the COVID-19 pandemic, and the trends in compliance reduction directly correlate with surge activity. This has impacted significantly on clinical staffing from day to day staffing levels, increasing patient numbers and complexity, staff being redeployed to new clinical areas across the organisation, higher levels of new staff being recruited, reduction in training time and ability to deliver it.

As we come out of the pandemic there are now a number of initiatives that will contribute to improving compliance.

- Wards are currently working on their self-assessments and action plans as part of STAQC.
 Nutrition and hydration is a standard that is assessed within this and has / will facilitate identification of improvement actions / requirements for staff education and support at local level.
- The Trust Pressure Ulcer Collaborative workstreams are further contributing to this focus of work and additional spot check audits and targeted education sessions have been set up.
- New online video resources have recently been developed for the intranet to assist with staff education on nutritional assessment processes and tools.
- Work has commenced within the Trust to introduce the electronic patientrack system which will incorporate nursing documentation and assessments. The MUST screening tool will be included within the implementation of this which will significantly improve completion and compliance with MUST assessments, highlight actions required and will potentially automatically generate referrals.

Focus on Hydration

As a follow on from the successful pilot of a hydration project in 2019 using a traffic light water jug system, it was agreed to implement the project across the trust. An audit on RAFAU - prior to the initial pilot had indicated that the average daily oral intake of water per patient was approximately 500mls with no patients achieving over a litre of oral intake. The aim of the pilot and the role out of the project is to promote hydration with the resulting reduction in dehydration and incidence of 'acute kidney injury' (AKI). This was planned for 2020 but, for obvious reasons, this was delayed. The project group reformed early in 2021 and the project is being launched across the majority of adult wards in JCUH, FHN and the PCH's during Nutrition and Hydration week – starting 14th June 2021. The project involves the use of a traffic light jug system to improve hydration with patients. Patients on the wards are given a water jug with a red lid at the start of the day. Once empty the jug is refilled and the lid changed to an amber colour and then again eventually to a green lid. The aim being that, by the end of the day, the patient would have consumed enough water (approximately 1500 to 2000mls) to ensure that they are adequately hydrated. Other neighbouring Trusts are also looking at introducing this project including County Durham and Darlington Foundation Trust.

Seven Day Services

The government launched the seven day services programme to ensure that patients that are admitted as an emergency receive high quality consistent care, whatever day they enter hospital. Ten clinical standards were identified initially with four priority standards for implementation by 2020. This has continued throughout 2020/21.

These four standards mean that emergency patients;

- a) don't wait longer than 14 hours to initial consultant review
- b) get access to diagnostic tests with a 24-hour turnaround time for urgent requests, this drops to 12 hours and for critical patients, one hour
- c) get access to specialist, consultant-directed interventions
- d) with high-dependency care needs receive twice-daily specialist consultant review, and those patients admitted to hospital in an emergency will experience daily consultant-directed ward rounds

The Trust changed medical and surgical rotas during the acute phase of COVID-19 to ensure 7 day working.

The Trust is awaiting further guidance on how the Seven day services agenda will be taken forward and what shape assurance will take. It is anticipated that this will be put on hold for the time being given the COVID pressures.

Given that the Trust is currently in Covid recovery, the only way that we can be assured that we are compliant with standards a, b and c is to undertake another audit. Given the nature of ward rounds in South Tees, the Trust is compliant with standard.

The trust has been advised by the Regional Improvement Team – North (NHSEI) that there is no need currently to undertake another audit for regional submission in view of the on-going Covid-19 situation. Our seven day service has proved pivotal in the delivery of safe and effective patient care throughout the COVID-19 pandemic.

NHS Doctors and Dentists in Training

Schedule 6, paragraph 11b of the Terms and Conditions of Service for NHS Doctors and Dentists in Training (England) 2016 requires: "a consolidated annual report on rota gaps and the plan for improvement to reduce these gaps" and NHSI has requested that there should be a statement in the Trust's Quality Account regarding this.

The vacancy rate was greatly improved in 2020/2021 compared to the previous year with the annual vacancy rate dropping from 6.4% to 4.1%. Vacancies have been covered in the main via readjusting rotas to accommodate the reduced number of Doctors. Vacancies have been actively recruited to throughout the year whilst an increased use of recruitment of Doctors via the Medical Training Initiative has helped to fill ST3+ level vacancies in a number of specialties. Longer delays to start dates where experienced when recruiting overseas doctors, due to COVID-19 travel restrictions/guidelines.

Gaps on rotas tend to be short term due to sickness or emergency leave, however there has been an increase in the number of long term rota gaps due to COVID 19 sickness, isolation and risk assessment adjustments, where required. The Trusts Medical Rota Team track Junior Doctor Absence and any Doctors hitting trigger points are picked up by the relevant team (e.g. postgraduate team for Foundation Doctors, Lead Employer Trust for LET employed Doctors). Advanced Nurse Practitioners are successfully being utilised to cover gaps in some areas, working alongside Doctors in training.

The Medical Rota Team continue to fill approximately 95% of all locum shifts each month with the majority (approximately 91%) being filled by internal locum cover as opposed to agency. The

regional locum bank (FlexiShift) hosted by the North East Lead Employer Trust (LET) is now well established for all LET employees and the Trust are exhausting the option to enrol locally employed trust doctors also. The regional bank provides the Trust with access to an additional pool of LET employed doctors who work in other Trusts and GP surgeries. The team continue to utilise the master vendor agency HCL where required.

In line with the Terms and Conditions of Service for NHS Doctors and Dentists in Training (England) 2016, we have an established Guardian of Safe Working (GOSW), reporting quarterly to the Board and Workforce Committee, and a Junior Doctors' Forum meeting quarterly. Attendance at the Junior Doctor Forum has increased considerably following the August 2020 intake of Junior Doctors, with a number of members becoming accredited BMA representatives, taking up vacant seats on the Joint Local Negotiating Committee (JLNC).

Patient Experience

The Trust uses a number of sources to understand the patient experience in the organisation, and as discussed earlier in the report, the trust has implemented the 'real time' patient experience programme across all inpatient wards.

Complaints and PALS

In addition to this, we analyse our complaints, Patient Advice and Liaison (PALs) enquiries/concerns and compliments to understand the experience of our patients, with a view to continually improving this.

	2019/20	2020/21					
	Total	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	
Number of Formal Complaints	470	35	77	101	78	291	
Number of PALS received	2512	325	498	486	400	1709	
Number of Compliments	404	75	128	147	66	416	

Table 10: Number of Complaints and PALS Concerns/Enquiries Received during 2019/20 (Source: Datix)

Overall the Trust has seen a decrease in formal complaints and PALS. The decrease in formal complaints & PALS is entirely due to the COVID-19 pandemic. In April 2020, NHS England & Improvement put a 'pause' on the NHS complaint process, to allow staff to be utilised to support

frontline services during the pandemic. The Trust did not implement the 'pause' to the complaint process and continued, where possible, to respond in writing to formal complaints, supported by the corporate team and staff who were identified as 'extremely clinically vulnerable' and therefore unable to work clinically.

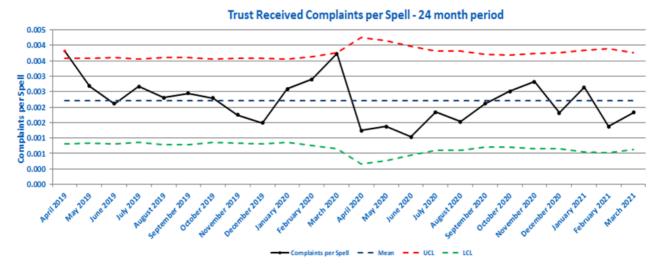


Figure 25: Complaints Received Over a 24 Month Period

There was an upward trend seen December 2019 to March 2020, however at the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic and National Lockdown there was a significant decrease in formal complaints being received. Spells naturally decreased during the COVID-19 pandemic, but as the majority of complaints are logged after a spell in hospital, the reduction in complaints per spell started from April 2020 onwards. The complaints per spell remained low in comparison to previous years.

Friends and Family Test (FFT)

The Trust continues to deliver the Friends and Family Test in line with national guidance. The Trust performs well against national data with the percentage of patients that are very likely or likely to recommend, with performance generally in line or higher than the national average for inpatient areas and above the national average for maternity services.

Response rates are however lower than the national average and the Trust continues to try different methodologies to improve this. However, the introduction of 'key performance indicators' for all inpatient areas from 1 February 2020 has seen the response rate improve month on month.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, data collection was suspended and has only recently recommenced.

		Jai	n-21		Feb-21			Mar-21				
	Respo	nse Rate	% likely to	recommend	Response Rate		Response Rate % likely to recommend		Response Rate		% likely to recommend	
	Trust	England	Trust	England	Trust	England	Trust	England	Trust	England	Trust	England
Inpatient	6%	15%	97%	95%	7%	16%	97%	94%	11%	18%	96%	95%
A&E	6%	11%	94%	88%	-	11%	-	88%	1%	11%	87%	87%
Antenatal			87%	90%			90%	91%			-	90%
Birth	-	10%	*	96%	-	10%	*	95%	4%	12%	100%	95%
Postnatal ward			97%	92%			93%	93%			99%	94%
Post natal			*	90%			*	92%			*	92%
Outpatient			98%	94%			93%	93%			94%	93%
Community			-	95%			-	96%			100%	95%

Table 11: Family and Friends Test Data by Month Data source: NHS England

National Patient Surveys

National Adult Inpatient Survey 2020

Fieldwork is nearing close for this survey and will be completed by 9th July 2021. The final raw data will be submitted on behalf of the Trust on the timetabled 16th July 2021.

The indicative date that CQC will publish their official report on is 1st November 2021.

National Maternity Survey 2019

There were 139 completed surveys from women who gave birth during February 2019 within the organisation with a response rate of 39%. The average score for each question showed an improvement from 82% in 2018 to 83% in 2019.

The Trust scored in the top 20% on 17 questions and scored in the bottom 20% on 2 questions, during pregnancy, the provision of a telephone number for a midwife or member of the midwifery team to contact and following the birth, having the opportunity to ask questions about the labour and the birth.

Overall the survey results reflect a positive patient experience in relation to the questions asked in the 3 domains, labour and birth, staff during labour and birth and care in hospital and after birth. Areas identified for improvement were, contact information in the antenatal period, discharge and communication after the birth. An action plan has been developed to secure and sustain improvements.

The next National Maternity Survey is due to take in 2021 with the indicative date that CQC will publish their official report on is 1st January 2022.

Urgent and Emergency Care Survey 2019

The national survey of Urgent and Emergency Care surveys patients attending type 1 services, which include A&E departments (casualty or emergency departments). Type 3 services include urgent care centres, urgent treatment centres and minor injury units. For adult patients seen at a type 1 service between October 2018 and March 2019 showed that a total of 315 surveys were completed therefore the trust had a response rate of 25%. For adult patients seen at a type 3 services between October 2018 and March 2019 showed that a total of 139 surveys were completed therefore the trust had a response rate of 33%

The survey findings for type 1 and 2 showed the average score was up 1.4% on 2016. The Trust was in the top 20% of trusts on 17 questions and the bottom 20% in 0 questions. Areas of strength were in the domains for, waiting times, doctors and nurses, care and treatment, leaving A&E and respect and dignity

The 2021 Urgent and Emergency Survey has taken place with the indicative date that CQC will publish their official report on is 1st August 2021.

CQC National Children and Young Peoples Inpatient/Daycase Survey 2020

Fieldwork is nearing close for this survey and will be completed by 9th July 2021. The final raw data will be submitted on behalf of the Trust on the timetabled 16th July 2021.

The indicative date that CQC will publish their official report on is 1st November 2021.

National NHS Staff Survey 2020

The NHS annual staff survey was carried out from October to December 2020. The survey mode was mixed and the sample type was census with a response rate of 28% (2452 members of staff). There were 128 organisations in the benchmarking group with a median response rate of 45%% (combined acute and community trusts)

Key findings in relation to Quality and Safety were as follows:

Staff Engagement

Question	Improvement/ deterioration	2019	2020	National Average 2020
Motivation				
I look forward to going to work	Improvement	49.1%	53%	58.5%
I am enthusiastic about my job	Improvement	67.4%	70.2%	73.1%
Time passes quickly when I am working	Improvement	74.2%	75%	76%
Improvements/ suggestions				
There are frequent opportunities for me to show initiative in my role	Improvement	69.9%	72.9%	71.9%
I am able to make suggestions to improve the work of my team / department	Improvement	71.1%	73.1%	73%
I am able to make improvements happen in my area of work	Improvement	49%	53.9%	55.4%
Recommendation of the organisation as a p	place to work/ receiv	/e treatme	ent	
Care of patients / service users is my organisation's top priority	Improvement	58.7%	74.4%	79.4%
I would recommend my organisation as a place to work	Improvement	44.4%	59.1%	66.9%
If a friend or relative needed treatment I would be happy with the standard of care provided by this organisation	Improvement	64.3%	75.5%	74.3%

Quality of care

Question	Improvement/ deterioration	2019	2020	National Average 2020
I am satisfied with the quality of care I give to patients / service users	Improvement	74.7%	80.3%	82%
I feel that my role makes a difference to patients / service users	Improvement	87.3%	89%	89.7%
I am able to deliver the care I aspire to	Improvement	60.1%	65.1%	70%

Safety Culture

Question	Improvement/ deterioration	2019	2020	National Average 2020
My organisation treats staff who are involved in an error, near miss or incident fairly	Improvement	47%	57.4%	61.4%
When errors, near misses or incidents are reported, my organisation takes action to ensure that they do not happen again	Deterioration	62.5%	72.3%	72.7%
We are given feedback about changes made in response to reported errors, near misses and incidents	Deterioration	50.6%	57.9%	61.9%
I would feel secure raising concerns about unsafe clinical practice	Improvement	67.6%	72.1%	71.8%

I am confident that my organisation would	Improvement	50.4%	58.6%	59.1%
address my concern				

Health and Wellbeing

We have taken an integrated approach to promote a holistic health and wellbeing strategy, working with a range of partners to assist staff make healthier choices and to address the bio psychosocial factors that affect health.

There are a number of factors that affect staff wellbeing and this can be partly attributed to the fact that work can often be physically, emotionally and psychologically demanding. In addition, for many of our staff, our services operate for 24 hours a day, 365 days of the year. Financial and social wellbeing also play a key part in maintaining good mental health.

Taking into account all of these factors, we developed a Health and Wellbeing Strategy which is underpinned by five strategic objectives, these include:

Developing positive environments

Ensuring our policies and practices support health and wellbeing

Supporting a healthy body for all

Encouraging a healthy mind and reducing stigma associated with mental health

Promoting and supporting financial wellbeing

2020/21 has been a year like no other, with the outbreak of COVID and the declaration of a worldwide pandemic in March 2020. This has had one of the greatest impacts on the NHS in its history and in particular upon its amazing and dedicated workforce. Never before has the need to support our staffs health and wellbeing been such an essential element of our People Plan.

As a Trust we recognised at an early stage that peoples overall health and wellbeing would be placed under significant pressure. In light of this, we had to quickly adapt our original plan and created in interim COVID Health and Wellbeing Strategy. This developed into a reactive phase followed by a recovery phase.

As a result during the reactive phase we put in place the following: -

 Introduced access to COVID testing on site from the beginning of March 2020 for staff and their household members.

- Invested in recruiting additional psychological support services via the appointment of additional psychologists and counsellors.
- Line managers undertook health and wellbeing conversations with staff with the option of referral to Occupational Health for more specialist support.
- Managers and teams provided daily support through daily team huddles pre-briefs and debriefs.
- Covid risk assessments were undertaken for all BAME staff and staff that were classed as Shielding, Clinically Vulnerable or Extremely Clinically Vulnerable, as well as all pregnant staff. This included a wellbeing phone call to check-in proactively on concerns relating to both mental and physical wellbeing including reviewing the staff member's current deployment in work or a home setting.
- Weekly calls from Occupational Health team to all staff that have been affected by a Covid positive result and those who have been identified with Long Covid.
- Introduced 'wobble rooms' to provide a safe space for staff to take some time out and deal with the difficult situations that have arisen as a result of Covid.
- Helplines set up offering advice on Covid testing, counselling and psychological support.
- Access to a range of free wellbeing apps covering a wide variety of wellbeing issues including sleep issues, mindfulness, suicide prevention.
- Set up both a Hardship Fund and an Advance of Pay process to support financial wellbeing.
- Project Wingman which is a charity founded in March 2020 in direct response to the Covid-19 pandemic. The purpose of Wingman was to explore how grounded aircrew could support NHS staff during the current health crisis. Wingman provided the Trust with airline crew into our hospital sites to look after our staff during their breaks in dedicated lounges
- Provision of free hot food and drinks including meals for nightshift staff.
- Working with our Staff Side colleagues we put in place a range of temporary and permanent people policy changes. These included:
- Changes to the attendance policy to ensure anytime that was recorded as Covid absence would not be considered in any absence management processes.
- Change in the annual leave policy enabling the carry forward of annual leave.

- Roll out of agile working arrangements.
- Full implementation of flexible working arrangements.
- Protecting pay and allowances for all temporarily redeployed and shielding staff.
- Free car parking.

As we move towards a recovery phase from Covid we have further developed a Health and Wellbeing Strategy. The focuses in this stage are: -

- Enable rest
- Support staff back to roles
- Health and wellbeing initiatives
- Psychological support
- Staff engagement

To support this we have a number of activities which have commenced or are in the planning stages for roll out during the next year.

On top of this amazing work our Occupational Health team have continue to provide normal business and usual activities including physiotherapy services, annual health campaigns and roll out of the flu vaccination which achieve a 92.50 % take up this year, which is our best ever take up utilising a creative and fun campaign. Due to Covid restrictions the team have utilised new and creative approaches to deliver their services including the roll out of wellbeing videos and access to online services.

Equality, Diversity and Inclusion

The Trust's strategic organisational goals are supported by the Equality Diversity and Inclusion (EDI) Steering Group, chaired by the Director of Human Resources and reporting to the People Committee and the Trust Board. The Trust continues to follow the duties of the Equality Act 2010, which legally protects people from discrimination in the workplace and in wider society.

The Public Sector Equality Duty which supports the following:

- · Better health outcomes
- Improved patient access and experience

- A represented and supported workforce
- Inclusive leadership

The Trust has an Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Steering Group with membership representatives from across departments, staff side colleagues to embed equality, diversity and inclusion across the Trust.

The Trust EDI objectives are:

- Becoming a leading organisation for promotion of opportunity and diversity, for challenging discrimination, and for promoting equalities of opportunities in employment and the services we provide.
- Creating an organisation which recognises the contribution of all staff and which is supportive, fair and free from discrimination.
- Ensuring our staff have a positive experience at work, are offered opportunities to meet their full potential, and demonstrate the Trust's values.
- Ensuring that our Trust is regarded as a model employer.

Staff Equality and Diversity Information

Headcount - Gender	2020/21	2019/20
Female	8001	7295
Male	1820	1608
Grand Total	9821	8903

FTE - Gender	2020/21	2019/20
Female	6656.65	6194.55
Male	1566.70	1478.47
Grand Total	8223.35	7673.02

Headcount - Religious Belief	2020/21	2019/20
Atheism	1345	979
Buddhism	30	23
Christianity	4552	3848
Do not wish to disclose	2558	3084
Hinduism	101	85
Islam	239	198
Judaism	4	3
Other	817	633
Sikhism	16	11
Undefined	159	39
Grand Total	9821	8903

FTE - Religious Belief	2020/21	2019/20
Atheism	1145.56	883.1
Buddhism	25.9	20.54
Christianity	3846.44	3335.88
Do not wish to Disclose	2077.17	2572
Hinduism	86.69	78.24
Islam	210.05	182.93
Judaism	2.96	2.96
Other	697.29	559.32
Sikhism	13.8	10
Undefined	117.50	28.07
Grand Total	8223.35	7673.02

Table 12: Staff E&D Information

The Trust EDI Steering Group meets monthly and includes the Patient Experience Lead and integrates work from other Trust strategies (i.e. health and wellbeing, education, learning and development) to ensure our patients and carers have a positive experience.

The work of the group has included the development of EDI network groups, providing a forum for individuals to come together, to share ideas, raise awareness of challenges and provide support to each other. The network groups identified so far are:

- Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender Networks (LGBT+)
- Black Asian Minority Ethnic Network (BAME)
- Disability and Long Term Health Network (including Mental Health Network)
- Faith Network

Additionally the Trust is in the process of creating a Women's network group following a very successful launch of the celebrating International Women's Day.

From the start of 2021 a new calendar of EDI awareness events has commences including to date LGBTQ+ history month, Chinese New Year through a cultural food experience, Common Wealth Day, Autism Awareness week, Ramadan and Mental Health Week.

The Trust's is committed to EDI education and a range of training is made available to staff, in addition to mandatory EDI training. The training focuses around the Trust's commitment to ensure all staff are free from discrimination and feel equally supported in career progression and opportunities.

The Trust has reviewed its Workforce Race Equality Scheme and data, to support further EDI action planning. The Trusts Workforce Disability Equality Scheme and supporting information is being used to underpin and provide an evidence base in the development of the Health and Wellbeing Strategic Plan.

The Trust was successful in securing funding from the NHS Leadership Academy Programme to introduce a programme of Reciprocal Mentoring. Following initial meetings with national and regional representatives from the Leadership Academy a project implementation plan has been developed to establish 20 pairs of mentors. Each pair will consistent of a BAME colleague and a member of the Trusts Senior Leadership team.

We are the first Trust in our region to take part in the Reciprocal Mentoring Programme and we are looking for 20 BAME colleagues who are interested in making a difference for our current and future workforce and services working in partnership with our BAME staff network.

Reciprocal mentoring is a mutually beneficial relationship where each participant learns from each other and improves their professional performance. They hold each other accountable and give each other encouragement and feedback on their goals.

Reciprocal Mentoring is a systemic intervention designed to enable change that leads to greater equity of outcomes across the whole organisation.

In reciprocal mentoring the mentors are partners developing each other's ability to make significant improvements in equity.

Our programme will be design to last for up to 18 months and requires a long term commitment to working in partnership to influence change for our workforce.

The Trust is part of a North East and North Cumbria, EDI and regional pilot on overhauling recruitment and selection practices, specifically around areas identified nationally as requiring change. This will benefit the Trust in enhancing further our approach to recruitment and selection practices.

Sickness Absence

The Trust is committed to promoting and maintaining the health, safety and welfare of all staff and believe in encouraging its workforce to have good wellbeing, to live healthily and to achieve a good work life balance. Our Absence Management Policy and processes are designed to provide a framework to assist in the health and wellbeing of our employees and to promote a healthy workforce and provide efficient patient, safe and effective patient care.

We continue to focus on sickness absence and have made significant improvement to improve the support we provide to managers, ensuring that ensuring that both long and short term sickness is managed in accordance with the sickness absence policy.

We continue to work in close partnership with the Occupational Health Department and have developed case management forums to ensure that both staff and management are supported throughout the absence period, with a view to retaining, returning and rehabilitating staff into the workplace.

In additional to general occupational health advice and provision, we are working in partnership with a number of professional bodies offering support and counselling services and actively encourage staff to seek the help and support they need to aid their recovery.

In 2019/20 the average sickness absence rate for the Trust was just over 4% which slightly exceeded the Trust target of 3.9%. We are confident that the focus on absence management will enable us to meet the 3.9% target within 2021/22.

Quality and Equality Impact Assessment

The need for a formal Quality and Equality Impact Assessment (QEIA) process as part of robust governance arrangements is well recognised. This process has been developed to ensure the trust has the appropriate steps in place to safeguard quality whilst delivering significant changes to service delivery and also understand the impact of the change either negatively or positively on any groups of the community which may be affected. The process is based on the guidance issued by the National Quality Board and the Equality Act 2010.

The Trust has a Quality and Equality Impact Assessment (QEIA) Policy that advises when changes to services are being planned, the impact on quality and equality must also be considered.

The QEIA process should be used to assess the impact that any new policy, service change or cost improvement programme may have on the quality of care provided to patients at South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust and provides a robust and consistent framework to both inform decision making and agree assurance metrics.

The impact on equality and diversity also needs to be assessed - whether people could be treated differently in terms of race, religion, disability, gender, sexual orientation, pregnancy, gender reassignment, civil partnerships or age. This supports the Trust in meeting its obligations under the Equality Act 2010 to undertake equality impact assessments.

QEIA's are monitored and reviewed on a monthly basis via centres, as part of reviewing the actual impact throughout the implementation stage and during the final review after the business plan has been implemented. Thereafter, review will be business as usual or at any change of circumstance

The Trust uses a standard Quality & Equality Impact Assessment tool and risks are assessed using a standard risk assessment matrix.

All QEIA's are presented at centre Governance Boards, prior to them being submitted and presented to the QEIA panel by the lead manager and/or clinician.

The completed QEIA is then presented by the service lead to the Trust QEIA Panel – Chief Nurse, Deputy Director of Patient Safety & Quality and the Quality Assurance & Compliance Lead for final approval to progress. No change should be commenced without approval of the panel.

Regular reports are presented to the Quality Assurance Committee outlining QEIA's that have been discussed as well as the outcome.

During COVID-19 panels were held twice weekly to review service changes and then latterly with services restarting were arranged as required.

Junior Doctors

Doctors and Dentists in Training

Schedule 6, paragraph 11b of the Terms and Conditions of Service for NHS Doctors and Dentists in Training (England) 2016 requires: "a consolidated annual report on rota gaps and the plan for improvement to reduce these gaps" and NHSI has requested that there should be a statement in the Trust's Quality Account regarding this.

The vacancy rate was greatly improved in 2020/2021 compared to the previous year with the annual vacancy rate dropping from 6.4% to 4.1%. Vacancies have been covered in the main via readjusting rotas to accommodate the reduced number of Doctors. Vacancies have been actively recruited to throughout the year whilst an increased use of recruitment of Doctors via the Medical Training Initiative has helped to fill ST3+ level vacancies in a number of specialties. Longer delays to start dates where experienced when recruiting overseas doctors, due to COVID-19 travel restrictions/guidelines.

Gaps on rotas tend to be short term due to sickness or emergency leave, however there has been an increase in the number of long term rota gaps due to COVID 19 Sickness/isolation/risk assessment adjustments, where required. The Medical Rota Team track Junior Doctor Absence and any Doctors hitting trigger points are picked up by the relevant team (e.g. postgraduate team for Foundation Doctors, Lead Employer Trust for LET employed Doctors). Advanced Nurse Practitioners are successfully being utilised to cover gaps in some areas, working alongside Doctors in training.

The medical rota team continue to fill approximately 95% of all locum shifts each month with the majority (approximately 91%) being filled by internal locum cover as opposed to agency. The regional locum bank (FlexiShift) hosted by the LET is now well established for all LET employees and the Trust are exhausting the option to enrol locally employed trust doctors also. The regional bank provides the Trust with access to an additional pool of LET employed doctors who work in other Trusts and GP surgeries. The team continue to utilise the master vendor agency HCL where required.

In line with the Terms and Conditions of Service for NHS Doctors and Dentists in Training (England) 2016, we have an established Guardian of Safe Working (GOSW), reporting quarterly to the Board and Workforce Committee, and a Junior Doctors' Forum meeting quarterly. Attendance at the Junior Doctor Forum has increased considerably following the August 2020 intake of Junior Doctors, with a number of members becoming accredited BMA representatives, taking up vacant seats on the Joint Local Negotiating Committee (JLNC).

Developing a Sustainable Workforce

Addressing Workforce Shortages

We have some difficulties recruiting people, particularly where there are national shortages such as medical staff, specialist nursing midwives and some allied health professionals. In addition our workforce retirement projections over the next five years are a concern in some areas. Working for South Tees isn't just about a job; it is about being part of something that is special and valued. We

will support our people to be able to recognise and celebrate the difference that they make to our patients and our communities and to each other.

In order to attract and retain the right people in the most effective ways we will develop joined up approaches to employment to meet the needs of our diverse workforce throughout their career. We will develop and implement a workforce planning model for clinical and non-clinical roles to support the delivery of national, regional and local healthcare objectives.

Building our relationships with higher education and further education sectors will provide an opportunity for us to develop a talent pipeline and also enable our colleagues to develop into new roles.

Objectives

- Develop a long term sustainable workforce planning process to identify workforce needs
 now and in the future with recruitment plans in place to support them, alongside efficient
 resourcing plans to ensure that we utilise our people to support the, alongside efficient
 resourcing plans to ensure that we utilise our people when and where they are needed
- Establish real time reportable establishment and vacancy rates for our clinical collaborative to support recruitment
- Develop creative and flexible values based approaches to recruitment, attracting and retaining colleagues who are looking for flexibility throughout their employment
- Overall reduction in agency spend and overtime
- Work with our colleagues and local communities to develop South Tees as the employer of choice

Measures of Success

- Each collaborative has a robust workforce plan
- We attract, recruit and retain an efficient, effective and diverse workforce
- Values based recruitment is embedded and evidenced
- Continued improvement in colleagues recommending South Tees as a place to work evidenced in the national staff survey
- Welcome day is relaunched leading to a positive on boarding experience

Tackling Bullying

Embedding Equality, Diversity and Inclusion

Through our equality, diversity and inclusion initiatives we will look to promote our values and behaviours at every opportunity and specifically to engender a sense of belonging for all by creating an environment where we value unique differences.

We will embrace diversity and promote inclusion, free from any type of negative behaviours. We will strive to ensure our workforce is representative of the communities that we serve, and recognise the contribution of workforce is representative of the communities that we serve, and recognise the contribution of all colleagues and is supportive, fair and free from discrimination and ensure there is psychological safety for all

Objectives

- Ensure open and transparent opportunities for all
- Review people policies and procedures
- Create diverse and inclusive culture
- To keep our colleagues safe and well at work

Measures of Success

- We have a diverse workforce representative of the communities we serve
- Staff networks are embedded, meet regularly and have membership from across the Trust
- We can demonstrate equitable and fair processes so that all colleagues feel valued and able to challenge discrimination
- An embedded reciprocal mentorship programme

Employee Engagement

Staff Engagement – Creating a Sense of Belonging

We want to make the Trust a great place to work and encourage our staff to develop their careers here. It is important for our staff to know that we listen and take action on suggestions for improvement.

Working together we will develop an engagement plan which will enable the Trust to communicate and listen to our colleagues, introducing innovative ways of communicating ensuring colleagues know how to share ideas and are engaged and involved in the improvement process. There will be open, transparent and positive ways for staff to raise concerns and identify learning opportunities in

adopting just culture approaches. We seek to reward, praise and celebrate colleagues for their contribution to their colleagues and the people we serve.

Objectives

- Actively engage and listen to colleagues so they feel values and respond positively to annual staff survey and regular check in surveys to improve job satisfaction
- Ensure that we have open and honest and transparent and positive channels in which colleagues can rise concerns
- Reward, praise and celebrate colleagues for the contribution they make to the Trust, patients and other colleagues

Success looks like

- Staff survey engagement scores increase year on year and colleagues fell valued, engaged and happy at work
- Robust staff survey action plans owned in each clinical collaborative
- Colleagues are willing to and regularly offer feedback which is acted upon

Recruitment

Included in addressing workforce shortages above

Day Nursery

Playdays Nursery is an excellent onsite facility, offering quality and flexible childcare for our staff's children whilst they are at work. It was awarded a 'good' rating following our recent Ofsted inspection. Nursery fees are competitive in comparison to other local nurseries, offering the staff assurance that their COVID 19 Pandemic.

Relationships with Trade Unions

We continue to develop our partnership with Trades Unions colleagues, with a Partnership Agreement which supports the following aims:

Promotes close co-operation between staff and managers within the Trust by providing a
forum in which all matters affecting staff can be discussed and relevant information passed
on. This includes NHS policies and strategies, Trust operational and financial performance,
key Trust service strategies, objectives and projects e.g. corporate level/ large scale change
management projects.

- Provides opportunities for joint problem-solving in relation to issues affecting the well-being
 of employees and the efficient operation of the organisation. It is recognised good practice
 that management and staff side will consult on any significant decision that is likely to affect
 staff members.
- 3. Supports consultation in relation to key changes in our HR policies.

The Joint Partnership Committee (JPC) attended by both management and Staff Side colleagues meets on a monthly basis; agenda items including the areas summarised above. The NHS and Trust continues to be a changing and challenging environment with both management and Staff Side recognising that their interest are mutually compatible with the aim of preserve jobs and the quality of services.

Employment Policies

The Joint Partnership Committee ensures that HR policies and procedures are fit for purpose, reflective of any changes to employment law and support equality and diversity within the workplace. The JPC also provides Staff Side with an opportunity to be updated regarding other policies that are led by other corporate areas e.g. Freedom to Speak Up; Raising Concerns at Work policy. Policies are revised and presented to JPC on a scheduled basis.

Social Economic Responsibility

- We continue to support the local community and widen the accessibility of learning and development through the apprenticeship levy offering new starters and staff a vocational route to enter and progress within the organisation.
- We are actively recruiting to apprenticeship roles. Included are the Advanced Clinical Practitioners, Nursing Associates as well as Health Care Support and Business Administration.
- We offer graduates, through the Graduate Management Scheme, the opportunities to develop knowledge and skills operationally and strategically within their chosen field.

Performance against key national priorities

	13/14	14/15	15/16	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	20/21 Target
Safety									
Clostridium (c.) difficile - meeting the C difficile objective	57	76	61	43	48	41	89	79	81
all cancers: 62 day wait for first treatment from:									
Urgent GP referral for suspected cancer	84.70%	85.30%	79.10%	81.10%	85.44%	82.65%	77.23%	75.52%	85%
NHS Cancer Screening Service Referral	94.80%	92.60%	89.80%	89.00%	94.55%	87.14%	94.41%	62.77%	90%
18 weeks referral to treatment time (RTT									
Incomplete Pathways	95.20%	95.70%	93.20%	92.20%	91.45%	89.49%	83.33%	63.20%	92%
Accident & Emergency									
4 hour maximum wait in A&E from arrival to admission,	06 700/	04.009/	OF 900/	OF 229/	95.68%	OF 249/	00.259/	92.459/	95%
transfer or discharge	90.70%	94.90%	95.80%	95.33%	95.08%	95.24%	88.35%	83.45%	95%
Diagnostic Waits									
Patients waiting 6 weeks or less for a diagnostic test	99.60%	98.70%	98.82%	99.15%	97.46%	98.26%	94.04%	72.57%	99%

Table 13: Performance against National Priorities

Table 13 shows the Trusts performance against key national priorities.

- C difficile the Trust recorded 79 cases of C difficile during 2020/21 which was under the target of 81 and this remains a focus for 2021/22.
- Urgent GP Referral for Suspected Cancer (62 day cancer wait target for first definitive treatment) – our year end performance was 75.52% against a target of 85%. Recovery plans are in place to support improvement in the patient pathway and performance.
- 4 hour Accident and Emergency waiting time target year-end performance was 83.45% against
 a target of 95%. Factors affecting the performance include an increase in acuity of patients and
 very high intensity users attending A&E. Capacity within the hospital during the winter period
 has affected patient flow. Recovery plans are in place to address such issues.
- Referral to Treatment (RTT) 18-week target our year-end performance was 63.20% which is below the national target of 92%. Recovery plans and trajectories are in place to address areas of concern.
- Diagnostic Waits (waiting 6 weeks or less) our year-end performance was 72.57% with a target of 99%. Recovery plans and trajectories are in place to address areas of concern.

Annex 1: Statements from Clinical Commissioning Groups and Healthwatch and Scrutiny of Health

Healthwatch Middlesbrough and Healthwatch Redcar and Cleveland Pioneering Care Partnership Pioneering Care Centre Carer's Way Newton Aycliffe DL5 4SF

Tel: 0800 118 1691

Email: healthwatchsouthtees@pcp.uk.net

www.healthwatchmiddlesbrough.co.uk www.healthwatchredcarandcleveland.co.uk



Dear David,

Healthwatch South Tees response to South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Quality Account 2020-2021

Healthwatch South Tees (HWST) is pleased to have the opportunity to again comment on the STHNHSFT Quality Account however, this is a large document and to enable adequate perusal of its content by external interested parties, sufficient time must be allowed for this to take place in future, otherwise their ability to produce meaningful comment becomes very much limited.

Overall, this report reflects the high standards of care the area has grown to expect from this healthcare institution. None-the-less, we would make the following comments, given below:

Healthwatch South Tees comments:

There is an abundant use of acronyms, although these are initially defined, it is time consuming to repeatedly go back and find the definition in the text. It would be helpful if there could be a separate page of definitions.

The section on patient safety is broken into sections, each with its measures of success and end of year progress, few of which are quantified against previous years and so it becomes difficult to establish how much progress has actually been made. This is particularly illustrated in the section ensuring patients that have a safe, effective, and timely discharge (page 38).

Perhaps the "end of year progress" is really an aspiration, this is not at all clear. However, it is pleasing to see the action proposed/taken with regard to patient communication which we are aware has been a particular issue of concern during the pandemic period, when it is likely to have been exacerbated by associated staff shortages.

It is good to see so many departments within the Trust engaging in so much local and national clinical audit, which is likely to result in benefit for patient care. Similarly, participation in the 'Getting it Right First Time Programme' by a variety of departments with more planned in the future can only be of benefit for patient care. Hopefully, such participation will lead to a reduction in the number of services currently requiring enhanced surveillance (page 57).





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Healthwatch South Tees commented on the Trust's quality report last year, noting that following the CQC inspection in 2019, the Trust received an overall rating of 'requires improvement' and the inspection report contained 26 'must do' recommendations and 22 'should do recommendations. This year's report states that only one of the 'must do' recommendations are now reported to be 'off track' (page 66; compliance with mandatory training) and we note that work is continuing to ensure the action plan to remedy this is fully implemented.

With regard to reporting against core indicators, it is concerning to observe that the Summary Hospital Level Mortality Indicator continues to show a mortality rate above the national average, despite events peculiar to 2020/21, although it is recognised that this will in part be a reflection of the Trust's catchment population. However, it is pleasing to note that the reduction in re-admissions of adult patients within 28 days of discharge seen in 2016/17 continues to be maintained. Unfortunately, this is not shown to be the case in children where the trend shown in figure 14 (page 80) appears to be upward. Healthwatch South Tees also notes that patient's experience of their stay in the Trust's hospitals appears to be positive (page 81).

The Trust continues to perform well in prevention of cases of Clostridium difficile infection but perhaps it should be mentioned that this organism, although of importance, may be regarded as a proxy for hospital acquired infection as a whole, which might be shown in more detail.

Healthwatch South Tees is pleased to see that pressure ulcers have been identified as a quality priority because of their impact on the quality of life as lived by many frail and older people suffering from long term conditions. Also, that the increasing trajectory of falls shown over the past few years (page 89) is being addressed as a priority because of the impact this must have on length of stay and the subsequent impact this has on the health of the patients concerned.

In the section on performance against key national priorities (page 120), Healthwatch South Tees hopes to see a reduction in the numbers waiting more than 62 days for definitive treatment following urgent GP referral for suspected cancer and, a reduction in the numbers of those waiting more than six weeks for a diagnostic test by the time of next year's quality report.

The proportion of patients waiting more than four hours in A & E prior to admission, transfer or discharge over the past year may be a reflection of the numbers accessing A & E and the difficulties some patients have had in accessing primary care services. This is an issue currently under investigation by Healthwatch South Tees.

We hope that you find our comments useful and help to inform areas to consider over the next 12 months.

Kind Regards

Lisa Bosomworth

Healthwatch South Tees Development & Delivery Manager





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E-mail: suepeckitt@nhs.net Direct Tel: 01723 343675 Reference: 1358-2021-SP-JLS York House, Scarborough Town Hall St Nicholas Street Scarborough North Yorkshire YO11 2HG

Website: www.northyorkshireccg.nhs.uk

19 July 2021

Tel: 01723 343660

Dr Hilary Lloyd Chief Nurse South Tees NHS Foundation Trust The Murray Building The James Cook University Hospital Marton Road Middlesbrough TS4 3BW

Dear Hilary

Re: 2020-21 Quality Account for South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Many thanks for the submission of the South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Quality Account. This details what the Trust has done to improve the quality of our commissioned services in 2020/21 and how you intend to make further improvements during 2021/22. North Yorkshire Clinical Quality Group (NYCCG) welcome the opportunity to review and are pleased to provide a response statement for the Trust's Quality Report for 2020/21. It is noted that the Quality Account is in draft and some information is awaiting therefore NYCCG comments are on the draft account. This draft Quality Account has been reviewed in accordance with the Department of Health and Social Care (Quality Accounts) Amendment Regulations 2017.

This report has been shared with key individuals across NYCCG and their views have been collated into my response. As Commissioners of healthcare, we are committed to ensuring the provision of high-quality services for our population and take seriously our responsibility to commission services that not only meet quality and safety standards, but also listen and respond to patient feedback to help inform service developments.

Firstly, we would like to take this opportunity to thank all staff at the Trust for their hard work and dedication during the on-going COVID19 pandemic, which we acknowledge has had an impact on the achievement of some of the priorities and targets set for 2020/21. The system response to this issue has been incredible and seen a requirement for a flexible approach to patient care and we would like to express our appreciation to South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust for your part in the local NHS and wider system response.

Overall NYCCG considers the draft Quality Account of 2020/2021 to be a fair reflection of the Trust performance and acknowledges the progress made to improve patient safety, outcomes and experience.













NHS North Yorkshire Clinical Commissioning Group Head Office, 1 Grimbald Crag Court, St James Business Park, Knaresborough, HG5 8QB Clinical Chair: Dr Charles Parker Accountable Officer: Amanda Bloor



The key successes and challenges of the priorities are clearly reflected in the draft Quality Account. NYCCG note the achievements that have been made against the priorities set by the Trust for 2020/21 and accept that due to the pandemic and system pressures some have been transferred to 2021/22. We welcome the plans to monitor the performance.

NYCCG particularly notes:

- The Trust's commitment to the new National Patient Safety developments and this
 includes notably the future development of the Patient Safety Incident Response
 Framework. The CCG would welcome involvement in the workstream of identifying
 the category of incidents that the Trust chooses to investigate, and the level of
 investigation required. The improvement and investment in achieving the
 performance in incident reporting and the continuing work to improve the quality of
 the investigation report is noted
- The Trust acknowledging that they have not had any further surgical never events and the work that they have instigated to support safe surgical practice. The CCG would welcome continued involvement with the remaining categories of reported never events that have caused concern. It is recognised that there is ongoing work to try and reduce this figure and it has been set as a quality priority for the forthcoming year with a target to train 90% of staff in Human Factors. The CCG acknowledges the "Just Culture", Freedom to Speak Up Guardian and Empathic Listeners approach that the Trust continues to adopt which encourages staff to speak up facilitating a culture of openness, learning, support and fairness.
- Whilst the Trust acknowledge that due to Covid the publication Quality & Strategy will be delayed, there is adequate evidence within the quality report to provide assurance that feedback from the CQC inspection has led to the formation of a new Leadership and Safety Academy/strategy.
- It is positive to see the achievements of the STAQC process despite the pressures that the clinical teams have been exposed to during the pandemic.
- Patient experience especially within the outpatient departments and the complaints process. The CCG is assured that the focus has remained on this important aspect of care provision and that despite national guidance of a step-down approach to the complaint timescales the Trust chose not to implement this and maintained compliance.
- NYCCG notes the significant improvement work taken by the Trust following the CQC inspection report in 2019 in which the Trust received a 'requires improvement' rating. We acknowledge the commitment towards the longer term need for a wider program of change and improvement and is pleased to be working with the Trust to deliver improvements to quality and safety of patient care in a partnership approach.













NHS North Yorkshire Clinical Commissioning Group Head Office, 1 Grimbald Crag Court, St James Business Park, Knaresborough, HG5 8QB

> Clinical Chair: Dr Charles Parker Accountable Officer: Amanda Bloor



NYCCG welcome the opportunity to review the draft Quality Account and confirm that the account is a fair reflection of the Trust performance and acknowledges the progress made to improve patient safety and experience despite the challenges brought about by the ongoing pandemic. The key successes and challenges of the 2019/20 quality priorities are reflected in the draft Quality Account. We look forward to continued partnership working to ensure that there remains a coordinated, collaborative approach towards safeguarding the quality and safety of services provided to our patient population, whilst developing new ways of working to deliver improvements across pathways of care that have local impact especially relating to both the Friarage Hospital and the Friary.

Yours sincerely

Spanit

Sue Peckitt Chief Nurse NHS North Yorkshire CCG suepeckitt@nhs.net













NHS North Yorkshire Clinical Commissioning Group Head Office, 1 Grimbald Crag Court, St James Business Park, Knaresborough, HG5 8QB Clinical Chair: Dr Charles Parker Accountable Officer: Amanda Bloor



Councillor David Coupe Chair, Middlesbrough Council's Health Scrutiny panel C/o Town Hall Middlesbrough TS1 9FT

Ian Bennett – Deputy of Quality and Safety

17 July 2021

Dear lan,

SOUTH TEES HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST QUALITY ACCOUNT 2020/21

Comments from a meeting of Middlesbrough Council's Health Scrutiny Panel held on 13 July 2021 in respect of the South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Quality Account 2020-21.

The Health Scrutiny Panel welcomed the opportunity to consider and comment on the quality of services at the Trust.

The Health Scrutiny Panel has met previously with Trust representatives to consider the Trust's quality priorities and overall performance, and is grateful to representatives of the Trust for attending and discussing the key features of the 2020-21 Quality Account.

The Panel was aware of the challenges faced by the Trust, notably the actions following the CQC's inspection in July 2019, as well as the ongoing pressures brought about by the Covid Pandemic. Nevertheless, it was greatly impressed by the Trust's achievements and the hard work, commitment and dedication of its staff during such unprecedented times.

The Panel was particularly impressed the Trust has been able to deliver ground breaking services, such as procedures involving MitraClip in Cardiothoracic operations despite the confines of Covid restrictions. The Panel was also extremely pleased to see that the Care Quality Commission's recent inspection of the Trust's Radiology services found it was offering one of the best in the Country.

The move to making the Trust clinically led was evident and the Panel were very reassured that patient safety remains a high priority. The Panel was pleased to hear that, through initiatives such as *Getting it Right First Time* and *Freedom to Speak Up*, extensive organisational development continued with all staff to ensure incident reporting, organisational learning and overall transparency was improved.

The Panel were extremely pleased to hear that zero surgical *never events* had been recorded in 2020-21, compared to the previously recorded eight instances in 2019/20. It

was also assured that the Trust was not complacent in this regard and that ongoing actions were being taken to maintain this record, including placing the importance of reporting *near-miss* events.

In terms of performance against the national priorities; Members were concerned about the number of indicators not achieving their targets, some by significant margins. While there were mitigating circumstances for this, and this pattern was reflected in other Trusts, Members were keen to see improvements against all performance indicators in the next Quality Account document.

The Panel was pleased that the number of complaints and PALS enquiries had fallen since 2019/20, although appreciated this could be attributed to a reduction in patients visiting the Trust during the Pandemic. However, the Panel was reassured that despite changes to the complaints process, including the use of Microsoft Teams to engage with complainants, patients continued to receive robust complaint responses.

It is evident the Trust has continued to provide exceptional services with regards to Covid testing and issuing PPE, with 134,000 Covid Swabs tests and the delivery of one million aprons, four million facemasks and seven million pairs of gloves. The Panel was also pleased to hear that, before the programme moved to Primary Care, James Cook hospital had administered 71,000 vaccines. Due to this work, the Panel acknowledges that the Trust has also provided significant support to the wider health and care system.

As with previous reports, the Panel felt that the Trust is well prepared for coping with further waves of COVID-19, and had confidence in the Trust's medium to long term plans.

The Quality Account Priorities for 2021/22 were identified as below.

Safety

- Increase incident reporting by 10% per year. This will also mean an increase in incidents reported to the NRLS.
- Reduce the occurrence of Incidents with Harm by training 90% of relevant staff in Human Factors
- Develop and Implement a robust plan for the organisation to move over to the new Patient Safety Incident Response Framework when it is published and launched in 2022
- Clinical effectiveness (Measuring, Accrediting, Discharging)
 - To develop and implement a Quality & Safety Strategy for the trust
 - Identify and reduce unwanted variation by participating in the Getting it Right First Time (GIRFT) programme and implementing recommendations
 - To continue delivering the trust's end of life strategy and use local and national data sources to identify areas for improvement for mortality
 - Complete all relevant NICE quality standards assessments in order to:
 - Understand the priority areas to focus on quality improvement
 - Identify potential areas for local audit
 - Identifying
 - Ensure patients have a safe, effective and timely discharge

Patient experience (Collecting, Responding, Improving)

- Reduce the incidence of avoidable category 3 and 4 pressure ulcers in order positively impact on patients who are most at risk
- Establish a trust-wide inclusive patient experience user group which represents the diverse range of patients who come into contact with our services
- Using always events methodology, Improve the patients' experience in the area of letters and written communication to above 90% through a 'task and finish' groups.

The Panel is supportive of the 2021/22 priorities and looks forward to continuing to receive updates on progress during the year ahead.

Finally, the panel wishes to place on record its gratitude for the tremendous amount of work that has taken place over the last year by staff across the Trust.

Yours sincerely,

Councillor David Coupe

Chair of Middlesbrough Council's Health Scrutiny Panel

Owe Course

Hello David

Thank you for sharing your Draft Quality Account with me. As we haven't undertaken any specific work with the public / patients attending South Tees Hospitals over the past year (I only came into post in September) we don't have any specific comments to make on your accounts.

Hopefully next year.

Ashley Green

Chief Executive Officer Healthwatch North Yorkshire

Annex 2: Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the quality report

The directors are required under the Health Act 2009 and the National Health Service (Quality Accounts) Regulations to prepare Quality Accounts for each financial year.

NHS Improvement has issued guidance to NHS foundation Trust boards on the form and content of annual quality reports (which incorporate the above legal requirements) and on the arrangements that NHS foundation trust boards should put in place to support the data quality for the preparation of the quality report.

In preparing the Quality Report, directors are required to take steps to satisfy themselves that:

- The content of the Quality Report meets the requirements set out in the NHS Foundation Trust Annual Reporting Manual 2017/18 and supporting guidance;
- The content of the Quality Report is not inconsistent with internal and external sources of information including:
- Board minutes and papers for the period April 2020 to May 2021
- Papers relating to Quality reported to the Board over the period April 2020 to May 2021
- Feedback from North Yorkshire CCG requested 08/07/2021
- Feedback from Healthwatch South Tees requested 08/07/2021
- Feedback from Healthwatch North Yorkshire requested 08/07/2021
- Feedback from the Health Scrutiny Panel, Middlesbrough Council requested 08/07/2021
- Feedback from the Governors dated 17/07/2021
- The 2020 national staff survey 14/09/2020
- The Head of Internal Audit's annual opinion over the Trust's control environment not required for 2020/21.
- CQC inspection report dated July 2019
- the Quality Report presents a balanced picture of the NHS foundation Trust's performance over the period covered;
- the performance information reported in the Quality Report is reliable and accurate;
- there are proper internal controls over the collection and reporting of the measures of performance included in the Quality Report, and these controls are subject to review to confirm that they are working effectively in practice;
- the data underpinning the measures of performance reported in the Quality Report is robust and reliable, conforms to specified data quality standards and prescribed definitions, is subject to appropriate scrutiny and review; and
- the Quality Report has been prepared in accordance with NHS Improvement's annual reporting manual (which incorporates the Quality Accounts regulations) (published at www.monitor-hsft.gov.uk/annualreportingmanual) as well as the standards to support data quality for the preparation of the Quality Report.

The directors confirm to the best of their knowledge and belief they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the Quality Report.

SOUTH TEES HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST

Date....... 27/07/2021

Neil Mundy, Interim Joint chair

Date...... 27/07/2021 Sue Page, Chief Executive

Annex 3: How to provide feedback on the accounts

We welcome feedback on this report and suggestions for the content of future reports.

If you wish to comment please go to the Quality Accounts page on the Trust website (www.southtees.nhs.uk).

Annex 4: Glossary of terms

18 Week RTT (Referral to Treatment)

This refers to the right to start your consultant-led treatment within a maximum of 18 weeks from referral, unless you choose to wait longer, or it is clinically appropriate that you wait longer. The Trust monitors this monthly.

A&E

Accident and emergency (usually refers to a hospital casualty department).where patients attend for assessment

Acute

A condition of short duration that starts quickly and has severe symptoms.

Allied Health Professional (AHP)

Professionals (other than nurses) who work in health care teams to make the health care system function by providing a range of diagnostic, technical, therapeutic and direct patient care and support services that are critical to the other health professionals they work with and the patients they serve.

Aseptic Non Touch Technique (ANTT)

The Aseptic Non Touch Technique (ANTT®) is the standard intravenous technique used for the accessing of all venous access devices regardless of whether they are peripherally or centrally inserted.

Assurance

Confidence, based on sufficient evidence that internal controls are in place, operating effectively and objectives are being achieved.

Black, Asian and minority ethnic (BAME)

All ethnic groups except White ethnic groups; it does not relate to country origin or affiliation.

Better Care Fund (BCF)

The national fund was set up to support moving resources into social care and community services and to support the avoidance of admissions to hospital.

Board of Directors (of Trust)

The role of the Trust's board is to take corporate responsibility for the organisation's strategies and actions. The chair and non-executive directors are lay people drawn from the local community and accountable to the Council of Governors. The chief executive is responsible for ensuring that the board is empowered to govern the organisation and to deliver its objectives.

Care Quality Commission (CQC)

The Care Quality Commission (CQC) replaced the Healthcare Commission, Mental Health Act Commission and the Commission for Social Care Inspection in April 2009. The CQC is the independent regulator of health and social care in England. It regulates health and adult social care services, whether provided by the NHS, local authorities, private companies or voluntary organisations. Visit: www.cqc.org.uk

Clinical audit

Clinical audit measures the quality of care and services against agreed standards and suggests or makes improvements where necessary.

Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG)

These are NHS organisations set up by the Health and Social Care Act 2012 to organise the delivery of NHS services in England. They are clinically led groups that include all of the Practitioner groups in their geographical area with the aim of giving GPs and other clinicians the power to influence commissioning decisions for their patients. These organisations are overseen by NHS England and manage primary care commissioning, including holding the NHS Contracts for GP practices.

CUR (Clinical Utilisation Review)

The CUR is a clinical decision support tool that enables clinicians to make impartial and objective, evidence-based assessments of whether patients are receiving the right care, at the right place, at the right time and for the right duration. It improves patient flow across the health economy.

Clinician

Professionally qualified staff providing clinical care to patients.

Commissioners

Commissioners are responsible for ensuring adequate services are available for their local population by assessing needs and purchasing services. Clinical Commissioning Groups are the key organisations responsible for commissioning healthcare services for their area. They commission services (including acute care, primary care and mental healthcare) for the whole of their population, with a view to improving their population's health.

Commissioning for Quality and Innovation (CQUIN)

'High Quality Care for All' document included a commitment to make a proportion of providers' income conditional on quality and innovation, through the Commissioning for Quality and Innovation (CQUIN) payment framework.

Consultant

Senior physician or surgeon advising on the treatment of a patient.

Council of Governors

The Governors help to ensure that the trust delivers services which meet the needs of patients, carers, staff and local stakeholders.

Criteria Led Discharge (CLD)

The lead clinician for a patient's care identifies the clinical criteria for their discharge. These criteria are discussed with the patient and the multi-disciplinary team and are recorded. A competent member of the multi-disciplinary team then discharges the patient when the clinical criteria for discharge have been met.

Datix

IT system that records healthcare risk management, incidents and complaints.

Daycase

Patient who is admitted to hospital for an elective procedure and discharged without an overnight stay.

Department of Health

The Department of Health is a department of the UK government but with responsibility for government policy for England alone on health, social care and the NHS.

Duty of Candour

The duty of candour is a statutory (legal) duty to be open and honest with patients (or 'service users'), or their families, when something goes wrong that appears to have caused or could lead to significant harm in the future. It applies to all health and social

care organisations registered with the regulator, the Care Quality Commission (CQC) in England.

Echocardiogram (ECG)

An echocardiogram is a test that uses ultrasound to evaluate your heart muscle and heart valves.

Elective

A planned episode of care, usually involving a day case or in patient procedure.

Electronic Patient Record

Digital based notes record system which replaces a paper based recording system. This allows easier storage, retrieval and modifications to patient records.

Electronic Prescribing System

Allows prescriptions to be transmitted and populated electronically, replacing paper and faxed prescriptions.

Emergency

An urgent unplanned episode of care.

Escherichia coli (E. coli)

E. coli is a Gram-negative, facultative anaerobe, rod-shaped, coliform bacterium of the genus Escherichia that is commonly found in the lower intestine of warm-blooded organisms.

Falls:

A fall is defined as an unintentional/unexpected loss of balance resulting in coming to rest on the floor, the ground, or an object below knee level.

Finished Consultant Episode

An NHS term for a consultant episode which has ended due to discharge, transfer or death. A consultant episode is the time a patient spends in the continuous care of one consultant using hospital site or care home bed(s) of one health care provider or, in the case of shared care, in the care of two or more consultants.

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Foundation Trust

A type of NHS Trust in England that has been created to devolve decision-making from central government control to local organisations and communities so they are more responsive to the needs and wishes of their local people. NHS foundation Trust's provide and develop healthcare according to core NHS principles – free care, based on need and not on ability to pay. NHS Foundation Trusts have members drawn from patients, the public and staff, and are governed by a Board of Governors comprising people elected from and by the membership base.

Gastroenterology

The branch of medicine that deals with disorders of the stomach and intestines.

Governance

A mechanism to provide accountability for the ways an organisation manages itself.

GNBSI (Gram negative blood stream Infections)

A group of blood stream infections that include Escherichia coli (*E.coli*), Klebsiella spp. and Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

HCAI

Health care associated infections. These are infections that are acquired as a result of healthcare interventions. There are a number of factors that can increase the risk of acquiring an infection, but high standards of infection control practice minimise the risk of occurrence.

Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership

The Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership was established in April 2008 to promote quality in healthcare, and in particular to increase the impact that clinical audit has on healthcare quality in England and Wales. It is led by a consortium of the Academy of Medical Royal Colleges, the Royal College of Nursing and national voices.

Healthwatch

Healthwatch are the national consumer champion in health and care. They have been given significant statutory powers to ensure the voice of the consumer is strengthened and heard by those who commission, deliver and regulate health and care services.

Hospital Episode Statistics (HES)

Hospital Episode Statistics is the national statistical data warehouse for England of the care provided by NHS hospitals and for NHS hospital patients treated elsewhere.

Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio (HSMR) - this is a standardised tool for measuring mortality and is calculated using the ratio of observed (O) to expected (E) deaths. The observed number of deaths for a hospital is the sum of the actual number of deaths in that hospital.

HSMR (Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio)

This is a scoring system that works by taking a hospital's crude mortality rate and adjusting it for a variety of factors – population size, age profile, level of poverty, range of treatments and operations provided, etc. It is possible to calculate two scores – the mortality rate that would be expected for any given hospital and its actual observed rate.

IAPT (Improving Access to Psychological Therapies)

Services that provide evidence based treatments for people with mental health issues, for example anxiety and depression.

Inpatient

Patient requiring an overnight stay in hospital.

Interventional Endoscopy

Is a minimally invasive procedure that involves the use of a thin, flexible tube (or scope) that is equipped with a camera and light at its tip.

Interventional Radiology (IR)

Interventional Radiology" (IR) refers to a range of techniques which rely on the use radiological image guidance (X-ray fluoroscopy, ultrasound, computed tomography [CT] or magnetic resonance imaging [MRI]) to precisely target therapy. Most IR treatments are minimally invasive alternatives to open and laparoscopic (keyhole) surgery. As many IR procedures start with passing a needle through the skin to the target it is sometimes called pinhole surgery.

LocSSIP (Local Safety Standards for Invasive Procedures)

These are local processes/procedures in place to reduce the number of patient safety incidents related to invasive procedures, in which surgical 'Never Events' can occur.

Malnutrition Universal Screening Tool (MUST)

'MUST' is a five-step screening tool to identify adults who are malnourished, at risk of malnutrition (under nutrition), or obese. It also includes management guidelines which can be used to develop a care plan. It is used in hospitals, community and other care settings and can be used by all care workers.

MAR (Medicine Administration Record)

A report that serves as a legal record of the medicines administered to a patient by a health care professional.

Medical Examiners

Review the death at time of death certification or referral to Coroners. Their work includes contact with the team that cared for the patient at time of death, review of case records and contact with the family to see if they have any questions or concerns.

Medworxx

Patient flow management system used in South Tees

Meridian

IT programme that facilitates Trust-wide data collection via surveys and audits.

Multidisciplinary Team (MDT)

A multidisciplinary team is a group of health care workers who are members of different disciplines (professions e.g. doctors, nurses, physiotherapists etc.), each providing specific services to the patient.

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR)

The NIHR (National Institute for Health Research) funds health and care research and translate discoveries into practical products, treatments, devices and procedures, involving patients and the public in all our work. NIHR ensure the NHS is able to support the research of other funders to encourage broader investment in, and economic growth from, health research. NIHR work with charities and the life sciences industry to help patients gain earlier access to breakthrough treatments, and train and develop researchers to keep the nation at the forefront of international research.

National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence (NICE)

The National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence is an independent organisation responsible for providing national guidance on promoting good health and preventing and treating ill health. Visit: www.nice.org.uk

NCEPOD

National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death. The website for more information is http://www.ncepod.org.uk/

National Patient Survey Programme

The National Patient Survey Programme, coordinated by the Care Quality Commission, gathers feedback from patients on different aspects of their experience of recently received care, across a variety of services/settings.

NHS Improvement (NHSI)

NHS Improvement is responsible for overseeing foundation trusts and NHS trusts, as well as independent providers that provide NHS-funded care. It supports providers to give patients consistently safe, high quality, compassionate care within local health systems that are financially sustainable

NEQOS (North East Quality Observatory Service)

Provides quality measurement for NHS organisations in the north east (and beyond), using high quality expert intelligence in order to secure continually improving outcomes for patients.

NEWS2

This is the latest version of the National Early Warning Score (NEWS), first produced in 2012 and updated in December 2017, which advocates a system to standardise the assessment and response to acute illness.

NRLS (The National Reporting & Learning System)

The National Reporting and Learning System (NRLS) is a central database of patient safety incident reports. Since the NRLS was set up in 2003, the culture of reporting incidents to improve safety in healthcare has developed substantially.

Overview and Scrutiny Committees

Since January 2003, every local authority with responsibilities for social services (150 in all) has had the power to scrutinise local health services. Overview and scrutiny committees take on the role of scrutiny of the NHS – not just major changes but the on-going operation and planning of services. They bring democratic accountability into healthcare decisions and make the NHS more publicly accountable and responsive to local communities.

PALS (Patient Advice and Liaison Service)

A service that offers confidential advice, support and information on health-related matters. They provide a point of contact for patients, their families and their carers.

Patient Reported Outcome Measures (PROMs)

PROMs measure a patient's health status or health-related quality of life at a single point in time, and are collected through short, self-completed questionnaires. This health status information is collected from patients through PROMs questionnaires before and after a procedure and provides an indication of the outcomes or quality of care delivered to NHS patients.

Payment by Results

Is a system of paying NHS healthcare providers a standard national price or tariff for each patient seen or treated.

Plan Do Study Act (PDSA)

This is model for improvement that provides a framework for developing, testing and implementing changes leading to improvement. It is based in scientific method. The use of PDSA cycles enables changes to be tested on a small scale, building on the learning from these test cycles in a structured way before wholesale implementation. This gives stakeholders the opportunity to see if the proposed change will succeed and is a powerful tool for learning from ideas that do and don't work. This way, the process of change is safer and less disruptive for patients and staff.

Pressure Ulcer

A pressure ulcer is localised damage to the skin and/or underlying tissue, usually over a bony prominence (or related to a medical or other device), resulting from sustained pressure (including pressure associated with shear). The damage can be present as intact skin or an open ulcer and may be painful.

Providers

Providers are the organisations that provide relevant health services, for example NHS Trust's and their private or voluntary sector equivalents.

Regulations

Regulations are a type of secondary legislation made by an executive authority under powers given to them by primary legislation in order to implement and administer the requirements of that primary legislation.

Research

Clinical research and clinical trials are an everyday part of the NHS. The people who do research are mostly the same doctors and other health professionals who treat people. A clinical trial is a particular type of research that tests one treatment against another. It may involve either patients or people in good health, or both.

Risk

The possibility of suffering some form of loss or damage or the possibility that objectives will not be achieved.

Risk Assessment

The identification and analysis of relevant risks to the achievement of objectives.

RCA (Root Cause Analysis)

Is a systematic process for identifying "root causes" of problems or events including serious incidents to prevent a recurrence.

Schwartz Rounds

Schwartz Rounds are group reflective practice forums giving staff from all disciplines an opportunity to reflect on the emotional and social aspects of working in healthcare.

Secondary Uses Service (SUS)

The Secondary Uses Service is designed to provide anonymous patient-based data for purposes other than direct clinical care such as healthcare planning, commissioning, public health, clinical audit and governance, benchmarking, performance improvement, medical research and national policy development.

Service user

An individual who uses a health care service, including those who are not in need of treatment, such as blood donors, carers or those using screening services.

SMART (Specific, Measurable, Agreed, Realistic, Time-bound)

Used in objective setting, ensuring objectives are clear and easy to understand, whilst making sure they provide clear goals.

STAQC (South Tees Accreditation for Quality of Care)

STAQC is a ward / department accreditation programme which brings together key measures of nursing and clinical care into one overarching framework.

STRIVE (South Tees Research, innovation and education)

Is the academic centre at South Tees for research, innovation and education. The centre also includes library services.

Summary Hospital-level Mortality Index (SHMI)

The Summary Hospital-level Indicator (SHMI) reports mortality at Trust level across the NHS in England using standard and transparent methodology. It looks at deaths following hospital treatment which take place in or out of hospital for 30 days following discharge and is based on all conditions.

South Tees Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Includes The Friarage Hospital **(FHN)** and James Cook University Hospital **(JCUH)** and community services in Hambleton, Richmondshire, Middlesbrough, Redcar and Cleveland.

Ultrasound

Ultrasound is a type of scan that uses sound waves to produce images of the inside of your body. It's used to detect changes in the appearance, size or outline of organs, tissues and vessels, or to detect abnormal masses, such as tumours.

Urinary Catheter

A urinary catheter is a latex, polyurethane or silicone tube that is inserted in to the patient's bladder to allow urine to drain freely from the bladder for collection.



MEETING OF THE COUN	ICIL OF GOVERNORS – 1	4 SEPTEMBER 2	021
Succession planning			AGENDA ITEM: 13 ENC 7
Report Author and Job Title:	Jackie White Head of Governance	Responsible Director:	
Action Required	Approve ⊠ Discuss □ (select the relevant action	required)	
Situation	The Nomination Committee has reviewed the balance of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of the Non-executive Directors, and having regard to the views of the Board of Directors, the recent review of performance of the non executive directors and relevant guidance on board composition, make recommendations to the Council of Governors with regard to the outcome of the review.		
Background	The Constitution of South Tees Hospitals NHS Trust sets out that the Council of Governors shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience of the Board. This has been undertaken on behalf of the Council of Governors by the Nomination Committee who has set out a number of recommendations for consideration.		
Assessment	A review of the skill mix and composition of the Board of Directors has been undertaken by the Vice Chair and Company Secretary. The Vice Chair has undertaken the appraisal process for the NEDs which was presented to the Nomination Committee at their meeting in July 2021. The Committee has also taken into account the diversity of the Board.		
Recommendation	Members of the Council of recommendations as follows:		sked to approve the
	The appointment of Mr Re from 1 August 2021.	dpath to a full NE	D position with effect
	The appointment of Ms Re	eape for a second	term of office.
Does this report mitigate risk included in the BAF or Trust Risk Registers? please outline	There are no risk implication	ons associated wi	th this report.
Legal and Equality and Diversity implications	There are no legal or equal with this paper. The Board constituted.	•	
Strategic Objectives (highlight which Trust	Best for safe, clinically effective care and experience ⊠	ective A great place	ce to work 🗵



Strategic objective this	Deliver care without	Make best use of our resources ⊠
report aims to support)	boundaries in collaboration	
	with our health and social care	
	partners ⊠	
	A centre of excellence, for core	
	and specialist services,	
	research, digitally-supported	
	healthcare, education and	
	innovation in the North East of	
	England, North Yorkshire and	
	beyond ⊠	



People Committee Chair's Log

Meeting: People Committee	Date of
	Meeting: 26
	August 2021

Key topics discussed in the meeting

- Next phase of development and the risks within the BAF
- Education update
- Organisational development and management training update
- Outcome of Ofsted inspection of apprenticeship provision and ongoing work to determine the best provider to deliver excellent education
- Proposals related to the development of medical apprenticeships for information
- Report of the Guardian of Safe Working
- HEENE Update report
- Allied Health Professionals workforce review
- Performance report

Actions	Responsibility / timescale
 The value of leadership and management development to safety and quality is noted with encouragement to explore mechanisms to maximise attendance The Director of Education was encouraged to investigate how to undertake an evaluation of the whole OD and Leadership Programme to give assurance that the investment in time and money is contributing to improvement in safety and quality and resource management The continued programme of the Schwarz rounds was welcomed 	Ms Winnard / share with QAC as assurance Ms Winnard
 Work to develop a response to the delivery of apprenticeships to continue 	Ms Winnard
 Noted the timeline and process for the AHP workforce review Noted the performance report and asked for an "exception" comment in future on areas where a trajectory of improvement is not apparent 	Mrs Metcalf

Escalated items

There were no matters to escalate to Board



Risks (Include ID if currently on risk register)	Responsibility / timescale
 The People Committee reviewed the BAF. A number of assurance documents were received. The Committee rated the overall assurances as Amber. Timelines for the BAF were noted, but in respect of the ongoing risks for the medical and AHP workforce the Committee asked for an interim report on current shortages and risks associated Congratulations offered to the Medical Education team for the very positive feedback from the quality visits from Newcastle Medical School and the Northern Foundation School Welcomed the report from the (relatively) new Guardian of Safe Working Dr Skeath and his observations on how the system can be further improved 	Dr Lal and Ms Mhalanga



Quality Assurance Committee Chair's Log

Meeting: Quality Assurance Committee Date of Meeting: 31 August 2021	
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Key topics discussed in the meeting

- CQC update
- Never Events and SI report
- BAF
- IPR
- Cycle of business
- COVID update

Actions	Responsibility / timescale
 Clinical Harm review – Ophthalmology update in September; Clinical Harm review – process would be reported through DATIX Never events – thematic review being undertaken with clinical engagement of new patient safety ambassadors IPR – further explore use of SPC within IPR Level of assurance process to be proposed by SLT 	Sam Peate Hilary Lloyd Rob Harrison Jackie White, Hilary Lloyd & Michael Stewart

Escalated items

• National Blood bottle shortage – risk to Trust being managed effectively

Risks (Include ID if currently on risk register)	Responsibility / timescale
The Quality Assurance Committee reviewed the BAF. A number of assurance documents were received. • Timelines for the BAF were noted, with a number of	
gaps outstanding The number of gaps had been reduced since the last report	





COUNCIL OF GOVERNORS SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING FORMAL MEETINGS AND TRAINING EVENTS UP TO MARCH 2023

DATE/TIME	FORMAL COUNCIL MEETING (Governors are asked to mark out 10.00am to 4.00pm from 2022)	VENUE
Tuesday 14 September 2021 10.30 – 1.30pm	Development Session – Quality & Safety Timing – 10.30 – 11.30am Council of Governors meeting 11.30 – 1.30pm	Microsoft Teams Microsoft Teams
Tuesday 9 November 2021 11.30 – 1.30pm	Council of Governors meeting 11.30 – 1.30pm	Board Room, Friarage Hospital Northallerton
Tuesday 18 January 2022 10.00 – 4.00pm	Development Session/Walkabouts 10.00 – 1.00pm LUNCH – 1.00 – 1.30pm Council of Governors meeting 1.30 – 4.00pm	Board Room, 2 nd Floor Murray Building, JCUH



DATE/TIME	FORMAL COUNCIL MEETING (Governors are asked to mark out 10.00am to 4.00pm from 2022)	VENUE
Tuesday 15 March 2022 10.00 – 4.00pm	Development Session/Walkabouts 10.00 – 1.00pm LUNCH – 1.00 – 1.30pm Council of Governors meeting 1.30 – 4.00pm	Board Room, 2 nd Floor Murray Building, JCUH
Tuesday 17 May 2022 10.00 – 4.00pm	Development Session/Walkabouts 10.00 – 1.00pm LUNCH – 1.00 – 1.30pm Council of Governors meeting 1.30 – 4.00pm	Board Room, 2 nd Floor Murray Building, JCUH
Tuesday 19 July 2022 10.00 – 4.00pm	Development Session/Walkabouts 10.00 – 1.00pm LUNCH – 1.00 – 1.30pm Council of Governors meeting 1.30 – 4.00pm	Board Room, 2 nd Floor Murray Building, JCUH



DATE/TIME	FORMAL COUNCIL MEETING (Governors are asked to mark out 10.00am to 4.00pm from 2022)	VENUE
Tuesday 20 September 2022 12.00 – 4.00pm	Annual Members Meeting Timing – 12.00 – 12.45am LUNCH – 1.00 – 1.30pm Council of Governors meeting 1.30 – 4.00pm	lan Haslock Lecture Theatre STRIVE, JCUH Board Room, 2 nd Floor Murray Building, JCUH
Tuesday 15 November 2022 10.00 – 4.00pm	Development Session/Walkabouts 10.00 – 1.00pm LUNCH – 1.00 – 1.30pm Council of Governors meeting 1.30 – 4.00pm	Board Room, Friarage Hospital Northallerton
Tuesday 17 January 2023 10.00 – 4.00pm	Development Session/Walkabouts 10.00 – 1.00pm LUNCH – 1.00 – 1.30pm Council of Governors meeting 1.30 – 4.00pm	Board Room, 2 nd Floor Murray Building, JCUH



DATE/TIME	FORMAL COUNCIL MEETING (Governors are asked to mark out 10.00am to 4.00pm from 2022)	VENUE
Tuesday 21 March 2023 10.00 – 4.00pm	Development Session/Walkabouts 10.00 – 1.00pm LUNCH – 1.00 – 1.30pm Council of Governors meeting 1.30 – 4.00pm	Board Room, 2 nd Floor Murray Building, JCUH